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KING, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

STATE CAPITAL.

Change in Terms of Court.

PRINTING BILL.

Extra Clerk Hire.

SALARY BILL.

The Auditor's Report.

NEW REGISTRY LAW.

Deer Park and Game Laws

AGRICULTURAL REPORTS.

The Spring Elections.

[Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 9, 1871.

SENATE.

SUNDRY PETITIONS.

Numerous petitions for constitutional reform, local option liquor law, and prohibition of intoxicating drinks on election days, were presented.

Mr. GRAHAM presented one from the Tarentum Teachers' Institute, for compulsory education.

CHANGE IN TERMS OF COURT.

Mr. GRAHAM introduced a bill changing the term of the Northern District Supreme Court to the first Monday of October, and of the Western District to the third Monday of September, to continue ten weeks, if necessary, which is supported by a petition from the Pittsburgh bar.

THE INSURANCE BILL

was made the special order for next Wednesday week.

PRINTING BILL VOTE RECONSIDERED.

Mr. BUCKALEW moved a reconsideration of the vote of yesterday, killing the public printing bill. Carried, and consideration postponed till to-morrow.

THE COAL BILL.

The Bituminous Mining bill was made the special order for next Tuesday week.

ORDERED PRINTED.

Five hundred copies of the Civil Code Commissioner's report were ordered printed.

EXTRA CLERKS.

The bill appropriating fourteen hundred dollars apiece annually for three extra clerks in the Land Department passed.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY SALARY BILL.

The Allegheny County Salary bill was reported from the committee as it passed the House.

Afternoon.—The public calendar was made the special order.

REGISTRY LAW.

A supplement to the Philadelphia registry law, giving the majority and minority an equal number of Return Judges, Canvassers and Inspectors, passed to a second reading by a party vote, the Democrats voting aye.

DEER PARK AND GAME PRESERVATION.

The Bill allowing the courts to incorporate the Deer Park and Game Propagating Association passed.

REGULATING THE DEVISE LAWS.

The bill providing that where a husband devises an estate to his second wife, and she dies intestate, the estate shall be divided also among the children by the former wife. Passed.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DUTIES.

The bill giving the Adjutant General charge of the documents of the Washington Military Agency was passed.

AGRICULTURAL REPORTS.

The bill for the publication of the seventh volume of transactions of the State Agricultural Society, and collection of the same, not to cost over two thousand dollars, was passed with an amendment by Mr. White, covering the transactions of the Pennsylvania Fruit Growers' Society, and reports of the three experimental farms of the Pennsylvania Agricultural College was passed, Mr. RUTAN opposing the bill as extravagant, and Messrs. GRAHAM and ANDERSON voting no.

RECORD OF DEEDS.

The bill providing for recording deeds in Orphans Courts was passed.

SPRING ELECTIONS.

Mr. RUTAN called up his bill restoring the spring elections throughout the Commonwealth, which passed finally, by a unanimous vote, excluding Philadelphia.

HOUSE.

LECTURE BY A COLORED CITIZEN.

Mr. STRONG moved to allow the house to T. Morris Chester, colored, on the evening of the nineteenth of February, for a lecture entitled "An Evening with Royalty." Carried.

CIVIL CODE REPORT TO BE PRINTED.

Mr. MILLER moved that two thousand copies of the civil code Commissioners report be printed. Mr White opposed, and a discussion followed. The resolution was carried.

APPORTIONMENT COMMITTEE.

Mr. ELLIS, (Dem.) moved an increase of the Apportionment Committee to twenty-one. Carried.

ANOTHER PRINTING BILL.

Mr. SMITH, of Philadelphia, introduced a bill regulating the State printing, providing that after July 1st, 1871, the contractor shall do all printing for legislature departments and institutions, under contract to be made next March with the lowest bidder, extra articles to be paid for by averaging the rates of three publishing houses. Referred.

AUDITOR'S REPORT ON PRINTING.

The Auditor General, in obedience to a Legislature resolution, made the following report on the cost of Public Printing—1868, printing $35,789 81—paper $34,616 69; 1869, printing $50,[illegible] 25; paper $43,107 85; 1870; printing $33,950, 47; paper $38,464 46. Total $246,153 43 not including the History of the Pennsylvania Volunteers, twenty thousand volumes of which will cost at least five dollars per volume.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The House occupied all the afternoon on the Constitutional Convention bill, the Democrats offering amendments and the Republicans sustaining the bill as heretofore reported. The bill finally passed to a second reading.

MR. RUTAN ERRONEOUSLY REPORTED.

A special dispatch to Pittsburgh on the proceedings of Wednesday's Senate, represents Mr. RUTAN as voting with the Democrats on every vote on public printing, which is a mistake. He advocated the amendments of Messrs. Olmsted and White. When these amendments failed, he said the bill as reported by the committee, he was informed, would save the State forty per cent. on the present rates, and this bill left it to the Auditor General to fix the rate, and having full confidence in his integrity, he would vote for the bill in the present emergency, but hoped before another letting of the contract, a better bill would be passed. The bill has no political significance, both of the lowest bidders being Democrats, and the members voting indiscriminately. The bill will now probably pass.

OMAHA, NEB.

Investigation Into the Acts of State Officials—Lively Times Expected—Stock Stolen by Indians—Also Two Men Murdered by the Same—Barbarous Atrocities.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OMAHA, NEB., February 9.—A Lincoln special says the concurrent resolution instructing the Attorney General and Treasurer of State to demand from Governor David Butler the immediate repayment of the five per cent. fund taken in violation of law, was passed to-day. The Legislature has adjourned to March 15th to give the committee time to investigate the official acts of the Governor and other State officials and Land Commissioners during the past three years. To complete the investigation a large number of persons are being summoned, and lively times are anticipated.

Fifty head of cattle were stolen from a herd on Horse Creek, near Pine Bluffs, yesterday. It is supposed that the thieves were Indians.

A grand public meeting is in progress here to-night. Speeches are being made by public men of every party, and church dignitaries.

The weather continues cloudy, with a slight snow fall.

A general court martial is ordered to convene at Fort D. A. Russell on February 13.

A letter from Muscle Shell, Montana, January 18th, gives an account of the killing of J. K. Ross and Charles McKnight, near there, on the 11th by a party of thirty or forty Indians, who murdered them, and shot them full of arrows, and cut them horribly with knives.

Deep snows on all the divides in Idaho and Montana.

41ST CONGRESS.

(THIRD SESSION.)

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, February 9, 1871.

SENATE.

RAILROAD ON ROCK ISLAND.

Mr. WILSON, from the Military Committee, reported a substitute for the bill authorizing the construction of a horse railroad across Rock Island, Ill., and the United States bridges connecting the cities of Davenport, Iowa, and Rock Island, Illinois, therewith. The substitute was adopted, specifying conditions for the work, and placing it under the supervision of the Secretary of War. Passed.

COMMISSIONERS OF EDUCATION.

Mr. ANTHONY, from the Committee on Printing, reported a resolution to print twenty thousand copies of the report of the Commissioners of Education, which was taken up.

Mr. BAYARD opposed the resolution, because if the Representatives reports were as false in regard to other States as in the case of Delaware, they should not be disseminated.

OATH TO SOUTHERN SENATORS.

Upon completion of the morning orders, Mr. TRUMBULL moved to take up the bill specifying the form of oath to be taken by Mr. Miller, Senator from Georgia.

Mr. EDMUNDS said the bill would lead to debate, and hoped it would not be taken up, and that the appropriation bill would now be considered.

Mr. TRUMBULL thought it due to the State of Georgia and the party claiming the seat, that the question should be settled at once, in view of the delay that had already occurred in the admission of that State.

MIXED SCHOOLS IN DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The morning hour here expired and the bill relating to mixed schools in the District of Columbia came up as unfinished business.

Mr. COLE moved to postpone the bill, so as to take up the appropriation bill. A vote being taken on the motion to postpone unfinished business was agreed to. A rising vote showed a majority opposed to proceeding with the appropriation bill.

Mr. COLE called for the ayes and nays on the motion.

Mr. SHERMAN expressed surprise that the Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, Mr. Trumbull, should antagonize the question removing disabilities, and incline against important appropriations, particularly as that Senator would not vote for individual disability bills.

Mr. TRUMBULL explained that this was not a disability bill. Mr. Miller labored under no disability, but could not take the test oath and it was necessary that a modified oath should be prescribed for him.

Mr. THURMAN contended that the appropriation bills were to be pressed on the state of Georgia which paid part of the taxes, and was entitled to have her representatives in the Senate to watch her interests. Mr Edmunds replied that if Georgia wanted to be represented she should elect men who were not disqualified for office. After further discussion it was agreed that the case of Milier should be considered on Monday next.

SOUTHERN OUTRAGES COMMITTEE.

Under a resolution recently adopted, Mesars Stewart and Blair were appointed by the Vice President, additional members of the Investigating Committee on Southern outrages. Mr. Stewart at his own request was released from service on the Committee, and the Chair was authorized to fill the vacancy.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES.

Committees of Conference were adopted, as follows: On the 1812 pension bill, Messrs. Howell, Edmunds and Davis; on the West Point Appropriation bill, Messrs. Cole, Wilson and Blair.

MEXICAN STEAMSHIP SUBSIDY.

Mr. KELLOGG moved that Monday evening be set apart for the Mexican Steamship Subsidy bill.

Mr. FENTON said, that without expressing any opinion as to the merits of the different propositions, he thought the importance of the interests involved in the proposed subsidies demanded recognition. He was in favor of assigning the entire day for determining the policy to be pursued in that regard.

LEGISLATIVE, JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE.

Without disposing of the motion, the Senate on motion of Mr. Cole, acting Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, took the Legislative, Judicial and Executive appropriation bill and amendments, reported from the Committee on Appropriations, which were severally discussed; the first increasing the clerical force in the office of the Secretary of Senate from six to fourteen in number. This was opposed on economical grounds and rejected.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

Mr. BLAIR—To extend the time of completing the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad, and for other purposes. Referred.

Mr. SHERMAN—To promote the construction of the Cincinnati and Southern Railroad, giving the company incorporated in Ohio, a national charter to construct and maintain a railroad and telegraph line from Cincinnati to Chattanooga, Tennessee. Referred.

Mr. SUMNER—To provide for the payment of compensation to collectors of internal revenue, appointed under the Act of 1862, whose terms expire by constitutional limitation at the beginning of the next session of Congress. Referred.

TREATY COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

The motion of Mr. HOWARD requesting the President to transmit copies of the report and accompanying documents of the Commissioner on the part of the United States to carry into effect the first article of the treaty with Great Britain of June 15, 1846.

MILITARY DEPOT AT FORT LEAVENWORTH.

The motion of Mr. POMEROY, calling on the Secretary of War for information concerning appropriations for enlarging the Government buildings and making extensive accomodations for a Military Depot at Fort Leavenworth.

MISSISSIPPI BRIDGES.

Mr. CHANDLER from the Committee on Commerce reported without amendment the bill in relation to bridges across the Mississippi River and providing that all Railway bridges below St. Paul, Minn., shall be open on equal terms to the trains of all Railroad Companies, desiring to use them.

At 2:35 P. M. the Senate went into Executive Session.

The Senate remained in Executive Session till 5 P. M., and then adjourned.

HOUSE.

HOMEOPATHY AGAIN.

Mr. WARD presented the petitions of the Homeopathic Physicians for incorporation of a National Homeopathic University at Washington.

GEORGIAN REPRESENTATIVE SWORN.

Mr. WHITELEY, member elect from the Second District of Georgia, presented himself and took the office oath.

THE INCOME TAX BILL.

Mr. HOOPER moved to go into the Committee of the whole on the general calendar, with the object of reaching the bill to repeal the income tax.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Wisconsin, gave notice that he would move in that Committee, to take up the naval appropriation bill.

The Speaker stated that it would be in order for Mr. Washburne to move that the committee proceed to the consideration of the Naval Appropriation bill.

Mr. HOOPER moved that all general debate end in one minute.

Mr. DAWES appealed to Mr. Hooper not to persist in his attempt to get at the Income Tax bill. It could not be reached that way. He should let the regular appropriation bills be proceeded with. The yeas and nays were called on the question to limit the debate to one minute, and it was agreed to—yeas 168, nays 85.

The question was then taken on the motion to go into Committee on the General Calendar, in order to take up the bill to repeal the income tax, and resulted in yeas 103, nays 107. So the House refused to go into committee.

A TEST QUESTION.

The vote was regarded as a test question of the House in regard to the repeal of the income tax. There was a great amount of excitement among members on the roll-call, and before the announcement of individual votes and changes of votes affecting the result, there was laughter, and it was several minutes before order was restored.

The following is the vote in detail: *Yeas*—Messrs. Ames, Archer, Armstrong, Asper, Axtell, Ayer, Bailey, Banks, Benjamin, Bennett, Bethune, Biggs, Bingham, Bowen, Boyd, Brooks, of Massachusetts, Brooks, of New York, Buffinton, Butler of Massachusetts, Butler of Tennessee, Calkin, Churchill, Clark of Texas, Clark of Kansas, Cleveland, Cook, Cowles, Cox, Cullom, Dawes, Darrell, Dixon of Rhode Island, Dockery, Farnsworth, Ferry, Fitch, Garfield, Getz, Gilfillan, Haight, Haldeman, Hamill, Hamilton of Florida, Hill, Hoge, Holmes, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Ingersoll, Jencks, Judd, Julian, Kelly, Kellogg (Conn.), Ketcham, Knott, Logan, Lynch, Maynam, Moore (Ill.), Moore (N. J.), Money, Morrissey, Myers, Niblock, O'Neill, Orth, Pierce, Peters, Phelps, Porter, Potter, Price, Randall, Reeves, Rogers, Roots, Sanford, Sargent, Scofield, Sheldon (La.), Shaber, Slocum, Starkweather, Stevenson, Stiles, Stone, Stroder, Strong, Severn, Sypher, Taylor, Trimble, Twitchell, Upson, Van Wyck, Ward, Washburne (Wis.), Washburne (Mass.), Wells, Wilson, Wood and Young—103.

Nays—Adams, Allison, Arnell, Alwood, Barry, Beaman, Beatty, Beck, Benton, Blair, Brooks, Buck, Bickley, Burchard, Burdett, Burr, Cessna, Cobb (Wis.), Coburn, Conger, Conner, Crebs, Dickey, Dickenson, Dix, Duke, Dyer, Ela, Ferry, Finkelenburg, Fisher, Gibson, Hale, Hawley, Hay, Hays, Hoar, Holman, Jones (North Carolina), Jones (Kentucky), Kelsey (N.Y.), Kerr, Lash, Lawrence, Lewis, Long, Loughridge, Manning, Marshall, Maynard, McCarthy, McCormick, McCreary, McGrew, McNeely, Mercer, Meiner, Moore of Ohio, Morgan, Morphis, Morrell of Maine, Negley, Packard of Indiana, Packer of Pennsylvania, Paine of Mississippi, Palmer, Peck, Platt, Poland, Pomeroy, Prosser, Rainey, Rice, Sawyer, Schumaker, Shanks, Sheldon of New York, Smith of Ohio, Smith of Oregon, Stevens, Stokes, Stoughton, Strickland, Sweeney, Sherrard, Taffee, Tanner, Tillman, Townsend, Tyner, Van Auken, Van Horn, Van Trump, Voorhees, Wallace, Wilder, Wheeler, Whitman, Wilkinson, Willard, Williams, of Indiana, Wilson of Ohio, Wirans, Witcher, Wolf and Woodward. 107.

BROOKLYN NAVY YARD BILL.

The remainder of the morning hour was occupied in discussion of the bill for the removal of the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Mr. Ketcham modifying his substitute previously offered, appointing Commissioners to investigate the question of removal, by withdrawing the names of the Commissioners, and leaving the appointment with the President.

NAVAL APPROPRIATIONS.

The House at half past two o'clock went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Cox in the chair, on the naval appropriation bill.

At three o'clock the Committee rose, and the death of the late Mr. Covode of Pennsylvania, was announced.

Mr. KELLEY of Pennsylvania delivered the following eulogy on the deceased.

Mr. KELLEY. Mr. Speaker, we have again been painfully reminded that there is an appointed time to man on earth, and that he is consumed, and vanisheth away as the cloud. When on Friday, the 6th of January, he left Washington for a brief visit to Philadelphia and Harrisburg, few of us appeared to have a firmer hold on life or the more assured promise of a green and comfortable old age than my late colleague, Hon. JOHN COVODE. Descending from ancestors on either side whose lives had been prolonged beyond the allotted period, endowed with a robust and muscular frame, and having enjoyed singular immunity from disease, he was happy in the thought that at the expiration of this Congress he was to return to private life and devote his energies to the promotion of several enterprises in which his interests and feelings were engaged. But it was not so appointed. He was not to return to his place in this Hall; and the execution of his cherished purposes was to be confided to other hands.

From Philadelphia he went with his younger sons to West Chester, Pennsylvania, to place them in the excellent academy in which they had been receiving those educational advantages of which untoward circumstances had deprived their father. Accompanied by his wife he proceeded to Harrisburg on the 10th of January. He was in the enjoyment of his usual vigorous health, and passed the evening in cheerful intercourse with friends assembled at its capital from the several quarters of his native state. Expecting to take the early morning train, he retired early and slept, free from apprehension of the dread summoner. About three o'clock he was awaked by a severe pain about the heart. What wife and friends and medical skill could do for his relief was done: but in less than two brief hours the strong man feebly gasped the words: "I am dying," and passed beyond the sphere of temporal trials and triumphs.

A distinguished citizen of Massachussetts, in the course of an elaborate article entitled "The Government and the Railroad Corporations," in the last number of the *North American Review*, in characterizing the people of Pennsylvania, says:

"They are not marked by intelligence. They are, in fact, dull, uninteresting, very slow, and very persevering. These are qualities, however, which they hold in common with the ancient Romans. And they possess also, in a marked degree, one other characteristic of that classic race, the power of organization, and through it of command. They have always decided our Presidential elections; they have always, in their dull, heavy fashion, regulated our economical policy; their iron-masters have, in truth, proved iron-masters indeed, when viewed by other localities through the medium of the protective system by them imposed. Not open to argument, not receptive of ideas, not given to flashes of brilliant execution, this State none the less knows well what it wants, and knows equally well how to organize to secure it."

The author of this paragraph would probable have found little to commend in the character and career of Mr. Covode, who was born in the mountainous wilds of Western Pennsylvania many years before that State had provided common schools for its children, and his childhood and youth were passed in toil on a farm and in a woolen mill. He had not studied the writings of Kant, Fichte or Hegel, or even made himself familiar with those of Carlyle or Emerson. But, ignorant as he may have been of the doctrine of intuitive perception and the body of transcendental philosophy, he had without these aids, attained such a knowledge of the uses of mineral nature, and the springs that animate, impel, or restrain men, as made him the welcome and trusted counselor when maturing their grandest projects, of men far more learned, brilliant and distinguished than himself. His letters contained no quotations from classic authors, but are replete with evidence of his sagacity, insight into the motives of men, masculine and matured judgment.

Mr. Covode was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, on the 17th of March, 1808. That his parentage was humble will be inferred from the fact that his grandfather, Garrett Covode, a native of Holland, was when a child kidnapped in the streets of Amsterdam by a sea-captain who brought him to Philadelphia and under then existing laws sold him into bondage as a "redemptioner," in which condition he was held for some years after coming to manhood. He was subsequently employed as a domestic servant in the household of General Washington. He died in 1826 at the advanced age of ninety-four years. The mother of Mr. Covode was a Quaker, and it is among the traditions of her family that two of her ancestors, together with a person named Wood, prepared and published a protest against the decision of William Penn recognizing the legality of African slavery. This protest is said to have been the first anti-slavery manifesto published in this country.

The first public office filled by Mr. Covode was that of justice of the peace for Ligonier and Fairfield townships, to which he was appointed by Governor Wolf before he was twenty-four years of age. Then, and in this humble office, it was that his neighbors bestowed upon him the *Sobriquet* of honest John Covode. His office, to which angry litigants were summoned, was in truth a court of conciliation, in which, regardless of the emoluments of office, the judge found his duty and pleasure in adjusting by compromise disputed claims between his neighbors and soothing their exasperations.

In 1845 he was nominated by the Whig conferees of the counties of Somerset and Westmoreland as the candidate of that party for State Senator. The district was largely Democratic and he was defeated, although he received several hundred more votes than any other candidate on the State or local ticket. At the next Senatorial election he was again nominated, and such was his personal popularity that though both counties gave large Democratic majorities for the general ticket, he came within fifty votes of election. In 1854 he was nominated for Congress by the Whigs of the nineteenth district, consisting of Westmoreland, Indiana, and Armstrong counties. His competitor had been returned at the preceding election by a large majority, but Mr. Covode led him 2,[illegible] votes, and was returned. This was the Thirty-Fourth Congress, and he was re-elected to the Thirty-Fifth, Thirty-Sixth and Thirty-Seventh.

On the 5th of March, 1860, Mr. Covode introduced a resolution providing for a Committee of five members of the House "for the purpose of investigating whether the President of the United States or any other officer of the government has, by money, patronage, or other improper means, sought to influence the action of Congress, or any Committees thereof, for or against the passage of any law appertaining to the rights of any State or Territory," &c.

Few who were engaged in the political struggles of those days will forget the industry, energy, and ability with which Mr. Covode conducted the investigation ordered by this resolution, or the influence his elaborate report had upon the public mind. The report was a thorough exposure of the corrupt appliances by which the Kansas-Nebraska legislation had been secured, and was soon in the hands of every Republican speaker or writer in the country.

Mr. Covode was twice married, and had three sons by his first marriage, all of whom he gave to the country upon the breaking out of the war. George, the eldest son, rose by gradual and well-won promotion, to the rank of Colonel, and was killed while leading his regiment at the battle of St. Mary's Church, in 1864. The youngest, Jacob, pined for more than eighteen months in the loathsome and pestilential pen provided for Union prisoners at Andersonville. He still lives a broken and prematurely old man. Mr. Covode's industry and enterprise had meanwhile secured him an ample competence, and with his sons he was ready to devote this, too, to his country; and while bankers and capitalists were doubting the propriety of investing in the war loan about to be issued, the telegraph informed the people that John Covode had apprised the Secretary of the Treasury of his purpose to take $50,000 of the forthcoming bonds.

He was a member of the joint Committee on the Conduct of the War. To the labors of this committee he devoted himself with untiring zeal until the 4th of March, 1863, when, having declined a nomination, he retired from Congress. Availing himself of the knowledge Mr. Covode had thus acquired, and of his quick perception of the motives of men, President Johnson requested him to make a tour of observation through the unreconstructed States and report his conclusions and the general facts upon which they were based. But observing the change that had taken place in the views and purposes of the President he soon returned and submitted a report, which was never made public, though the House called upon the President for a copy thereof.

Mr. Covode having refused to be a candidate, the district was represented by a Democrat, Hon. John L. Dawson, in the Thirty-Eighth and Thirty-Ninth Congresses. Yielding to the demands of his party, he however accepted a nomination for the Fortieth, and was returned by a handsome majority, and was, after a contest by Hon. Henry D. Foster, also awarded a seat in the Forty-First Congress. His influence was not confined to his county or congressional district. It was felt throughout the State, not only in politics, but in all measures projected for the development of its boundless material resources. Having been appointed to the position in 1869, and conducted the campaign that resulted in the re-election of General Geary, he was at the time of his death chairman of the Republican State Central Committee.

In comparatively early manhood he became the owner of the woolen mill in which he had been employed when a boy. He watched with interest our progress in the manufacture of textiles and labored to promote their diversification and perfection. But his mill did not offer an adequate field for his activity. He took a conspicuous part in promoting the construction of internal improvements by which the seaboard should be connected with the then opening West, and on the completion of the Pennsylvania canal, engaged largely in the business of transportation. He was also a liberal and energetic promoter of the construction of the Pennsylvania Central railroad. On the completion of this road to Lockport, where he lived and superintended his mill, he concentrated his stock upon the western sections of the canal, and engaged in forwarding to and from Pittsburgh the rapidly increasing freight moved by the railroad. About this time he also organized the Westmoreland Coal Company, which has developed the immense deposits of gas coal that underlie in such affluence his native hills. By this operation he added to the wealth of every farmer in the county, for the army of stalwart men now earning liberal wages by mining and handling this coal is so numerous that it gives them a steady home market; not only for the cereals, but the minor productions of the farm which will not bear extended transportation.

Mr. Speaker, what I have said is sufficient to show that Mr. Covode was a man of power and a useful citizen. He had long been a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was faithful in all the relations of life, and his story may be read with profit by the youth of the country. Born subject to those "twin jailers of the daring heart, low birth and iron fortune," and receiving the benefits of but the smallest opportunities for early culture, he mastered fortune, commanded the confidence of his neighbors and fellow citizens, and secured for his name an honorable place in his country's history, and by originating and promoting beneficent enterprises wrote it enduringly on the hills and in the homes of his native county. He left a wife and seven children to mourn his sudden death. The results of his provident care surround them, and their sorrow is alleviated by the confident assurance that he who was so fondly devoted to them has entered upon the rewards that are earned by a well-spent life.

The House then, as a mark of respect for deceased adjourned.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

Bill to Protect Boarding House Keepers—Railroad Signals, Rates of Fare and Freight.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

COLUMBUS, February 9.—A bill was introduced in the Senate to protect boarding house keepers by giving them a lien on the effects of boarders.

A bill was introduced in the House to require railroad companies to keep targets and target lights at all crossings, also a bill to classify the local laws of Ohio.

A bill passed the House regulating the rates charged by railroads for transporting passengers and freight.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

FROM EUROPE.

THE ELECTIONS!

Thiers One of the Successful!

TERMS OF PEACE!

Stringent Conditions!

LOSS OF TERRITORY!

Immense Indemnities!

INTERESTING FROM ENGLAND!

Opening of Parliament!

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH!

HER RECEPTION!

Mingled Cheers and Hisses!

AMERICAN CLAIMS COMMISSION!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

THE WAR.

RESULT OF THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.

HAVRE, February 8.—A dispatch says Thiers, Quentin, Buceaud and Cordea have been chosen to the National Assembly from the Department of the Seine. Inferieure, Havre and Lille have been carried by the Republicans.

FRANCE WITHDRAWS FROM THE ENGLISH TREATY OF COMMERCE.

The Paris *Presse* confirms the statement that France is to withdraw from the Treaty of Commerce with England.

Picard and Favre accept the candidatures for the National Assembly.

PARIS RETURNS THANKS FOR ENGLISH FOOD.

Paris dates of February 7 say that Favre has written a letter to the Lord Mayor of London expressive of the gratitude of the Government and people for food received from the metropolis of England, and says that the distress of Paris has been very great and still continues; but the city is tranquil.

A PROCLAMATION FROM NAPOLEON.

A Wilhelmshohe dispatch says Napoleon has issued a proclamation to the French people in reference to elections.

ENGLISH COMMISSION ON THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

[Special to New York World.]

LONDON, February 9.—Earl De Grey will sail for Washington to-morrow, as President of the Commission appointed to settle the Alabama claims.

OUTWORKS OF BELFORT CARRIED.

VERSAILLES, February 8.—General Von Freskow reports that the forces under his command now besieging Belfort, have carried some detached forts.

THIERS ELECTED TO THE ASSEMBLY.

LONDON, February 9.—Thiers is elected to the Assembly by an overwhelming majority, and his success exceeds all expectations.

SWITZERLAND GETS THE CASH.

BERNE, February 8.—The military chest of the French army of the East, containing 1,500,000 francs, has been surrendered to the Swiss Governments.

CODITIONS OF PEACE.

[Special to N. Y. Herald.]

Although the report of the terms demanded by the Prussians as conditions of peace are destitute of authority, there is good reason to believe it to be correct. Following are the conditions as reported: The cession of Alsace and sixty German square miles of Lorraine, which consists of four hundred and thirty-seven miles, the part of Lorraine to be ceded, to include Metz, the contribution of one and one-half milliards of francs for war expenses, thirty millions francs for captured ships, and forty millions francs for German workmen, clerks and small industrials, expelled from France, and a certain "rente" of a few millions on a limited time for crippled and maimed Germans and orphans caused by the war.

ENGLAND.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

LONDON, February 9.—Parliament re-assembled to-day. The following is the Queen's speech:

"MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN:—At an epoch of such moment to the future fortunes of Europe, I am especially desirous to avail myself of your counsels. The war which broke out in the month of July between France and Germany, has raged until within the last few days, with unremitting and likewise unexampled force, and its ravages may be renewed after but a few days more, unless moderation and forethought, prevailing over all impediments, shall sway the councils of both parties, whose well-being is so fatally concerned. At the time when you separated I promised constant attention to the subject of

NEUTRAL OBLIGATIONS,

and I undertook to use my best endeavors to prevent the enlargement of the area of war and contribute, if opportunity should offer, to the restoration of an early and honorable peace. In accordance with the first of these declarations, I have maintained the right, and strictly discharged the duties of neutrality.

THE SPHERE OF WAR

has not been extended beyond the countries originally engaged. Cherishing with care the cordiality of my relations with the belligerents, I have foreborne from whatever might have been construed as gratuitous or unwarranted interference between the parties, neither of whom had shown a readiness to propose terms of accommodation such as would bear a promise of acceptance by the other. I have been unable on more than one occasion to contribute towards placing the representatives of the contending countries in confidential communication, but until famine compelled the surrender of Paris, no further result had been obtained. The armistice now being employed in the convocation of the Assembly in France, has brought about a pause in the constant accumulation on both sides, of human suffering, and had re-kindled a hope of complete accommodation. I pray this suspension may result in a peace compatible, for the two great and brave nations involved, with security and honor, and likely, therefore, to command the approval of Europe, and give hopes of long duration. It has been with concern that I found myself unable to accredit myself with an ambassador in a formal manner to the Government of defense which has existed in France since the revolution of September, but neither the harmony or efficiency of the correspondence between the two States has been in the slightest degree impaired. The King of Prussia accepted the title of Emperor of Germany at the instance of the chief authorities of the nation. I have offered him my congratulations on the event which bears testimony to the solidity and independence of Germany, which I trust may be conducive to the stability of the European system.

TREATIES RESPECTED.

I have endeavored, in my correspondence with the other powers of Europe, to uphold the sanctity of treaties. In case of any misapprehensions as to the binding character of their obligations, it was agreed by the powers which had been parties to the treaty of 1856, that a conference should meet in London.

THE CONFERENCE.

This conference has now been for some time engaged in its labors, and I confidently trust the result of its deliberations will be to uphold both the principles of public right and the general policy of the treaty, and at the same time by a revision of the same, and its conditions in a fair, conciliatory spirit, to exhibit a cordial co-operation among the powers with regard to the Levant.

REGRETS THE ABSENCE OF THE FRENCH COMMISSIONER.

I greatly regret that my earnest efforts have failed to procure the presence at conference of any representative of France, which was one of the chief parties of the treaty of 1856, and which must ever be regarded as a principal and indispensable member of the great Commonwealth of Europe.

COLONIAL MATTERS.

At different times local questions of importance have arisen, which are not yet adjusted and which naturally affect the relations between the United States and Territories and people of British North America.

THE FISHERY QUESTION.

One of them in particular, which concerns the fisheries, calls for early settlement, lest possibly the indiscretion of individuals should impair the neighborly understanding which it is on all grounds so desirable to cherish and maintain. I have therefore engaged in

AMICABLE COMMUNICATION

with the President of the United States, in order to determine the most convenient mode of treatment of these matters. I have suggested the appointment of a

JOINT COMMISSION,

and have agreed to the proposal of the President, that this Commission shall be authorized at the same time and in the same manner to resume the consideration of American claims growing out of the circumstances of late war.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS INCLUDED.

This arrangement will by common consent, include all claims for compensation which have been, or may be made by each government or citizen on the other.

THE NEW SPANISH MONARCHY.

The establishment of a Prince of the House of Savoy, on the throne of Spain by the free choice of popularly elected Representatives of the Spanish nation, will, I trust, insure for a country which has passed with so much temperance and self-control, through a prolonged and trying crisis, the blessings of a stable Government.

THE GRECIAN MASSACRES.

I am unhappy not to be able to state that the inquiry which was instituted by the Government of Greece into the history of the shocking murders perpetrated during the last spring at Dilesi, has reached a termination answerable in all respects to my just expectations, but I shall not desist from my endeavors to secure the complete attainment of the objects of the inquiry. Some valuable results have, in the meantime been obtained in the exposure and repression of the lawless and corrupting system which has too long afflicted the Greek peninsula.

CHINESE MATTERS.

The anxiety which the massacre at Tientsin, on June 21st last, called for, has happily been dispelled, and while it will be my earnest endeavor to provide for the security of my subjects and their trade in these remote quarters, I count on your concurrence in the policy that I have adopted of recognizing the Chinese government as entitled to be dealt with in its relations with this country in a conciliatory and forbearing spirit.

PEACEFUL RELATIONS.

The Parliamentary recess has been one of anxious interest in regard to foreign affairs, but I rejoice to acquaint you that my relations are, as heretofore, those of friendship and good understanding with the sovereigns and States of the civilized world. The papers illustrative of the conduct of my Government in relation to the several matters on which I have now summarily touched, will be duly laid before you. In turning to

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

I have first to inform you that I have approved the marriage between my daughter, Princess Louise, and the Marquis of Lorne and I have declared my consent to this union in Council.

REVENUE MATTERS.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons: The revenue of the country flourishes, and the condition of trade and industry may, though with partial drawbacks, be declared satisfactory. The estimates for the coming year will be promptly laid before you.

My Lords and Gentlemen: The lessons of military experience afforded by the present war have been numerous and important.

MILITARY AND NAVAL MATTERS.

The time appears appropriate for turning such lessons to account, by efforts more decisive than heretofore, at practical improvement. In attempting this you will not fail to bear in mind the special features in the position of this country, so favorable to the freedom and security of the people, and if the changes from a less to a more effective and elastic system of defensive and military preparations, shall be found to involve at least for a time an increase of various charges, your prudence and patriotism will not grudge the cost as long as you are satisfied that the end is important and the means judicious. No time will be lost in laying before you a bill for the better regulation of the army and auxiliary land forces of the Crown, and I hardly need command it to your anxious and impartial consideration. I trust that the powerful interest at present attaching to affairs abroad, and military questions, will not greatly abate the energy with which you have heretofore applied yourselves to the work of general improvement in our domestic Legislation. I command anew—your attention to the several measures and subjects which I desired to be brought before you during the last session of Parliament, but which the time remaining at your disposal after you had dealt with the principal subjects of the year, was not found sufficient to carry to a final issue. I refer especially to the bills for

RELIGIOUS TESTS

in the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, on Ecclesiastical Titles, on Disabilities and Trade Combinations, on Courts of Justice and Appeal, on Adjustment of Local Business and on Licensing Houses for the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors.

NATIONAL SCHOOLS IN SCOTLAND.

A proposal is anxiously expected in Scotland for the adjustment of the question of primary education, with reference to training the young in schools on a national scale and basis. That portion of the country has especial claims on the favorable consideration of Parliament, and I trust the year may not pass by without your having disposed of this question by the enactment of a just and effective law.

THE CONDITION OF IRELAND

with reference to the Agrarian crime, has in general afforded a gratifying contrast with the state of that island during the preceding winter, but there have been painful exceptions. To secure the best results for the great measures of the last two sessions, which so recently passed into operation, and which involve such direct and pressing claims on the attention of all classes, of the community, a period of calm is to be desired, and I have thought it wise to refrain from suggesting to you at the present juncture, the discussion of any political question likely to become the subject of a new and serious controversy with that country. The burdens devolving upon you as the great council of the nation and this ancient and extended empire, are, and must long continue to be weighty, but you labor for a country whose laws and institutions have stood the test of time, and whose people, earnestly attached to them and desiring their continuance, will unite with their sovereign in invoking on all your designs the favor and aid of the Most High.

POPULAR FEELING TOWARD THE QUEEN.

The Queen, preceded by the Horse Guards, in passing through Whitehall to open Parliament to-day, was greeted with mingled cheers and hisses. The cheers were chiefly given by Germans. Extraordinary police precautions prevented disorder.

PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS.

The House of Lords met again at five o'clock.

The Marquis of Westminster moved the address to the Queen. Earl Roseberry seconded the motion. The Duke of Richmond hoped their Lordships would be unanimous in voting the address. The Lords adjourned.

In the House of Commons the address was moved by Major Hamilton, member from South Lancashire, and seconded by Samuel Morely, member from Bristol. D'Israeli made some remarks on the address, in the course of which he criticised the policy of the Government. He advocated armed neutrality and final pacification, which would exclude all germs of hostility. He lamented the inaction of the government last July, when it was able to influence both belligerents. The value of its efforts to procure the withdrawal of Prince Leopold from the candidacy for the Spanish throne could not but be admitted, but it was then possible for the Government to withhold France from war by hinting at an armed neutrality.

SCENES IN PARLIAMENT.

The Queen's presence was the cause of a large attendance and display outside, and within the House the ladies crowded the galleries, and many were on the floor. The Duke of Argyle, who appeared early in the session, was the object of undisguised curiosity. He was followed by the Lord Chancellor and members of foreign Legations. An Oriental Princess next appeared. She was magnificently arrayed in jewels and gorgeous robes, and attracted universal attention. The Queen arrived at two o'clock with her children. She wore black velvet. At the entrance of the Royal family the House rose. As soon as the Queen had taken her seat on the throne the Commons were summoned to the bar of the House, and came in with their usual scramble. The Lord Chancellor read Her Majesty's speech. At the conclusion of the reading the Queen departed, and Mr. Gladstone rose and gave notice of a bill altering religious tests. Mr. Cordwell gave notice of a bill providing for the reorganization of the army.

TURKISH TROOPS CONCENTRATING.

LONDON, February 9.—A Belgrade dispatch says that the Turkish Government is concentrating a large force on the Roumania frontier, and announces that they will remain while the treaty of Paris of 1856 is observed.

The people of England protest lustily against any grant of a dowry to Princess Louise on her marriage.

Halpin, the Fenian, sailed yesterday in the Siberia for America.

Mr. Bernard, Professor of International Law at Oxford, and Lord Tenterden, Assistant Secretary, accompany the Commissioners on the Alabama and fisheries questions.

ITALY.

THE TUNISIAN DIFFICULTY.

A Florence dispatch says that in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday, Venosta announced that the difficulty with the Tunis Government has not yet been adjusted. Italy was disposed to press the subject to an early issue. Speeches were subsequently made by several of the opposition strongly urging the sending of a fleet to Tunis.

HONORS TO THE POPE.

The Chambers have passed a bill assigning regal honors and a bodyguard to the Pope.

RUSSIA.

A SIGN OF PEACE.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 8.—Sir Alexander Buchanan, British Minister, leaves on Saturday on a prolonged leave of absence. This is considered as a symptom that the Eastern question has entered upon a peaceful phase, and that there is scarcely a possibility of trouble in that quarter.

MARINE NEWS.

STEAMER CRESCENT CITY WRECKED.

LONDON, February 9.—The Crescent City, from New Orleans on the 12th, went aground on the coast of Ireland, and it is feared she will become a total wreck. The passengers, crew and specie got ashore in safety.

The steamship Crescent City, lost on the coast of Ireland, is a new British vessel of that name.

QUEENSTOWN, February 9.—The steamship City of London, New York for Liverpool, touched this port this morning.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Sympathy with Fenian Exiles—Subscription to Railroads—A Lien on Real Estate.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, February 9.—A Committee has been appointed by the Lower House to-day, to draft resolutions expressive of the sympathy of the people of Missouri with the cause of Ireland, and to invite the Irish patriots recently arrived in this country to visit this state.

The House passed the bill for a Constitutional Convention.

The Senate passed a bill making personal property as well as real estate, liable for the payment of city and county subscriptions to Railroad corporations.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Andrew J. Bander, tried at Toledo, Ohio, for wife murder, was yesterday found guilty of manslaughter.

—Mr. George S. Benedict, one of the proprietors of the Cleveland *Herald*, was a victim of the late railroad disaster at New Hamburg.

—The blacksmith and machine shops of Whitaker & Phillips, at Toledo, Ohio, were destroyed by fire on Monday night. Loss $2,500. Insured.

THE CAPITAL.

Important Correspondence!

FISHERY QUESTION!

The Alabama Claims!

COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED!

An Equitable Settlement!

THE MISSING TENNESSEE!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, February 9, 1871.

COMMISSIONERS ON CLAIMS AGAINST ENGLAND.

The names of the Commissioners nominated by the President on the part of the United States, to adjust the claims with Great Britain, are contained in the President's confidential message to the Senate to-day. They are understood to be Secretary Fish, Minister Schenck, Judge Nelson of the Supreme Court, Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts, and Senator Williams. The Senate immediately after the reception of the message, went into Executive Session on the subject.

OFFICIAL FEARS FOR THE TENNESSEE.

The Washington *Chronicle* has the following, double leaded, at the head of its editorial columns this morning, and it is understood as expressing the opinion of both Secretary Robeson and Admiral Porter: "We dislike to raise groundless fears, but there is no use in concealing the fact that uneasiness is felt in regard to the safety of the United States steamer Tennessee, which left on the 6th inst. with the United States Commissioners bound for San Domingo. That some accident has occurred there can be no doubt, but we trust that whatever it may be, its ill effects will be confined simply to the delay in the voyage and to the vessel, and that all the passengers have escaped the perils of the deep."

The President sent to the Senate to-day a brief message, enclosing the following correspondence between Sir Edward Thornton and Mr. Fish:

Washington, January 26, 1871.—SIR: In compliance with instructions received from Earl Granville, I have the honor to state that Her Majesty's Government deem it of importance to the good relations which they are ever anxious should subsist and be strengthened between the United States and Great Britain, that a friendly and complete understanding should be come to, between the two governments, as to the extent of the rights which belong to citizens of the United States and Her Majesty's subjects respectively, with reference to the fisheries on the coasts of Her Majesty's possessions in North America, and as to any other questions between them, which may affect the relations of the United States towards those possessions. As the consideration of these matters would, however, involve investigations of a somewhat complicated nature, and as it is very desirable they be thoroughly examined, I am directed by Lord Granville to propose to the Government of the United States, the appointment of a joint high commission, which shall be composed of members to be named by each government. It shall hold sessions at Washington, and treat and discuss the mode of settling the different questions which affect the relations of the United States toward her Majesty's possessions in North America. I am confident this proposal will be met by your Government in the same cordial spirit of friendship which induced her majesty's Government to tender it, and I cannot doubt but in that case the result will not fail to contribute to the good relations between the countries, which I am convinced the Government of the United States, as well as her majesty's, equally have at heart. With assurances of the highest consideration, I am, sir, your most obedient humble servant.

EDWARD THORNTON.

To HAMILTON FISH.

Mr. Fish to Sir Edward Thornton.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, Feb. 30, 1871.

SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note to January 26, in which you inform me in compliance with instructions from Earl Granville, that her Majesty's government deems it of importance to the good relations which exist between the United States and Great Britain, that a friendly and complete understanding should be come to between the two governments, as to the extent of the right which belong to citizens of the United States and her Majesty's subjects respectively, with reference to the fisheries on the coast of her Majesty's possessions in North America, and as to any other questions between them which affect our relations toward these possessions; further that as the consideration of these questions would involve the investigation of a complicated nature, and as it is desirable that they be thoroughly examined, you are directed by Lord Granville to propose to the government of the United States the appointment of a joint high commission, which shall be composed of members to be named by each government, and shall hold its sessions at Washington. I have laid your note before the President, who instructs me to say that he shares with Her Majesty's government the appreciation of the importance of a friendly and complete understanding between the two governments with reference to the subjects specially suggested for the consideration of the commission, and finally recognizes the proposal. The President is, however, of the opinion that without the adjustment of a class of questions not alluded to in your note, the proposed high commission would fail in establishing permanent relations and a sincere, substantial and lasting friendship between the two governments, which in common with Her Majesty Government, he desires should prevail. He thinks that the removal of the differences which arose during the rebellion in the United States and which have existed since then, growing out of acts committed by several vessels, which gave rise to the claims generally known as the Alabama claims, will also be essential to the restoration of cordial and amicable relations between the two Governments. He desired me to say that should Her Majesty's government accept this view of the matter, and assert that this subject also may receive final and amicable settlement, this Government will, with much pleasure, appoint High Commissioners on the part of the United States, to meet those who may be appointed on behalf of Her Majesty's government, and will spare no efforts to secure at the earliest practicable moment, a joint and practicable arrangement of all questions which now stand in the way of an entire and abiding friendship between the two nations. I have the honor to be, with the highest esteem and consideration, sir, your very obediently,

(Signed,) HAMILTON FISH.

Sir Edward Thornton, K. C. B.

Sir Edward Thornton to Mr. Fish.

WASHINGTON, February 1, 1870.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 30th ult., and offer you my sincere and cordial thanks for the friendly and conciliatory spirit which pervades it. With reference to that part in which you state that the President thinks the removal of the differences which arose during the rebellion in the United States, which have existed since then, growing out of acts committed by several vessels, which have given rise to the claims generally known as the Albama claims, will be essential to the restoration of cordial and amicable relations between the two Governments, I have the honor to inform you, that I have submitted to Earl Granville the opinion thus expressed by the President of the United States, and the friendliness which I beg you to believe that I fully appreciate; that I am now authorized by his Lordship to state that it would give her Majesty's Government great satisfaction if the Alabama claims could be submitted to the consideration of the same high commission, by which her Majesty's Government have proposed that the questions relating to the British possessions in North America should be discussed, provided all other claims, both of British subjects and those of the United States, arising out of acts committed during the recent civil war in this country are similarly referred to the same commission. The expressions made use of in the name of the President in the above mentioned note with regard to the Alabama claims, convince me that the Government of the United States will consider it important that those causes of dispute between the two countries should also, and at the same time be done away with, and that you will enable me to convey to my Government the assent of the President to the addition which they thus propose to the duties of the Commission, and which cannot fail to make it more certain that its labors will lead to the removal of all the difficulties between the two countries. I have the honor to be, with the highest consideration, sir, your obecient, humble servent,

[Signed.] EDWARD THORNTON.

To Hon. HAMILTON FISH, Secretary, etc.

Mr. Fish to Sir Edward Thornton:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, February 3, 1871.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 1st inst., in which you inform me that you are authorized by Earl Granville to state that it would give her Majesty's Government great satisfaction if the claims commonly known by the name of the Alabama claims were submitted to the consideration of the same high commission to which her Majesty's Government have proposed that the questions relating to the British possessions in North America should be discussed, provided that all other claims both of British subjects and citizens of the United States, arising out of acts committed during the recent civil war in this country are similarly referred to the same commission. I have laid your note before the President and he has directed me to express the satisfaction with which he has received the intelligence that Earl Granville has authorized you to state that his Majesty's government has accepted the views of this government as to the disposition to be made of the so called Alabama Claims. He also directs me to say with reference to the remainder of your note, that if there be other and further claims of British subjects or American citizens, growing out of acts committed during the late civil war in this country, he assents to the propriety of their reference to the same high commission, but suggests that Congress shall consider only such claims of that description as may be presented by the Governments of the respective claimants, at an early day to be agreed upon by the Commissioners. I have the honor to be with the highest consideration, sir,

Your obedient servant,
HAMILTON FISH.

SIR EDWARD THORNTON, K. C. B.

DEBATE ON THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

In Executive Session of the Senate to-day, after the President's message and documents had been read, Mr. Sumner opposed the immediate confirmation of the commissioners. He thought it were better to let the subject go over until the documents should be printed and the Senate have time for their examination. Mr. Conkling replied, and also urged immediate confirmation. The debate took a wide range, involving the diplomatic relations and powers of the president, and merits of the plan proposed for adjustment of the questions between the two countries. The Senate adjourned after a session of two and a half hours, without coming to a conclusion, but will resume the consideration of the subject to-morrow.

NO NEWS FROM THE TENNESSEE.

The Navy Department received the following dispatch from the telegraph operator at Havana to-day: "I cannot trace the report of the loss of the Tennessee to any reliable source, and believe it to be an idle hoax. Our papers have not attended to the rumors. Key West advices say that no disastrous news has been received there of the Tennessee in naval or other circles."

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, February 9, 1871.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM RAILROAD DISASTER.

On two occasions yesterday the Hudson River Railroad narrowly escaped two accidents, in either of which the loss of life might have been terrible. About nine o'clock, as the pay-master's car was going north, passing the cut near Yonkers, the engine jumped from the track and lay right in the way of the down train for New York, which was coming rapidly along the other track. The engineer happily saw the state of affairs, and put on the brakes just in time to prevent a collision.

A later dispatch from New Hamburg says that the report that three more victims of the railroad disaster have been found is untrue. A fragment of the Buffalo sleeping car, in which death occurred, has just been raised from the water, and although rigid search has been made in the water no bodies have been found. It is the general belief that all the dead have been recovered.

REVOLTING INDIGNITIES—OFFICIAL INDIFFERENCE.

The *Tribune* says in regard to the railroad disaster: "It is a remarkable fact that none of the leading officials of the road have personally superintended the recovery of the slain, and that the bodies taken out have been subjected to the grossest indignities, and the personal effects recovered been stolen. Bodies have been dragged by means of ropes fastened around their waists over the ice, broken ties and snow to the morgue car, and tossed in like sheep. Ladies under-garments have been held up by boys and men, and ribald jokes passed on them. Half the village have possessed themselves of mementoes of the disaster, in the shape of clothing and even whole packages of baggage. All this has been done without the slightest interference by officials. Two or three well known thieves were put out of the place, but returned in a few hours. It is true there is a railroad policeman on the ground, but he is fishing for plunder like the rest."

YET ANOTHER.

The next escape from a terrible death approached almost exactly to the circumstances of the New Hamburg horror. The accommodation train which left the city at 10:15 A. M., came near being plunged into the Spuyten Duyvel Creek, through the carelessness of the watchman at that point. He had hoisted the signal that all was right there. Fortunately the engineer discovered that the draw was open just in time to stop the train from going down with its load of passengers.

THE FENIAN RECEPTION.

The Fenian exiles received a splendid ovation at Tammany Hall this afternoon, from members of the Tammany Society. Hon. Richard O'Gorman welcomed them in a happy speech. Col. Burke and O'Donavan Rossa responded appropriately. The procession, comprising Irish societies, and some militia regiments started afterwards. The programme was carried out to the very letter, with the exception of the colored members of the society, who were not in the place allotted them at the time of starting, neither could they be found anywhere. The procession was a grand one, and the ovation one of which the exiles must always be proud.

PRODUCE EXCHANGE AID THE FRENCH.

A meeting of the Produce Exchange, to take steps for the relief of the suffering population of France, was held this afternoon, at Exchange Hall, corner of Pearl street and Broadway. The speaker of the of the occasion was Rev. Dr. Bellows. His speech was full of pathos and fervid eloquence. There was a large attendance. Mr. Chas. H. Marshall occupied the chair, and introduced Mr. Wm. E. Dodge, who read a series of resolutions appropriate to the object of the meeting. A subscription list was then adhered to and $3,000 subscribed.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN COMMERCE.

From a tabular statement compiled in the Bureau of Statistics, it appears that prior to 1862, the tonnage of American vessels entered at the ports of the British Empire was double the tonnage of British vessels entered at the ports of the United States. But since 1865 the tonnage of British vessels entered at the ports of the United States has been double the tonnage of American vessels entered at the ports of the British Empire.

RAILROAD LAWSUITS.

In the case of the Erie Railroad Company vs. the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company, and Hudson River and New York Central Railroad Company, an appeal was argued to-day in the Supreme Court, general term, before Judges Barnard and Cardozo, from the order made prohibiting defendants from influencing travel in favor of the Hudson River and Central Railroad, to the damage of the Erie road. The order was declared non-appealable.

THE ALABAMA AND FISHERY QUESTIONS.

The *Tribune's* Washington correspondent says there is the best authority for saying that the Alabama claims and the fishery troubles are to be settled immediately. It is hinted in official circles that a Commissioner will be in Washington to-day with power to negotiate for a treaty.

FENIANS AND FUNDS.

Last night the Fenian party issued an address to their countrymen exhorting them to unite and harmonize themselves to aim at the reorganization of all the associations in one great National Society, and appealing for funds to effect the great object in view.

THE LATE DISASTER—MORE BODIES FOUND.

A Poughkeepsie dispatch received to-day says three more bodies were found amid the charred wreck at New Hamburg.

JAPANESE EMBASSY.

The Japanese Princess and delegation, numbering eighteen, have arrived at the Metropolitan hotel.

FRENCH FUNDS.

The Stock Exchange voted five thousand dollars for the relief of France.

ARRIVED.

The steamship Italy, from Liverpool.
Steamer Nevada, from Liverpool.

Nilsson—Explanation.

SHERMAN HOUSE, Chicago, Jan. 12, 1871.—*Messrs. Steinway & Sons:*

GENTLEMEN:—It is with much regret that I notice a card published in the papers, signed by me, and recommending another make of pianos than yours.

That card was brought to me by a Swedish acquaintance, who said it was not to be made public, but that my signing it would benefit a deserving person. I signed it, therefore, without even reading it; and now see that it recommends a make of pianos that I have not seen nor heard.

I can only say, in giving my real opinion, that the piano-fortes furnished by you for Concerts are magnificent instruments, and in every way quite equal to those made by the most celebrated manufacturers of Europe.

Respectfully, yours,
CHRISTINA NILSSON.

It is needless to remind our readers that the headquarters for the Steinway Pianos are at H. Kleber & Bros., 122 Wood street.

The Art of healing, as practiced by Dr. Sangrado in Gil Blas, consisted in free blood letting, and copious draughts of warm water. The method of the best modern practitioners is to *let* the blood *alone*, and to use moderately but steadily, Pier, Dannals & Co's cream ale.

RADICAL CURE Rupture Truss at Dr Keysers 167 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ FREE LECTURE—At the rooms of the Young Men's Christ an Association
THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING,
By Maj. WM. BREW,
Subject:—"Men for the Times."
fel0:m62

☞ MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL.
Wm. Mason Evans'
DICKENS READINGS,
Monday Evening, February 13, 1871.
LAST APPEARANCE!
DAVID COPPERFIELD and
BARDELL vs. PICKWICK.
fe9:m69

INGLESIDE SEMINARY—No. 1,532 SPRUCE STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
Mrs. GERTRUDE J. CARY, Principal. The *Thirty-fourth Session* of this English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies will commence Feb. 1. Classes re-formed in January. Circulars sent on application. fel0:m55

CHARCOAL.
In quantities to suit. Delivered in either City, in sacks or barrels, by
JOHN DYER,
Mary's Court, one square west of Federal, off Lacock St., Allegheny City. fel0:m61

New York, 30 Gold St. Chicago, 88 Mich. ave
Boston, 137 and 139 Federal St.
Hussey, Wells & Co.,
Manufacturers of all descriptions of
CAST STEEL.
Office and Works—PENN and SEVENTEENTH STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa. fel0:m55

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between John C. Schaupp and Thomas McMichael, under the name and style of
John C. Schaupp & Co.,
in the Feed, Grain and Flour business, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January, 1871.
All the debts of said firm will be paid by Thomas McMichael, at the old place of business, 52 Fifth Avenue Extension.
JOHN C. SCHAUPP,
THOMAS McMICHAEL.
PITTSBURGH, Feb. 10, 1871. fel0:m57

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW BOOKS.

COUNSEL TO A MOTHER: being a continuation and the completion of "Advice to a Mother." By PYE HENRY CHAVASSE, M.D., author of "Advice to a Wife," etc. 16mo. Fine cloth. $1.
"Simple, practicable, intelligible."—*Phila. Eve. Bulletin.*

CODE OF HEALTH OF THE SHOOL OF SALERNUM. Regimen Sanitatis Salernitanum. Translated into English verse, with an Introduction, Notes and Appendix. By JOHN ORDRONAUX, LL.D., M.D., Prof. of Medical Jurisprudence in the Law School of Columbia College, New York, etc., etc. 12mo. Extra cloth. $1.50.
"Dr. Ordronaux's translation of this remarkable book, taken altogether, is wonderfully successful."—*New York Medical Journal.*

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WANTED.—A gentleman and wife, and a limited number of single gentlemen can obtain boarding at No. 20 ANDERSON STREET, near Hadd street. Allegheny city. fel:m76

WANTED.—A CRAB WINDLASS, capable of lifting one ton. Address L. PETERSON, JR., & CO., 185 Liberty street. fel0

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TO-LET—A comfortable DWELLING with late improvements, situated on Kirkpatrick St., near Centre Avenue, 11th Ward. Inquire at 98 Centre Av., or 68 Liberty St. fel0:m54

TO-LET.—2 Four Roomed HOUSES. Inquire of JOHN M. JOHNSTON, No. 30 Gum street. fe7:m51

TO-LET.—Furnished Rooms, suitable for four single gentlemen, with or without board. at No. 34 Ninth street. fel:m67

TO-LET.—The Second and Third floors, with good office, of that desirable Warehouse No. 360 Liberty street, at present occupied by Van Gorder & Shepard. For terms, &c., inquire of JNO. McKIRDY & CO., No. 361 Liberty street. ja31

TO-LET—Several Dwellings, Stores, and Offices on and near the corner of Penn and Eighth streets. Also on Smithfield street. Enquire at 277 Penn street. ja26:m17

TO-LET—Three Story Dwelling and Store Room, No. 21 Diamond street. Enquire at No. 18 Wood street. ja4:174-WFM W. H. HAYS

TO-LET—That fine New Warehouse, No. 72 Wood street, now occupied by the Germania Savings Bank. Enquire of W. H. HAYS. 18 Wood street. ja4:174-WFM

TO-LET.—A STORE ROOM on Ferry street, second door from Diamond street. Inquire of ja3 HAYS & STEWART 102 Liberty street.

TO-LET—The Store, No. 71 Wood STREET, between Fourth avenue and Diamond street, lately occupied by the Beaver Falls Cutlery Company. Inquire of CHARLES HAYS, No. 102 Liberty street. ja4:22

TO-LET.—LIBERTY ST. WAREHOUSE.—No. 155 Liberty street, near St. Clair street, 100 feet deep to an alley. Enquire of JOHN WAY, JR., Sewickleyville, Pa. 1-tf

TO-LET—Two new three story Brick HOUSES, each containing ten rooms, wash house and bath room, hot and cold water and gas. Situated on the corner of Jalappa street and Allegheny avenue. Enquire of
CHARLES PURNELL,
Corner of Allegheny avenue and Rebecca street.
fe7:m71

TO-LET.—STORE ROOMS Nos. 180 and 182 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, now used for dry goods by William Semple, will be let as it is or divided to suit good tenants. Possession given on April 1st, or sooner, if desired. Dry Goods will have the preference. Rent for whole, $3,000; for one store, $2,500. Apply on the premises to WM. SEMPLE,
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TO-LET.—Several well lighted ROOMS on Second and Third floors over No. 23 Fifth avenue, have recently been fitted up with New Oilings and Paper Hangings, are complete with stationary wash stands and other modern conveniences and are suitable for offices, warerooms or workrooms.
Apply to Executors of W. M'Clintock, dec'd, at Carpet Store of
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FOR RENT.—From April 1st, Ten ACRES OF GARDENING LAND, with a good house with nine (9) rooms, good stable, &c., one-fourth mile from Allegheny City, on the Perrysville plank road. Also, has a bearing orchard of good fruit. This is a rare opportunity for a gardener or any one wishing to engage in the business. For particulars inquire of Mr. Brown, toll-keeper at head of Federal street, or
MRS McINTYRE,
fe2:m54 On the premises.

TO-LET.—281 Penn street, store and dwelling, $800; 170 Second avenue, $420; 169 Ross street, 8 rooms, $[illegible]; 191 Third avenue, $450; No. 2 [illegible], $325; Warehouse, Water street, $1,200; Tenement store Room, Wood street, $[illegible]; 30 Tunnel street, 8 rooms, $450; 128 Fulton street, 6 rooms, $276; Store and Dwelling, 10 Ferry street, $300; 36 Clark street, 5 rooms, $[illegible]; 140 Elm street, $240; 72 First avenue, Store Room and Cellar, $4 Smithfield street, $600; Cherry alley, $180; State, $180; Bertha street, $180.
Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON,
fel 50 Smithfield street.

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STORES,
Small Dwellings, Halls,
ROOMS AND OFFICES.
Enquire of
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OF GAZZAM & CO.,
fel Attorneys, 96 Fifth Avenue.

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FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—The two storied Brick DWELLING HOUSE, No. 41 Fourth avenue, near Market street. Rents for [illegible]. Apply to A. G. CUBBAGE, Grocer, Diamond, Pittsburgh. fel0:m52

FOR SALE.—Eleven first class fresh COWS, very desirable for private families. Apply at Union Hotel, Irwin avenue, Allegheny city. fe7:m[illegible]

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A complete apparatus for making VINEGAR by an improved method. Also, a quantity of good Vinegar. Apply at 303 Liberty street, third floor, or address Box 313 P. O. fe8:m[illegible]

FOR SALE CHEAP.—The stock and fixtures of an old established wholesale and retail Tobacco and Cigar Store, now doing a good business and in a good location. Good reasons given for selling. Enquire at No. 45 Ninth street, formerly Hand. ja28:m[illegible]

FOR SALE OR TO-LET.—House and Grounds in Fourteenth Ward, adjoining residence of T. B. Young.
A. M. BROWN,
fel:m50 No. 114 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE—Two Brick Houses and one Frame House with four rooms. Brick Houses containing six rooms, finished attic with gas and water, situated 305, 307 and 309 Sandusky street, Allegheny, will be sold cheap and on easy terms.
J. W. BOYD,
fe7:m72 309 Sandusky street.

FOR SALE.—A Dwelling House of eight rooms on Forty-third street, near Butler, now occupied by William Bailey. Possession April 1st. Will be sold low. Apply to
JOHN W. RIDDELL,
Attorney at Law,
ja10:j67TTHS 114 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—SMALL COUNTRY SEAT.—Situated one mile from Fort Perry. Contains three acres of rich garden land. [illegible] with fruit of the best varieties, all bearing; [illegible] grape vines; one of the best springs of water at the door. The improvements are a neat [illegible] story Dwelling, with 4 rooms, nearly new; also a Tenant House, with 3 rooms, Stable and other outbuildings. This property is offered at a very low figure, as the owner is moving south. Apply to
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FOR SALE OR RENT.—A number of good SECOND-HAND
Pianos and Organs,
BARR & KNAKE,
General Agents for the celebrated Estey Cottage Organs, No. 12 Sixth (late St. Clair) street.
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FOR SALE.—A FARM of 812 acres, beautifully located, near Penn Station, Pa. Railroad, about 200 acres improved, three dwellings, one Steam Saw Mill, large Orchard, &c. Will be sold low and on accommodating terms. For further information apply at
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EXTRA No. 1 and No. 2 LARD OIL,
LUBRICATING OILS, Etc.
Also, PRIME FAMILY LARD, in tierces, bar rels and buckets, at lowest rates.
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FOR SALE—COAL WORKS—300 Acres, Railroad, Houses, Pit Wagons, Mules, Tools, Boats and Fixtures in running order. [illegible] for cash or trade for property, or will lease the same; situated on the Ohio river. Other property of all kinds in the city. 20 acres with improvements, 16 miles on the Central Railroad, also property in Sharpsburg and in the city and [illegible] Enquire of
WILLIAM WARD,
de16 110 Grant St., opposite the Cathedral.

FOR SALE.—A very desirable two story Frame Dwelling on Plank street, Mansfield, Pa., containing sixteen rooms, one of which is now in use as a Grocery Store, [illegible] doing a good business; will also sell stock to suit purchaser; good stone cellar under the whole [illegible] a never-failing spring of water; also four small Houses, two with four rooms each, and two with three each, all well finished, with the necessary outbuildings, lots 20 by 140, paying [illegible] ninety dollars per month. This is a very desirable property and will be sold on [illegible] terms. Apply to [illegible]
fe2:m68 Mansfield, Pa.

FOR SALE—Residence No. 155 SOUTH AVENUE, Allegheny, containing 10 Rooms, furnished with Gas throughout; hot and cold water in front and rear; bath room and water closets adjoining front bed room; wash house, carriage house, etc., on lot. Drainage under the entire property. Garden with fine shade trees in front and side yards.
Lot 20 by 150, to a paved street in the rear.
Street Cars pass at the backdoor.
For terms, etc., enquire of
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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FRIDAY, FEB. 10, 1871.

HEADQUARTERS
REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
No. 1105 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA, January 28, 1871.

In pursuance of the Resolution of the Republican State Central Committee, adopted at Altoona, August 28, 1870, a State Convention, composed of delegates from each Senatorial and Representative District in the number to which each district is entitled in the Legislature, will meet in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, at 10 o'clock, noon, on the 29th DAY of MARCH, A. D. 1871, to nominate candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General, and to take action upon the question of Constitutional Reform, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it.

HAMLON H. DICKINSON,
Chairman Executive Committee of State Central Committee.

GEORGE W. HAMERSLY,
[illegible]
JAMES W. M. NEWLIN,
Secretaries.

Bonds at Frankfort 95¾.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 111¾@111⅞.

Promises made in Allegheny county seem to bind very little in Harrisburg—*vide* Robbs' amendment to the fee bill.

A COPY of the fee bill as amended by Mr. Robb would prove very interesting reading matter to the Republicans who take stock in the sincerity of that gentleman on the question of reform.

THE Republicans of Allegheny county live in beautiful darkness as to the designs, acts, motives and measures of their representatives at Harrisburg. For aught any one knows we may wake up some morning to find our old city Legislated into West Virginia or some other place by our reticent but plotting members.

IT WAS NOT G. A. Benedict, Sr., editor of the Cleveland *Herald*, who lost his life in the late Hudson river railway accident but his son, a young gentleman of thirty years of age, who had charge of the business department of that journal. He was a worthy and accomplished young gentleman, and his sad end has filled Cleveland with mourning.

WILL MR. ROBB, at Harrisburg, please explain to his anxious constituency in Allegheny county why he tacked to the fee bill an odious amendment which emphasized his infidelity to the solemn pledge to promote genuine and immediate reform that he gave to the people prior to his election? We want to hear from Mr. Robb, and are not the only patient watcher for any explanation he has to offer.

BY THE recent destructive conflagration in South Pittsburgh, some twenty-six poor and worthy families lost all they had of worldly possessions, and were left in very needy circumstances. Their condition appeals powerfully to the philanthrophic, and we hope that call for aid to relieve their immediate and pressing wants will be promptly and generously responded to by the charitable. Subscriptions can be handed to either Mayor Brush, of Pittsburgh, Mayor Callow, of Allegheny, Justice Barker, of South Pittsburgh, or Justice Ammon, of Birmingham.

MRS. JANE G. SWISSHELM, has at length yielded to the importunities of the advocates of female suffrage, and taken part in a convention held in Chicago, to advance the good and growing cause. Mrs. Swisshelm is no ordinary acquisition to the ranks of the woman's rights army. She has long held a conservative position on the subject and struggled *womanfully* for the advancement of her sex into a position of greater independence. With her great talent, strong mind and fierce, though generous pen, Mrs. Swisshelm cannot fail to rise to the position of a leader in the woman suffrage struggle.

IT is quite amusing to read the innocent and harmless speculations of *The Paper* on the political situation. While it believes and acknowledges that GRANT will be re-nominated by the Republican party, it hints not a word as to whom will pass the Democratic honor of nomination. We have been considerably disappointed that our youthful contemporary has not as yet in a double leaded leader heralded the name of HOFFMAN, of New York, for successorship to the present incumbent of the White House. When all know what the new organ of Democracy proposes to do, what is the use of its conductors delaying to announce for what purpose it was started.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, with its glorious and overwhelming majority is not so strong within itself as to ruthlessly violate with impunity solemn pledges given last Autumn to effect much needed reforms in certain directions. The members elected to represent the people at Harrisburg were willing to promise much to secure the coveted places, and as honorable men they were trusted by perhaps not a too confiding constituency to make good and true their written pledges to effect the required reform. We had hoped and do still hope that at least the majority of our delegates will prove worthy the seats they occupy, and will not aid in the scheme to sell out and betray the Republican party. They must know—and if they do not possess the knowledge we tell them now—that the people were in earnest when they exacted pledges looking to reform from them, and that their every vote is watched with interest by an exacting and vigilant constituency, who do not mean to submit calmly and quietly to a gross betrayal on the part of any conscienceless representative. True, the people are powerless now to do more than urge and advise their members to live fairly up to the letter and spirit of the pledges they made; but, if they persist in disregarding the wishes of our citizens and in violating their sacred pledges, we warn them that a day of reckoning will come sooner, perhaps, than they may expect.

FOUNTAINS.

The attention of our readers has already been called to the excellent work done in Philadelphia by the Fountain Society in that city. This novel and noble charity originated, we believe, with Dr. Swann, who organized the movement by inducing a number of gentlemen to associate themselves for the purpose of providing public watering places throughout the city. From the very first it was successful. Its founders were gentlemen of taste and influence, and it was not long before handsome ornamental fountains sprung up here and there all over the populous portions of the town, fountains which, while inexpensive, were pleasant to the eye and most practically devised so as to provide accommodations for men, for horses and for dogs, for these gentlemen were humanitarians and lent their aid in preventing unnecessary cruelty to the lower animals. It may be that at first the project was ridiculed by some persons, but it was not long before the people found the improvements out and made use of them, so that you could scarcely ever during the working hours, see one in a crowded thoroughfare, which was not being enjoyed by some weary man, or parched horse or parching dog.

Nor was this the only benefit which resulted, for liberal people of wealth placed funds in the hands of the society to be applied to especial localities, and so we find in front of the State House two graceful vases of blooming plants surmounting two pedestals of granite, from which the water wells. And in another place a colossal bronze angel guards the waters, so that the people who hurry to and fro may always have their eyes gladdened by objects of beauty, and the uncultured vagabond, when drinking of the pure water, can scarcely fail to have some higher or fairer thought aroused in him when his eye meets the graceful outlines of nature or of art.

Now, since this association has been so successful in one place, why should it not in another? Why should the same noble work not be repeated here? There are thousands of people in our city who cry out against the number of dramshops that exist, but there is no other means of quenching thirst offered to the public. On a Sunday afternoon, when the hot summer sun is parching all beneath it, one may walk from end to end of our city and find no means whatever, save the soda fountains, for quenching thirst. Even the hydrants are in most cases locked and there is nothing to do but suffer. Dogs may drink from the unclean gutters, but for men and horses not even so objectionable a provision has been made. Is this right? Is it civilized? Is it consistent with the professions of the advocates of total abstinence?

Surely in this great city there could be found enough men of liberality and wealth to provide such fountains, if their attention were but properly directed to the necessity therefor, and surely there is taste enough among the same class of men to insure that, were such fountains provided, they should add to the beauty as well as to the welfare of Pittsburgh.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

We are compelled to except to the tenor of the joint resolution offered by Mr. Strong, respecting the manner of making appointments in the civil service. We have never been carried away with the idea that this tinkering of Congress over the appointment of clerks, was about to effect any great benefit to the nation. We have never been very deeply impressed with the wisdom of creating permanent clerkships dependent on good behavior. We are well aware that while the new broom might sweep very clean for a year or two, that it would culminate to a system calculated to defeat the public good. We believe the effect would be to have a set of lazy, indolent, good for nothing, impudent men, to do the public work, responsible to nobody, save the authority that had power to dismiss them, and fawning low and truckling to it. We have no desire to introduce English systems into America. But there seems to be a wild mania over the subject, as though our people had determined to take from Congressmen the power that at present rests with them so far as appointments are concerned.

Thus far, however, we have not seen any effort taking positive shape, unless it be the resolution referred to above, as offered by Mr. Strong. We object most emphatically, to some of the features of that resolution. Wherever there may arise an absolute necessity for more power to be centered in the chief executive than exists at present, we shall cheerfully endorse an effort of that nature. But under our particular form of government there is quite as much power there at present as there should be. For this reason we objected to a compulsory National educational system. It belongs to the States and should be allowed to be regulated by them. For this reason we object to the resolution of Mr. Strong. It throws the whole power of appointing clerks on the shoulders of the President. *He* is authorized to employ suitable persons to make inquiries respecting the age, health, character, knowledge and ability of the applicant. *He* is authorized to prescribe the fees to be paid by those applicants, which fees are to be applied to the payment of the committee making the inquiries.

Either the office of Committeeman will be one sought after pecuniarily, or else there will be no Committee. *Gentlemen* will not take upon themselves inquisitorial duties of the character named in the resolution, out of mere love. To stand between the government and an applicant is not a desirable post, and no man will consent to undertake the duties unless it pays. If it *is* sought after, then this Committee, first, will be a creature of a President. He has the power to appoint it, and will have power to change it. His recommendation will be conclusive. In this way he really becomes a greater target for every Congressman than he is to-day. Instead of relieving him in the slightest degree, it places new and fresh burthens on his shoulders.

More than this, this Committee will always be a political creation, and members of Congress, will continually bring their influence to bear on its appointments. It may be that the very best men will accept the post at first, but that will not last long. The consequence will be a most perilous avenue for bribery will be opened, and instead of ability being the test, it may become a matter of mere dollars and cents. And this, not only to get in, but also to remain in, in spite of a total want of ability.

In a word, this feature of the resolution of Mr. Strong is one that we cannot endorse. It is true there is a great noise made over civil service reform, incompetant clerks, and bad appointments. But it is also true that there is more noise made over it than the occasion demands. Every objection that has been raised against the present system, will be doubled in intensity over Mr. Strong's resolution. All that it does in our opinion, is, to bring another body on the platform, and complicate the present difficulties, by adding still another power, to buy, to sell, or at all events to denounce as corrupt by the opposition party, whether it be so or not.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The advocates of Womans' Suffrage at least deserve much credit for the determined persistency with which they fight their battles against such fearful odds. No matter how anxious some may be to laugh away the agitation of the question as a joke of large proportions, still the movement is forcing itself forward, and must be met ere long as an important issue. In the West its supporters are much more numerous than generally supposed, and we find many of the ablest citizens of the newer States falling into the ranks to do service in the cause. We have before us a copy of a lecture on Female Suffrage, recently delivered at Fort Madison, Iowa, by Hon. D. F. Miller, one of the ablest writers, thinkers and lawyers of that State. He urges that female suffrage is a natural right and political necessity, and declares that his sense of justice has ever felt outraged by the existence in our country of three great evils—jail servitude, negro servitude and woman servitude. We have selected the following passages of the lecture, which, coming from so eminent a source, will be appreciated by those friendly to the female suffrage hereabouts and at the same time will convey an idea of the growing views on the question in the western mind. After discussing the topics of jail and negro servitude, he reaches woman servitude, which he is free to maintain has been lately relieved of many of its most odious features. He says:

A woman can now retain her property after marriage, whereas in former times her husband might control her chattels personal and enjoy during life the rents and profits of her land. She is still, however, denied the right to vote. Now, what is a vote? Webster defines it as "the expression of a wish, desire, will, preference or choice in regard to any measure proposed, in which the person voting has an interest in common with others, either in electing a man to office or in passing rules, regulations and the like." Such is a vote. Have women no "wish," no interest in the laws and the character of the office holders in the country? Have the wife and mother and sister no concern in the legal restraint of drunkenness?—the toiling widow and weary seamstress no interest in our system of taxation? If the poor women who find it hard to clothe themselves and their children had the right to vote, taxation would rest upon property and not labor. In these days, especially when women are trustees for nearly all the property in the country, they have a peculiar interest in the right to vote on its taxation. It is really humiliating to our sex that there are so many men who, finding themselves incompetent to manage their estates, have been obliged to put them under the protection of women, and furnish another argument for female suffrage. In the Iowa State Penitentiary there are now two hundred and ninety male prisoners and not one female. It is urged that women may meet with drunken men at the polls. Well, it is much better that they should meet them there, where they can be taken away by an officer, than at home where they are alone and defenceless. Woman's influence is needed to purify the ballot. It is urged that women have not mind enough to be privileged with a vote—because they are physically smaller and weaker than men, it is claimed that their minds are correspondingly inferior. Yet it is an established fact that small men are fully as gifted as large ones, and that it is health, not size, which determines the mental energy. Women have distinguished themselves in almost every field of human endeavor. Sappho was noted as a poetess; Aspasia as a philosopher and rhetorician; Cleopatra was distinguished for her social powers, and Zenobia for her administrative talents; Dido was illustrious as the founder of one State and Semiramis as the conqueror of many. No man has surpassed the heroic patriotism of Joan of Arc, and it is well to remember that we are indebted for this county to the timely assistance which a woman—Isabella of Spain—rendered Columbus. Later days have presented to history, in art, science and literature, conspicuous women—Joanna Baillie, dramatist; Agnes Strickland, historian; Brontes, Martineau, Hannah Moore, Hemans, Browning, Stowe, and many others.

The speaker concluded by paying a glorious tribute to woman and by eloquently advocating her rights as a full free citizen of the United States.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

EDITORS GAZETTE:—If church be a sort of safety valve for easing the pressure of etiquette upon a body not formed for politeness, one might expect that in no place would the polish and elegance of the breeding of our best society be so carefully preserved or so brilliantly apparent as at a grand reception or private dancing party. Let us look in upon such a gathering of the *creme de la creme*, and learn a lesson or two in their school of politeness. Running up the stairs, we enter the gentlemen's dressing room and, being a stranger and a little late, we find the place thronged with men, who stride to and fro in apparently utter unconsciousness of the presence of any one but their friends, talking aloud on subjects not generally interesting, putting on gloves, washing of hands in the scantiest amount possible of water, as pitchers at parties are always empty, brushing of hair, setting of collar and tie and all of the little etceteræ which belong to party dressing-rooms. Threading our way among the men, we take off our coat and cap, and finding a capital corner to stow them, we quietly remove the coat that is already there and put ours in its place. Then hastily washing, brushing and gloving we join the crowd of young men thronging about the entrance to the ladies' dressing-room, waiting for them to come out, but as the door is continually opening and shutting, probably proving exceedingly delightful to young ladies within, the finishing touches of whose toilettes are mysterious.

But when a maid announces that our lady is ready for us, we make a staple of our arm to which she hooks, and we go down stairs. The doorways are thronged and, from the music, we judge that a quadrille is under way, but we push through, utterly regardless of other people's clothes, for we know full well that in these days of trains a man with a conscience for damaged gowns can have no pleasure in "society." On the opposite side of the drawing room we see the hostess in a nook to which she retreated when the dancing began, having been routed from her reception parlor, which she had left with the carpet uncovered as a hint that it must not be danced in. But no one cares for the feelings of a party giver, so there she is and we charge across the room at her, utterly routing and putting to confusion, by the way, a quadrille which had been progressing smoothly enough before. After decorously shaking the handle of the amiable social pump before us, we turn about and smile with no definite idea of our immediate destination.

But that dance is concluded, and the band begins a *valse*. We at once begin to promenade through the drawing room, with our lady who does not dance, thus nicely managing to incommode as much as possible the whirling, gliding, bobbing couples around us, and making remarks upon the awkwardness of those who do not manage to avoid a collision with us. But when the *gallop* begins we secure a partner, and have a delightful romp. What if we do charge so suddenly upon ancient ladies as to all but dislocate their vertebræ, and so shock them that they do not recover for a week. What business have they to be there if they don't want their backs broken? What if we do dash up a young girl's skirt so as to bring her violently to her knees. Ought she not to manage her train better? What if we do insert our elbows in other men's backs, tear yards of dry goods from costly dresses, rip up the muslin covering on the carpet, and utterly shock the few representatives of the old school who may happen to look on from a safe retreat? If we have shielded our own partner from other elbows and *hoofs*; if we have avoided a fall at full length upon the floor, or have not demolished her dress, we have been successful, and are "such a *splendid* dancer," while if the young lady has so managed her train as to flap peoples' faces but avoid their feet, and has been so light a weight on her partner's arm as to give him the least possible fatigue, we have achieved a triumph.

But suddenly a rumor spreads through the room, and the wildest panic ensues. Tarletane, tulle, satin and broadcloth close in one stupendous crush at the doorways and a mighty struggle results. But we are not alarmed; we know it is not fire, but supper, and we push and elbow and jostle to the table covered with substantial viands. Surely these men have just escaped from Paris and still feel the pangs of starvation, but what of that? If they storm the eatables so shall we, and we go in, spilling coffee, and terrapin and oysters upon the costly carpets and then trampling upon them, but securing a plate filled with delicacies and then fighting our way out, losing only a little lobster salad by the way, and lodging that on a man's back where he won't notice it. We heave a sigh of thankfulness and take credit to ourselves for having so expeditiously served our lady. In fact, the idea seems to be that if you treat your partner well, protect her dress and provide her with feed, it is no matter what you may do to other people. But having served the young lady, filled her with meats and topped them off with ices and sweetmeats, we drag her through the crowd out into the drawing-room, manage to purloin a bouquet from among the decorations of the room and presenting that as a parting trophy, we leave her with a bevy of similarly forlorn damsels, and after eating what we want, find our way to the smoking room. Here the comfortable seats are monopolized by a few bashful young men who haven't been down stairs yet, but we find a place to betow ourselves and also a cigar. Here we find fashionable beaux filling themselves with brandy, whisky or champagne, so that in all probability the ladies whom they have escorted from their homes cannot in justice to themselves return with them. Here we see young persons with curious ideas, putting into their pockets handfuls of the fragrant Havanas so liberally provided by the host. Here we drench ourselves through and through with the perfumed smoke and then, remembering an engagement, rush down with a halo of nicotine about us, to seize some lovely girl around the waist, and whirl through the room till our heads are dizzy, and through the whole apartment is diffused an odor of alcohol and tobacco which mingles with that of the flowers and renders the air still heavier.

A SAN FRANCISCO man who brought suit for $10,000 damages done his property by the great nitro-glycerine explosion in April, 1866, has been awarded $1,787 62 and interest.

BOTH SIDES.

EDITORS GAZETTE: I read nothing for or against woman suffrage that does not provoke in me the answer to Dear Old Sir Roger as to his likeness in the Saracen's Head, "*That much might be said on both sides.*" And in the light of what may be said of the suffragists—not suffrage—we can by no means despise them. They are of our noblest and most earnest women, neither as a class are they masculine. If they are mistaken on that account their gentle and intelligent sisters cannot despise them.

There is a broad charity due to the best of human actions; and to every class of reformers their is due great consideration — however wild or insane they may have seemed they have always wrought good; and I am wonderfully hopeful of the good to grow indirectly out of all the agitation of woman's rights.

An eloquent tongue once said of poor old John Brown "that he was raised up Vice Admiral of God to sail a difficult sea, &c." So God does raise up men and women and sometimes fills them with seeming madness that they may perform some part of difficult work.

That there is need of something nobler for woman all civilization attests. The absurdity of her manner of dress; the tyranny of fashion; her physical and mental cares, we all admit to be enormous evils. We grant at once that our tortured waists are by far more ridiculous than the China woman's crippled feet, yet lend all our influence to encourage the suicidal nonsense.

Our women are literally dying out. Statistics show the most fearful decrease of mothers and children wholly American. And all this, which might occupy extended remarks, is not irreevlant to the matter under consideration. Anything that will make women larger minded, more seemingly responsible, must go far towards lessening these evils. The old barbaric estimate of women made them "alluring creatures," but every true woman, in her soul, wishes to be more, and we mistake truth in supposing that if she is thoroughly educated and self-reliant she will be less womanly or devoted in her true sphere. There seems to me no other class of women so lovely as the Quaker women, old and young, and no other class so self-reliant and intelligently practical. There is a sure guarantee that as one grows in all the better faculties of her nature, she must grow in soul. And why are men so tenacious that women be held to that old status?

One of our oldest and best established Ladies' Seminaries in the East, says, each year to her graduating class, through her wise and judicious principal: "Young Ladies, you must all know you have greatly lessened your chances of marriage by your education." They did not all know it up to this time, but that principal is right, and society teaches it. Not in vain do some revolt against the idea that they *are* educated; hence the sarcasm, that girls of good families take education as they do whooping cough, get over it and never have it again.

Woman's disabilities, debarring her from any independence of fashion, debarring her from choice of occupation; and, indeed, of susceptibility, if she labor as may her brothers, often forces her acceptance of any marriage that may offer, and in wealthy, as well as well to-do families, this haste is made. What wonder that unhappy marriages have culminated in such an epidemic of divorce; and what wonder that the largest share of earnest and feeling women, desiring redress for their many evils their sex suffer, are allured, (and the whole truth resolves it self into this) by the sovereign balm, but quackish remedy of Woman's Suffrage.

A Western Claude Duval—Remarkable Career of a Young Thief.

[From the Kansas City Bulletin, Jan. 21.]

There arrived at the Union Depot, yesterday morning, from Cheyne, securely ironed, and under care of a United States detective named T. S. Glledden, of Cincinnati, one of the most daring boy impostors ever caught by the authorities. His name is said to be Dennie Harrison, and he is the youngest son of a machinist living in Columbia, O. At an early age the boy developed a vicious disposition, and was detected in attempt to rob the United States mail car on the Pan Handle Road. For this offence he was sent to the House of Refuge.

Finding the accommodations of this establishment unsuitable to his fastidious taste, he made such earnest protestations of piety and repentance, that he was allowed to return to his parents at Columbus. Here he again developed his vicious instincts by beating his mother, setting fire to the house and running away. The next heard of him he is enlisted as a bugler in a cavalry regiment, en route to the Rocky Mountains. Here he proved himself such an incorrigible young thief, that after one year's service in the guard-house he was drummed out of the army at Fort Laramie. He was soon afterward taken, disguised as an Indian, in an attack upon a supply train, together with another white renegade, who was forthwith hung to a tree. Harrison was spared on account of his youth, and taken to Fort Halleck, whence he soon afterward escaped.

He became acquainted in Denver with a desperate gang of stage robbers, and took part in their attacks upon the overland mail in 1864-5. He soon afterward left the West and returned home to Ohio, and joined the Methodist Church. He became acquainted with a young country girl and married her, but deserted her soon after. He became a brakeman on the Central Ohio Railroad, but was discharged for laziness. He was married again in Zanesville, and was arrested in Newark for seduction, but managed to escape the deluded victim with some $900 in money. He came to Kansas City in the winter of 1867, and assuming the character of a wayward son of a wealthy banker East, made his way into good society both here and in Wyandotte. Being good-looking and free with money, he "took well," and became engaged to two of Kansas City's fair daughters. He remained here a brief period, and left the city and a respectable family in Wyandotte cursing him and his deception. His next scene of rascality was at a counterfeiters' den in Houston street, New York. Here he became acquainted with the thieves, gamblers and counterfeiters, and, being naturally smart and intelligent, soon became a leader of his fellow-criminals. He established a saloon, which became the headquarters of all the counterfeiters and "shovers of the queer" in the country, and in due time became an expert in the business. When the counterfeit $50 Treasury notes first made their appearance, he "shoved" seventeen of them in one day, purchasing a sufficient amount of clothing to supply himself and mistress for over two years. Shortly after this he became one of the leaders of one of the worst gangs of counterfeiters in the United States, and was connected with the stealing of certain plates from the United States Treasury office. In 1866, the gang to which he belonged went into the fractional currency business, and to them the country is indebted to the innumerable fifty and twenty-five cent notes with which every community, both east and west was flooded, and it was while in this business that he was detected. In November, 1869, his gang had agents in all parts of the country, to whom they sent their worthless currency for circulation. His boldness getting the better of his discretion, he was detected and arrested by Col. Wood, Chief Detective of the Treasury Department, escaped from a train on the New York and Albany railroad, and made the best of his time and started west. He has made some successful hauls and scattered the "queer" in Omaha and St. Joseph, and was traced up and arrested a few days ago upon a train between Cheyenne and Denver.

French Bigotry.

A letter dated Versailles December 31, gives some particulars of a horrible and revolting outrage at Chateaudun. "On the 18th of October," says our informant, "the Protestant field-preacher, S——, of the Twenty-second Division, was killed by a ball which pierced his brain, at the taking of Chateaudun, and his body was hastily interred, together with the fallen officers and men, in the church-yard of the place. The soldiers who knew him, and by whom he was much respected, would have wished to bury him with due honor and a suitable funeral service, but time did not permit. When, however, about the middle of the present month some detachments of the same division, accompanied by the successor of poor S——, returned to Chateaudun, after the battles on the Loire, it was resolved to remove the body of the clergyman and those of the fallen officers from their temporary resting place, and re-inter them with an appropriate religious service. What was the astonishment of our people to find the tomb of Pastor S—— empty, though those of the officers had not been violated. A search was at once made in the neighborhood, and the corpse of the clergyman, recognisable by his clothing, his wound, and the blue and white scarf on his arm, was discovered lying on one side of a road, horribly mutilated and covered with mud. The corpse of a Protestant clergyman could not be permitted to rest in the church-yard of Chateaudun! When our soldiers are witnesses of such barbarity as this," adds the writer, "how are we to preach to them self-control and generosity toward the enemy?"

An Obstacle to Female Politicians.

A late San Francisco paper says:

"The California Woman's State Suffrage Convention assembled yesterday. Mrs. Eager, of Alameda, called the convention to order, and, on motion of Mr. Collins, was elected Chairman *pro tem.* While the committees were in process of organization, the delegates could hear an occasional cry from a baby in one of the ante-rooms and it was noticed that at every cry the young President seemed uneasy, and looked anxiously in the direction of the ante-room. The crying continued, and the mother prevailed over the parliamentarian Mrs. Eager said: 'Ladies I must beg leave to retire a few minutes, and while I am absent Mrs. Roberts will act as your President, and the report of the Committee on Credentials will be read.' She then left the rostrum, hastened into the ante-room, and that baby ceased crying in less than a minute. Every body noticed how quick the little creature subsided. Mrs. Eager did not come back as soon as was expected, and there was a procession of ladies to the ante-room. On returning one of them stated that Mrs. Eager would be obliged to resign her position on account of pressing domestic duties. Mrs. Schenck was thereupon elected to fill the vacancy."

PURE OLD APPLE BRANDY.

Possesses in a high degree the tonic and stimulant powers which should characterize "Pure Brandy." It excites the appetite, invigorates digestion, moderately increases the temperature of the body and the force of the circulation, and operates in fact as a general corroborant, and is a specific in all cases of pure debility of the digestive organs, or requiring a general tonic impression. Dyspepsia, Atonic Gout, General Debility, are among the many affections in which it has proved useful. Sold by

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) street.

SUGGESTIONS FOR THE SEASON.

Thousands regard the winter as a season of trials: and the truth is, that if there is a weak point in the system, winter is pretty sure to find it out. Constitutional tendencies to disease generally aggravated by damp and cold. (Rheumatism sometimes lies *perdu* all the summer and fall, to pounce upon its victims in the season of cold.) As a means of fortifying the body against all the diseases which prevail most extensively in winter, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters cannot be too urgently recommended. There would be fewer cases of the pulmonary complaints tending to consumption, if all feeble systems were invigorated during the season with a course of this inestimable vegetable tonic and alterative. Constipation, indigestion, torpidity of the liver, and a general sluggishness of the secretive organs, very generally prevail at this period of the year. To all these ailments experience (the most trustworthy of all mentors) teaches us that the Bitters is a reliable remedy. Warm clothing is a good external defense against atmospheric cold and moisture, but vigorous activity in the vital organization which generates heat and delivers it to the surface, is also essential to health, and this activity is secured through the operation of the Bitters. The skin sympathizes with the stomach, and if digestion is regular and perfect, the exterior circulation will be brisk, and damp and cold may be encountered with comparative safety.

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The WELLMAN STOVE is furnished with the "REFLECTOR GRATE," and possesses all the advantages of an open fire place; it is specially adapted to houses where the flues are too small to admit a grate, and affords all the comforts of a CHEERFUL OPEN FIRE.

1st. As a radiator of heat it has *double* the intensity of any other grate.

2d. It is unquestionably the most cleanly—no soot or ashes escaping into the room—which, in the ordinary Grate, proves so detrimental to carpets and furniture.

3d. The combustion is *perfect*. There is no waste in unburnt cinders—every ounce of the fuel is so completely consumed, that nothing remains but the finest ashes.

4th. As an economizer of fuel—there being an actual saving of at least 25 per cent.

5th. It is highly ornamental.

6th. It is set so deep in the chimney, that it is much safer, and also less liable to puff in windy weather.

7th. A slight motion of the shaker cleanses the entire fire, and causes it to burn with great brilliancy and intensity of heat.

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Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
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Dress Goods,
BELL & MOORHOUSE,
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WE NOW OFFER
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I have the BARNEY & BERRY RINK and CLUB SKATES, silver and nickel plated, and they are really a beautiful Skate, just the article for a nice Christmas or New Year's present. The above Skates will be sold at the very lowest prices. Call and examine Prices before purchasing and be convinced of the above assertion, at

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JAY COOKE & CO. offer for sale at Par and Accrued interest the First Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company.

These bonds are secured, *first*, by a First Mortgage on the Railroad itself, its rolling stock, and all equipments; *second*, by a First Mortgage on its entire Land Grant, being more than Twenty-two Thousand Acres of Land to each mile of Road.

The bonds are free from United States Tax; the Principal and interest are payable in Gold—the Principal at the end of Twenty years, and the Interest Semi-annually, at the rate of SEVEN AND THREE-TENTHS PER CENT. per annum.

They are issued in denominations of $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000.

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STATEMENT
OF THE
National Insurance Co.
OF ALLEGHENY,
FROM JANUARY 1st, 1870, to DECEMBER 31st, 1870.

Published in accordance with the requirements of the 15th section of the Act of April 2d, 1856.

1. Authorized Capital		$100,000
2. Paid in Capital		$50,000
3. Amount of Assets		$144,880.65
Consisting of		
1. Stock Notes	$50,000 00	
2. Mortgages (first lien)	84,670 88	
3. 5-20 Bonds, par	4,000 00	
4. Cash on hand	6,218 77	
4. Annual amount of Premiums		$27,405 97
5. Amount derived from interest		8,977 46
6. Entire Expenses, Taxes, &c.		10,076 16
7. Entire Losses		8,070 73
8. Dividends		8,000 00
9. LIABILITIES.		
1. Unpaid Losses		None.
2. Outstanding Risks		$2,407,095 95

JAMES E. STEVENSON,
ja31:m39 SECRETARY.

LAKE-HERRING JAMES CONNOR WHOLESALE GROCER No. 355 LIBERTY ST. PITTSBURGH
FISH & SALT.
WHITE JAMES CONNOR WHOLESALE GROCER PITTSBURGH

New Goods! Fresh Goods
FISH AND SALT!
JAMES CONNOR,
Wholesale Grocer,
No. 355 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

LAKE FISH—2,820 half barrels.
LAKE HERRING—1,080 half barrels.
LAKE HERRING—3,218 quarter barrels.
No. 1 WHITE FISH—400 half barrels.
No. 1 PICKEREL—300 half barrels.
BROOMS—950 dozen assorted, in store and for sale by JAMES CONNOR,
fe9 Wholesale Grocer, No. 355 Liberty Street.

BOUQUETS,
BASKETS OF FLOWERS,
CANARY BIRDS,
BIRD CAGES,
RUSTIC and
WIRE BASKETS,
GOLD FISH and
AQUARIUMS,
STUFFED BIRDS,
IMMORTELLES,
DYED MOSS,
FERN CASES, &c.
For sale by
J. R. & A. MURDOCH,
fe9 Florists, 112 Smithfield street.

T. B. YOUNG & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ALL KINDS OF FIRST CLASS
Furniture.
21 Smithfield Street.
fe9

A. H. English & Co.,
98 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Publishers of OSGOOD'S PROGRESSIVE SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS, including Osgood's Reader and Speller, Dean's Arithmetic, Burtt's Grammars, and Cowley's System of Penmanship.
☞All orders by mail promptly filled. de29:r65

MULES AND HORSES
FOR SALE.
15 heavy KENTUCKY DRAFT MULES.
15 ROOM and ENTRY PIT MULES.
5 heavy DRAFT HORSES.
5 Light DRIVING HORSES.
For sale by
S. S. SMITH,
38 Corry street,
de30:s5 Allegheny city.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO all property owners along MAIN STREET, 17th ward, from Butler street to Penn avenue, 17th ward, City of Pittsburgh, that the election of Commissioners for Penn Avenue Improvement, will take place on TUESDAY, the 14th of February, 1871, between the hours of 2 and 7 o'clock P. M., at the residence of Leonard S. Johns, Esq., on said street.
W. H. ANDREWS,
JOHN G. ROBINSON, Officers to hold Election.
ROBERT DAVIS,
FEBRUARY 4, 1871. fe6:m65

STRAYED.—NOTICE.—Five Stray HOGS were brought to my premises, Union Hotel, Irwin avenue, Allegheny city. The owner can have them by paying costs, &c.
fe7:m77 P. McGRADY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIALTIES
Just Opened
AT
HORNE & CO.'S
Retail Stores,
197 and 199 PENN STREET.

FINE LACE GOODS.
Pointe Gauze,
Handkerchiefs,
Barbes, Collars and Capes,
Real Val. Lace,
Berthas and Collarets,
Fine Val. Lace Setts,
Real Lama Lace,
Overdresses, Pointes and Jackets, in blacks and whites.

COMPLETE LINES OF
KID GLOVES,
Best Quality, at $2.00 per Pair.

LARGE ASSORTMENTS
WHITE GOODS.
Striped, Checked and Plain Nainsook,
Tucked Nainsooks,
Plain, Striped and Check Jaconets,
White Piques,
Striped and Figured Piques,
Yosemite Stripes,
Victoria and Bishop Lawns,
French and Organdie Swiss and Soft Finish Cambrics.

ALSO, AN EXTRA LARGE LINE
Hamburg Flouncings,
Edges and Insertings,
Needle Worked Edges and Insertings,
Guipure Embroidered Bands and White Cotton Trimmings of all kinds for undergarments.
New Sash Ribbons,
New style Scarfs,
Corded Satins,
And a full line of shades in Colored Velvet Ribbons.
Guipure Laces,
Guipure Berthas, &c.

AT VERY LOWEST PRICES.
Horne & Co.'s
RETAIL STORES,
Library Building, Penn Street.
fe8:m85

COMPLETION
OF THE
Burlington, Cedar Rapids
& Minnesota Railway.

THE FIRST MORTGAGE
7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds,
Coupon or Registered
(FREE OF U. S. TAX,)
Principal and Interest Payable in Gold, on a finished road. For sale at
90 and Accrued Interest in Currency.

The last rail of this important road was laid on the 26th of January, thus completing the enterprise and establishing a connection between St. Paul and St. Louis 90 miles shorter than any existing route and 65 miles shorter than any contemplated routes between the same points.

By this line also the distance from Chicago to the great grain fields of Minnesota is shortened 45 miles, and transportation proportionately quickened and cheapened. The First Mortgage Bonds assume therefore at once on the completion of the line a position equal in intrinsic value to those of the Fort Wayne, Pennsylvania Central, Illinois Central or any other First Mortgage Bonds of completed trunk lines—not one of which sell below par.

The B., C. R. & M. Bonds are a First Mortgage, amounting only to $20,000 per mile on a line of road which has cost $40,000 per mile. The balance having been supplied by liberal subscriptions to the stock at par, made by wealthy farmers and parties interested along the line, and by similar subscriptions on the part of Towns and Counties through which the Road passes, which have adopted this system or giving their aid rather than issuing Town and County Bonds.

The earnings of the Road in its incomplete state, and while deprived entirely of through connection, have been for the past three months in excess of 12 per cent. on the amount of the Mortgage Bonds, after deducting operating expenses. No Road in the United States can show a better record during its inception. When is added to this lucrative way traffic the profits which will arise from the transportation of the vast wheat crop of Northern Iowa and Southern Minnesota, *all of which must seek a market over this line*, the result cannot but be a showing which will give large Dividends on the Stock of the Company, after paying the interest to the Bondholders as heretofore. The privilege which attaches to the Bonds of conversion into Stock at par will shortly assume practical value, as by this privilege the Bondholders will, by the conversion, be entitled to share in any excess of earnings which may accrue to the Road.

A small amount, $400,000 in all, of the issue, yet unsold, are still offered at the subscription price of 90 and accrued interest in currency. Although the Company feel warranted in the present condition of their affairs in advancing the price of their bonds, yet they have concluded to continue for the present the subscription at the same price as heretofore, in order to effect rapid sales and thus free themselves immediately from all floating indebtedness.

All marketable Securities taken in payment free of Commission and Express charges.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
32 Wall Street, New York.
FOR SALE BY
S. McCLEAN & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.
TOWNSEND, WHELEN & CO., Philadelphia.
BARKER, BROS. & CO., Philadelphia.
KURTZ & HOWARD, Philadelphia.
BOWEN & FOX, Philadelphia.
DeHAVEN & BRO., Philadelphia.
THOS. A. BIDDLE & CO., Philadelphia.
C. D'JUVILLIERS, Philadelphia.
EMORY, BENSON & CO., Philadelphia.
GLENDENNING, DAVIS & CO., Philadelphia.
WM. PAINTER & CO., Philadelphia.
Of whom Pamphlets and information may be obtained. fe2:m56

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes and which produce some of the following effects as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, Pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 296 PENN STREET.

EDWARD HERLINE..........HOWARD B. HAMILTON
HERLINE & CO.,
LITHOGRAPHERS, ENGRAVERS and PRINTERS, No. 931 CHESTNUT STREET, entrance 39 South Tenth street, Philadelphia.
☞Special attention given to Checks, Drafts ... Lithography.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.
The public are hereby respectfully notified that
Mr. John D. Carson,
has been admitted a member of our firm, which will be hereafter known under the style of
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Who will continue the wholesale and retail Family Grocery business, at the old stand.
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
Corner Liberty and Ninth street.
FEBRUARY 1st, 1871. fe6

WITHDRAWAL.
The undersigned having sold out all their interest in the EXCELSIOR FLINT GLASS CO. to the other members of said company as of the first day of January, 1871, have withdrawn from said Company, and are not and have not been since the said first day of January, 1871, members of the said Company, and have not been since that time liable for any of its contracts. All debts due the said company will be collected by WM. C. ROBERTSON and JAMES M. LINDSAY.
JAMES LINDSAY,
WM. DITHRIDGE,
JOSEPH REINHART,
fe7:m70 JAMES M. LINDSAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Co-partnership heretofore existing between J. B. CAMPBELL and C. E. BOSTWICK, engaged in the Produce business, is dissolved by mutual consent. All debts to be settled by either of the old firm.
J. B. CAMPBELL.
C. E. BOSTWICK.

J. B. CAMPBELL
Has removed to his new Warehouse,
No. 24 Smithfield Street,
Where he will continue the business and be glad to see all his old customers. fe8 m3

CO-PARTNERSHIP.
WAGNER, LEECH & CO., Pittsburgh.
McHENRY, LEECH & CO., Philadelphia.
PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1871.
We have this day formed a Copartnership as Brokers and Commission Merchants in Petroleum and its products. Warehouse, Delaware River Philadelphia.
A. R. McHENRY, Sr., Philadelphia,
RICHARD T. LEECH, Pittsburgh,
ja4:d39 L. WAGNER, Pittsburgh.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

SPECIAL RATES
Since January 1st.
We have Just Reduced Prices
ON
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, Mattings, Druggets, &c.
The largest stock and best assortment of all goods in our line at the LOWEST PRICES REACHED IN TEN YEARS.
Oliver McClintock
& Company,
23 Fifth Avenue.
ja18

CARPETS.
WINTER STOCK.
LARGE ASSORTMENT.
ALL QUALITIES,
LOW PRICES.
We call the attention of the Trade to our NEW STOCK, the largest we have offered at this season of the year. Our assortment of
Tapestry and Body Brussels
AND
Druggets and Drugget Squares
Cannot be excelled by any in the market.
Bovard, Rose & Co.
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
ja18:d&F

NEW CARPETS.
We are receiving the first installment of our Spring Stock of Carpets and Oil Cloths, comprising many new and elegant patterns, which we are offering at Reduced Prices.
HENRY McCALLUM,
(Late McCallum Bros.)
ja10 51 FIFTH AVENUE, above Wood street.

Carpet Chain and Batting.
A full supply of CARPET CHAIN AND BATTING at Manufacturers' Prices, will always found at
JOHN WILSON & SONS
No. 297 Liberty Street.
☞Warps furnished on short notice.
no29:e41 HOLMES, BELL & CO.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

City Standard Time.
96 FEDERAL ST.
GENTS' WATCHES.
ALL MAKES, GRADES AND STYLES IN GOLD AND SILVER. WATCHES REPAIRED. CLOCKS, ETC.
Mc
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'S.
FROM $25 A SPECIALTY. OPERA, LEONTINE, GUARD, NECK AND VEST CHAINS. DIAMOND JEWELRY. SILVERWARE.
LADIES' WATCHES.
ALLEGHENY. 96
Thos. M'Fadden, Jr.

BAILEY & CO.,
12th and Chestnut Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA
BRIDAL SILVER
French Bronzes,
FINE WATCHES,
Mantel Sets.
A very large stock in all the above lines. Goods sent by express free of charge.

Wedding Presents.
We have an elegant assortment of SOLID SILVER, and best quality SILVER PLATED WARE, suitable for Wedding Presents, which we will sell at REDUCED PRICES. Persons desiring any such goods will do well to call and examine our stock.
WATTLES & SHEAFER,
fel 101 FIFTH AVENUE.

COAL AND COKE.

Charles H. Armstrong,
DEALER IN
Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,
And Manufacturer of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.
OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward, also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.
Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.
Refer to whom I am supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., Bissell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alex. Bradley, Park, Bro. & Co., Park, McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. H. Perry & Co., J. B. Lyon & Co., James Marshall & Co., Allen, Kirk & Co., Union Depot Hotel, Connellsville R. R., Pennsylvania R. R., Allegheny Valley R. R.

Oscar F. Lamm & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONNELLSVILLE COKE,
DEALERS IN
Youghiogheny and Anthracite Coal
PITTSBURGH, PA.
OFFICE: ROOM No. 5, Gazette Building.
☞Orders respectfully solicited. del:v16

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
No. 567 Liberty Street.
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR,
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

STEAMSHIPS.

NATIONAL LINE,
BETWEEN
New York, Queenstown and Liverpool,

Spain,	France,	Helvetia,
Egypt,	Denmark,	Erin,
Italy,	England,	Virginia,
Holland,	The Queen,	Pennsylvania.

One of the above first-class, full-powered iron Steamships sails from New York
EVERY SATURDAY from New York,
WEDNESDAY from Liverpool,
THURSDAY from Queenstown.
Cabin passage $75 and $65, currency. Excursion Tickets $130, currency.
Steerage passage from New York to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry, $28 currency. Steerage passage from the above places to New York, $32 currency.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Antwerp, Gothenburg, Christiania, Copenhagen, &c., at very low rates.
TO LONDON DIRECT, $75, $65 and $35 currency. For further particulars, apply at the Company's office, 69 BROADWAY, N. Y., or to JOHN J. McCORMICK, Agent, GAZETTE Building, corner Smithfield street and Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞Drafts for sale on England, Ireland, Scotland, &c., at the lowest rates.

LIVERY & SALE STABLES
JOHN H. STEWART............ROBT. H. PATTERSON
Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,
LIVERY, SALE AND
Commission Stables,
COR. 7TH AVENUE AND LIBERTY ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

100 bbls. BEST CALCINED PLASTER, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
au2:c61

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,
BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, February 9, 1871.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices.

	Wednesday.	Thurs.
Bonds—1881	113⅜	113⅝
5-20—1862	111⅛	111⅛
" 1864	110⅝	110⅝
" 1865	110⅝	110⅝
" 1865 new	109⅝	109⅝
" 1867	109⅝	109⅝
" 1868	109⅝	110
10-40s	109⅝	110⅛
Currency 6's	111⅛	111⅛
Gold	111⅛	111⅛
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	93⅝	93⅝
Do Scrip	89⅝	90
Erie	21⅜	21⅜
Reading	98⅝	98⅝
Lake Shore	94⅜	94
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	102⅝	105
Rock Island	106⅝	106⅝
Chicago & N. W.	75	75
Do. Preferred	84⅝	84⅝
St. Paul, Common	53⅝	53⅝
Do. Preferred	74⅝	74⅝
Wabash	52⅝	52⅝
Do. Preferred	75	76
Ohio & Mississippi	35⅝	35⅝
Pacific Mail	43⅝	42⅝
West. Union Telegraph	46	46⅝
Adams Express	67⅝	67⅝
U. S. Express	44⅝	44⅝

Closing quotations as received by James T Brady & Co:

Gold	111⅛	5-20 Jan. & Jy '65	109⅝
U. S. 6s. 1881	113⅜	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '67	109⅝
U. S. 5-20 1862	111⅛	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '68	109⅝
U. S. 5-20 1864	110⅛	U. P. R. R.	79⅝
U. S. 5-20 1865	110⅝	C. P. R. R.	90⅝
U. S. 10-40	110	Cy. Pacifics	111⅛

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, February 9, 1871.

Gold very dull at 111⅛@111⅜. Loans were made at from 2@5 per cent. and one small amount loaned flat. Clearings $28,000,000. At the Sub-Treasury te-day bids for Government gold reached $3,139,900 at 111@111⅜. Governments dull all day at about last night's prices. Ten-Forties advanced a little. Stocks generally steady and strong on New York Central and Lake Shore, weak on Rock Island, and Ohio steady—very little done; Erie took an upward turn, selling up to 22; Central Pacific bonds strong. Money very easy at 4@5 per cent. State bonds heavy, excepting North Carolina, which were very strong but not active.

Sterling Exchange 9⅜.

Coupons '81 113⅜; 5-20s '62 111⅛; do '64 110⅛; do '65 110⅝; new do 109⅝; do '67 109⅝; do '68 109⅝; 10-40s 110⅛; currency 6s 111⅛; Missouri 9⅝; Tennessee old 64; do new 64; Virginia new 61⅜; do old 65; North Carolina old 50⅛; do new 26⅛.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 45⅝; Quicksilver, 12⅜, Mariposa, 5; do preferred, 8⅝; Adams Express, 67⅝; Wells & Fargo do, 30⅝; American do, 46⅛; United States do, 44; Pacific Mail, 42⅛; New York Central, 93⅝; scrip, 90⅝; Erie, 21⅛; do preferred, 44; Harlem, 124⅛; do preferred, 126; Reading, 98⅝; Michigan Central, 117⅝; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 102⅝; Northwestern, 74⅝; do preferred, 84⅝; Rock Island, 106⅝; New Jersey Central, 104⅝; St. Paul, 53; do preferred, 74⅝; Wabash, 52⅝; do preferred, 84; Fort Wayne, 94; Terre Haute, 27; do preferred, 56; Chicago & Alton, 116⅝; do preferred, 119; Ohio & Mississippi, 35⅝; C. C. & C., 83; Baltimore & Ohio, 154; Lake Shore, 94; Ill. Central, 133.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, February 9, 1871.

APPLES—Demand fair, market steady, and prices unchanged. $4.00@4.50 for good to prime and $5 for choice.

APPLE BUTTER—The demand is better but prices remain unchanged, 70@75 per gallon, for good to choice.

ASHES—Common Soda Ash, 4 cts; Refined do 4⅛; Pearl Ash, 9⅛; Potash, 7⅛.

BUTTER—All the commission men report the butter market dull, particularly the common and inferior grades. There is some little inquiry for strictly prime, roll, in small packages, and it may be quoted at 28@30.

BEANS—Demand rather better, but there is no improvement in prices, $1.50@2.00 per bushel.

BROOM CORN—4@5 cts and dull.

BEESWAX—Small sales at 30@31c.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—3⅛@3⅝ cts.

CHEESE—New York Goshen quoted 16⅛@17; Ohio Goshen at 16; Factory, 15@15⅝; Western Reserve, 14@14⅛.

CORNMEAL—Is quoted at 85 per bushel, for small lots instore.

CARBON OIL—Is steady but unchanged, 22@23 cts. for standard brands in a jobbing way.

CEMENT—Sales Louisville Hydraulic at $2.00, and Calcined Plaster at $2.75 per bbl.

COAL—Sales of Anthracite at $9@9⅛ per ton by the car load, delivered.

CRANBERRIES—In fair demand but there is a continued wide range in prices, $12@18 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—There is more inquiry for Peaches, and a firmer feeling though prices are not quotably higher; 8⅛@9 for quarters; 10@11 for mixed and 11@12 for halves. Apples 6@7 cents for ordinary; 8⅛@9 for York state sliced. Blackberries 11@12.

DRESSED HOGS—The market is almost bare and the season may be regarded over the inquiry is very meagre.

EGGS—Pickled eggs continue very dull and holders are very anxious to work them off at almost any price. There is only a moderate demand for fresh and quotations cannot be given above 26@27 cents.

FLOUR—The market is rather weak under the influence of the advices from abroad, and while as might be expected, the demand has fallen off somewhat, there is as yet no quotable decline in prices. There is this difference in the market now as compared with a week ago, holders are more anxious to realize, while buyers are taking hold more sparingly, being apprehensive of a decline. We continue to quote Spring wheat at $7.00@7.25; Minnesota brands, choice, $7.50@7.50; red winter wheat $7.00@7.25; white do $7.25@7.50. Rye Flour, $5.75.

FEATHERS—We are reported sales of No 1 live geese feathers, to the trade, at 75; may be quoted at 80 in small lots.

GRAIN—The Wheat market continues weak and prices are drooping; we now quote fair to prime red at $1.35@1.37, and white at $1.45@1.47, and even at the decline, the demand is only moderate. Oats in limited supply and firm, though not quotably higher; 47@48 buying, and 49@50, selling; small lots 50@55. The receipts for some days past have been unusually light. Ear Corn is scarce, and there is considerable inquiry for small lots; may be quoted at 65@67 in bulk, for mixed to prime yellow; 68@70 in a jobbing way. Sale 2 cars mixed, at 65. Shelled continues dull, notwithstanding the supply is not large. Rye is quiet—very little offering; in the absence of sales, we continue to quote at 90@95. Barley is quiet and devoid of anything particularly new or important; we are reported sales of some 2,300 bushels at 80@85 for spring, and 90@95 for fall.

GROCERIES—The grocery trade continues fairly active, and all the leading houses are now actively engaged in taking in store New Orleans sugars and molasses, the arrivals of which have been heavy for some days past. We reduce our quotations on refined sugars slightly, and advance Rice half a cent per pound; these are about the only changes to note. Following are the ruling quotations:

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 20; Prime, 19; Good, 18; Fair, 17; Roasting, 16@16⅛.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS—White Honey, 75; Havemeyer & Elders, 80; Silver Drips, 60; Loverings, 65; other grades, 45@55.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 11⅛; prime, 11⅛; good, 10⅛; fully fair, 10; Porto Rico Sugars 10@11⅛; Cuba, 10@11; Demarara, 11⅛@12⅛.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 14⅛; A Coffee, 13⅛; "B," 13⅛; Extra C, 13⅛; C. yellow, 12⅛.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1 40; Good, $1 30; Fair, $1. Lower grades down to 70cts. G. P. Fancy, $1 50; good, $1 25; fair, $1 10; Imperial Fancy, $1 40; good, $1 25; fair, $1; Oolong fancy, $1 25; good, 80cts; fair, 60@70c; Souchong fancy, $1 20; good, 90c; fair, 70@80c; Japan Fancy, $1; good, 90c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9c; prime, 8⅛c; good, 8c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 21c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 20c. Cassia, 40c.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Currants, 11⅛@12 cents. Prunes, 11⅛c. Valencia Raisins, 16c. Layer Raisins, $3⅛ per box.

HAY—Is being sold from country wagons at $12@18 per ton.

HOMMY—Sales at 30@35 cts.

HOMINY—Common, $5 00@5 50 per bbl; Pearl, $6 25.

HUSKS—Sales at 2@2⅜ cts.

HIDES—Green salted (all weights) 10⅛@11⅛; green butchers (cow and steer) 7@8; green salted kip 14@16; do calf, 16@18. Dry

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $1.50 per bbl and eastern at $1.75.

MILL FEED—The receipts for some weeks past have been comparatively light and while, in consequence, the market is a shade firmer, there is, as yet, no improvement in prices.

ONIONS—In good demand, and the supply is very much reduced; sales at $4@5 per bbl, according to quality and size of barrel.

OILS—No 1 lard $1.00@1.05; No 2, 70; Pure; Labrador cod oil 75; straits, 65; bank, 60c.

PROVISIONS—Plain Shoulders, 10@10⅛; Sugar Cured, 11@11⅛; Ribbed Sides, 12⅛@12⅛; Clear do, 13⅛@13⅛; Sugar Cured Hams, 16@16⅛. Lard, prime kettle, rendered, 13 in tcs, and 14@14⅛, in kegs and buckets. Mess Pork, $23.00@23.50.

POTATOES—Continue quiet and unchanged. The demand is mainly for small lots, and we quote at $1.20@1.25 per bushel.

PEANUTS—Sales at 6⅛@8 cts.

POULTRY—Market is almost bare, though the demand is by no means active: dressed Chickens may be quoted at 13@15, and Turkeys at 16@18.

RAGS—Quoted at 4@4⅛.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.60@1.65 by the car load, with the usual advance for small lots in store.

SEEDS—The market for both Clover and Timothy is considerably stronger, and we advance our quotations 25 cents per bushel; $7.00@7.25 for the former, and $6.00@6.25 for the latter. Flaxseed is unchanged at $2.12@2.15, and but little offering.

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 4⅛ cts.

TALLOW—Rendered, at 8⅛@8⅛c.

TURNIPS—Very dull and in good supply may be quoted at 45@50c per bushel.

WILLOWS—Sales Kentucky willows at 10.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, February 9, 1871.

The market for crude continues strong and tendency upward, while, on the other hand, refined is weak and drooping. It would seem that the creek bulls continue to manipulate the market in such a way as to still further inflate prices, and as there is but very little inquiry, as there are but few buyers outside of their own ranks, they have it pretty much their own way. It is certain that Pittsburgh does not want much at present prices, and from all that we can learn, Cleveland and Philadelphia are taking hold very sparingly—to buy crude, taking the present prices of refined as a basis, is out of the question. As the shipments out of the oil regions for some time past has been unusually light, the stock there must of necessity have been increased very materially; the receipts at this point the past week or two have been very meagre, not exceeding one thousand barrels per day, and we presume, in the present condition of affairs, that this is equally applicable to Cleveland and other consuming points. From this it is evident that the bulls are carrying a heavy load, and it would not be surprising if some of them get their backs broken yet before they are through with it. It is reported that one of them, a heavy producer, has one hundred thousand barrels in tank, and, that, furthermore, at last accounts, he was still buying. It is confidentially predicted that whenever the "bulls" make an attempt to unload, and it is presumed they will have to do this some time, sooner or later, that there will be sharp decline, perhaps, a panic, and this is only one of its bad effects on legitimate trade.

The Producers report for the month of January, shows, as might be expected, a still further falling off in the production. While this may be true, operators here have very little confidence in anything that emanates from that source, particularly within the past two months.

CRUDE.

Sales 1000 bbls on spot at 12; and 1000 do seller all year at 11, a still further advance, as compared with yesterday. Buyer until July quoted at 12@12⅛, and all year, 13⅛.

REFINED.

The market is quiet and weak, though without quotable change. Sale 1000 bbls February at 21⅛, and 1000 more offered at same figure. It is reported that the 1000 bbls was offered by the bulls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER WEST PENN R. R.

Elkins, Bly & Co, 140 bbls ref. oil to Waring, King & Co., Phila.
Haldship & Co, 46 bbls ref. oil to Waring, King & Co., Phila.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R.

J. A. McKee, 98 bbls refined oil to W. P. Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.
Fawcett, Logan, Stockdale & Co. 200 bbls refined oil to Logan, Bros & Co., Phila.
Wm. McKelvey & Co., 510 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bros & Co., Phila.
Standard Oil Co., 303 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.
Lockhart, Frew & Co., 450 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Philadelphia.
Citizens Oil Co., 251 bbls ref. oil to Tack, Bro & Co., Phila.
Total......1,812 bbls

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Citizens O W 382, account A S Goldrick; Aladdin O W 370, account Thos Chess; Riverside O W 74, account J Weller; Sunbeam O W 222, account Thos Hackett.
Total......1,048 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R.

Standard Oil Co. 630 bbls refined to Warden & Co., Phila.
Citizens' Oil Co., 170 bbls refined oil, to Tack Bros., Philadelphia.
Wormser, Myers & Co. 50 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros., Phila.
Total refined oil shipped......850 bbls.

[By P. & A. Telegraph Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, February 9.—Crude 13⅛@13⅝c. Refined, February 24⅛c; March 25@25⅛c; April 25⅛@25⅛c; May 25⅛c; May and June 25⅛c.

PHILADELPHIA, February 8—5 P. M.—Crude 13⅛c; February 24⅛@24⅛c; March 25c; March and May 25⅛@25⅛c; March and June 25⅛c asked.

NEW YORK, February 9—3 P. M.—Market for bulk crude quiet and steady at 15c; sales were made, but amount not reported. Refined quiet and steady at 25⅛ to 26c; No sales were reported.

NEW YORK, February 9—12 M.—Market for bulk crude quiet and a shade firmer at 15c. Refined steady at 26c.

OIL CITY, February 8.—Producer's Report: Production, 13,494 bbls. Stock at wells January 31, 122,284 bbls; stock in iron tanks January 31, 446,429 bbls; stock in hand at refineries and pipe companies not reported in the above, 40,500 bbls; total, 609,213 bbls. Total shipments for December, 456,064 bbls; total stock on hand December 31, 579,285. By-Law No. 2—The printed reports are furnished to members or others as a confidential communication, and no part of their contents may be given by recipients to any person whatever.

PLEASANTVILLE, February 9.—Market quiet at $4 35.

ROUSEVILLE, February 9.—Market excited. Regardless worth $4 80@4 85; gravity $5. No sales heard of yet.

TIDIOUTE, February 9.—11:30 A. M.—Market firm, with an increased demand for gravity, which would bring $4.70 to-day.

TITUSVILLE, February 9—12 M.—Market very firm, but nominal at $4.60@4.65.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, February 9—12 M.—Market quiet and firm; bidding $4.75@4.80, but holders are asking $5.00; six cars sold at $5.00.

Markets by Telegraph.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, February 9, 1871.

EXCHANGE—Unchanged.
FLOUR—Dull but unchanged.
WHEAT—No. 2 spring closed firmer at $1.22 cash, $1.22⅛ seller last half of month; this afternoon the market is easier at $1.21⅛@1.21⅛ cash.
CORN—No. 2 mixed closed firm at 49c cash; this afternoon the market is quiet and unchanged.
OATS—No. 2 firmer, and closed at 46⅛c.
RYE—No. 2 dull and steady at 87@88c.
BARLEY—No. 2 dull at 87c.
HIGHWINES—Steady at 86c for iron.
PORK—Mess weaker and closed at $22.75@22.87 seller March.
LARD—Steady at 6⅛@6⅛c.
HOGS—Dressed quiet, closing with buyers at $8.80; live quiet at $7.15@7.55.
CATTLE—Fairly active at $3.75@5.25.
RECEIPTS—Hogs 580.
SHIPMENTS—Hogs 4,000.

New York.

NEW YORK, February 9.—Cotton firm; middling upland, 15⅛c. Flour quiet and unchanged; superfine western State, $6.10@6.25; common good $6.65@6.85; white western extra, $7.20@7.65; Ohio, $6.80@7.45; St. Louis, $6.85@8.75. Rye flour and corn meal quiet. Whiskey, 95c. Wheat firm; new spring, $1.51@1.55; red amber, $1.57@1.59; white Michigan, $1.65. Rye, barley and malt unchanged. Corn opened firm, but closed dull, No. 2 mixed, 85@85c; yellow, 85@86c. Oats active and advanced; western Ohio, 63⅛@67c. Hay and hops unchanged. Coffee firm; Rio 11⅛@16⅛c. Sugar dull; Cuba 9⅛@10c. Molasses dull; New Orleans 58@62c. Rice 7⅛@7⅛c. Petroleum; crude 15@15⅛c; refined 26c. Provisions; mess pork, new, $22.87@23; old $22; prime $19.50@20; prime mess, new, $22@22.50. Beef steady; mess 10@15c; extra 16@17⅛c. Hams 20@22c; prime 26@28c; India 26@28c. Cut meats quiet; hams 14@15c; shoulders 8⅛@10c; middles firm. Lard firm; prime steam 12⅛@13c; kettle dried 13⅛c; March 13⅛c; Butter and cheese unchanged.

LATEST.—Flour firm at $6 75@7. Shippers' wheat firm. Rye, oats and corn unchanged. Pork—Mess $22 70 for seller March. Beef—Mess 26@28c. Lard firm; 14c bid for seller May. Eggs steady; fresh 28@29c; limed 15@25c. Whisky firmer at 95⅛@96c.

Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, February 9.—Beeves—No stock trains have have passed over the Hudson River Road for three days but are expected through to-day. Beeves to-day number 64 cars at Weehawken and 22 cars at Communipaw or 1,500 head. Market active and prices unchanged; 100 Illinois steers 6 cwt selling at 12⅛@16c; 7 cwt at 15⅛c; 30 of 7⅛ cwt 14⅛c; 50 Indianas at 6⅛ cwt at 13c. Sheep very dull, only 2,400 having arrived and some of them unsold; prices stationary; 1 car 75 lbs Indiana sheep at 5⅛c; 1 car 77 lbs Ohio at 5⅛c; 2 cars 103 lbs at 7⅛c. Hogs higher with arrivals very light; only 1,800 came in to-day, no sale alive; city dressed worth 10c for heavy and 10⅛@11c for medium to light; western dressed 9⅛@9⅛c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, February 9.—Business continues still without much animation, having been intensified by the ovation to the Fenian exiles, while freight charges stand in the way as a stumbling block for the time being, as buyers positively refuse to purchase any goods in the way of heavy merchandise while freights are so high, and consequently transactions are confined to most pressing requirements for the interior trade, and there is little or no change to notice in prices.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, February 9.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; middling 14⅛c. Flour firm; family $6@6.25. Wheat firm; $1.30@1.33. Corn firm; ear 53@54c, shelled 55c. Rye steady; $1@1.06. Oats steady; No 2 46@48c. Barley quiet and unchanged; $1@1.05 for fall. Coffee firm; prime 18@18⅛c. Sugar firm; 13⅛@11c for prime. Molasses firm. Oils steady; linseed 93c, lard $1.10@1.12. Butter, cheese and eggs unchanged. Clover seed firm; $11.50@11.75. Timothy seed dull, but unchanged; $6.25@6.50. Pork buoyant, but unsettled; sales 1,000 bbls; $22.50, generally held at $22.75. Lard firm; sales at 12⅛@11⅛c for head and gut steam and kettle. Bulk meats firm; shoulders sold at 8⅛c; sides, 10⅛@11c for clear rib and clear, but held ⅛c higher. Bacon firm; sales at 9⅛@11⅛@12c, but held ⅛@⅛c higher. Hogs active and advanced; $7.25@7.75; receipts 525. Whisky firm; 87c. Gold 111⅛. Exchange steady at par.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, February 9.—Cotton dull; 14c. Flour; light demand; superfine winter $5.35@5.50. Wheat stronger; No 2 red winter $1.45. Corn firm; mixed bulk across the river 45@46c. Oats better; No 2 50@51c. Barley; best grades firm and wanted; 80c@1.05 for good to fancy fall. Rye firm; 97@98c. Whisky steady; 90c. Pork firm; $23. Dry salt meats active and firm; loose rough sides 10⅛c; sides; clear rib 10⅛c, do clear 11c. Bacon stiffer; loose shoulders 9⅛c; hams, sugar cured 15⅛c, do canvassed 18⅛c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, February 9.—Tobacco—Sales 200 hhds; common to good lugs 5@6⅛c; low to medium leaf $6 50@9 00. Cotton dull and declined; middling 12⅛@13⅛c. Flour firm; extra family $5 75. Wheat and corn in good demand, but no supply here; firm. Provisions firm; Mess Pork $22 75; Lard 12⅛@14⅛c. Bacon—Shoulders 10c; clear rib sides 12c; clear 12⅛c. Bulk Meats—Shoulders 8⅛c; clear rib sides 11c; clear 11⅛c. Hams—Sugar-cured 16c; 15c—all packed. Whisky steady at 87@88c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, February 9.—Flour dull, but unchanged. Wheat dull and a shade lower; No 1 amber $1 34⅛; No 2 red Wabash $1 33; No 3 do $1 26. Corn quiet and unchanged; high mixed 57c; low do 55⅛c; yellow 58c; no grade 52c. Oats dull but unchanged; Michigan 49⅛c. Clover seed $6 40. Dressed hogs $8 75@8 87.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, February 9.—Flour dull but held firm, with XX spring at $6@6 50. Wheat steady; sales No 1 at $1.24 and No 2 at $1.22. Oats dull and nominal. Corn quiet and weak; No 2 mixed 54c. Rye quiet and weak; No 1 at 87c. Barley scarce and firm; No 2 80c. Hogs dull and declined to $8.85.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, February 9.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; Indiana red $1 59@1 60. Rye $1. Corn; yellow 79c; mixed western 77c. Oats 59@60c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky 93@94c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, February 9.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat opened firm but closed dull, with extra at $1.50; No. 1 $1.40. Corn steady at 61@63c. Oats firm at 50@51c. Barley firm. Clover Seed $6.40. Hogs; demand good at full prices—$9.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, February 9.—Flour steady; western family $7 50@8 50. Wheat dull and unchanged for Ohio. Corn, yellow dull at 80@81c. Oats 60@62c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky 93⅛.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, February 9.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull, but unchanged. Corn steady; shelled 58c. Oats better at 51c. Crude Petroleum $4 40@4 45; refined 24c.

Cotton Markets.

MEMPHIS, February 8.—Cotton dull and nominal at 14⅛@14⅛c. Receipts, 2,239 bales. Shipments, 2,255 bales.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, February 9.—4 cars ore, Lewis, Oliver & P; 5 do do, Jones & L; 6 bbls eggs, H Rea, Jr; 26 bbls apples, H Riddle; 10 bdls hides W A B Clark; 5 bbls grease, J H Parker; 40 bbls b handles, Jas Conner; 30 pkgs tobacco, R F Weddle; 2 bbls gin, 3 1-6 cks brandy, A Kindroling; 5 bbls alcohol, J McCullough; 5 pkgs butter, S S Marvin; 43 do do, 20 do eggs, Voigt, M & Co; 15 bbls whisky, J O'Conner; 10 do do, Jos S Finch & Co; 15 bxs crackers, Kramer, B & Co; 20 pkgs liquor, M Munball & Co; 100 bbls flour, Shoemaker & Co; 1 hhd sugar, Dilworth, H & Co; 100 bbls flour, J B Doe; 4 cars speltre, Moorhead & Co; 200 bbls flour, owners; 1 car speltre, Hussey & Co; 100 bbls flour, Seghauser & V; 13 bbls molasses, W France; 1 car wheat, Marshall, K & Co; 16 hides, G N Hoffstott; 7 pkgs lard, J Morrison; 10 bbls g apples, Bruggeman & O'B; 17 do do, W H Graff & Co; 38 bxs soap, Jenkins; 29 bxs yeast, Voigt & McGraw; 5 rolls leather, J Hammett & Son; 20 do do, Seibert & Berg; 8 pkgs liquor, A G McGrew; 10 bbls d apples, 13 bgs oats, S P Shriver & Co; 100 bbls flour, owner; 132 sks oats, 43 do corn, Bricker & Co; 31 bxs cheese, Woodworth & D; 36 bbls apples, Meanor & H; 6 bbls eggs, 10 do apples, Bruggeman & O'B; 1 car barley, W J Meek; 26 bdls shovels, Myers & A; 28 bbls apples, Vanfossan & S; 16 do do, N Cope, 35 sks rags, McCullough, S & Co; 18 do seed, Reed & Smith; 25 doz brooms, W M Gormley; 1 car bran, Laing & McKallip.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, February 9.—5 cars iron ore, McKnight, P & Co; 1 do do McKnight; 11 do do, Shoenberger, B & Co; 20 do do, McKnight & Co; 2 do do, J Painter & Son; 3 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 2 do do, Zug & Co; 1 car pig iron, Zug & Co; 2 cars iron ore, Coleman, R & Co; 1 do do. Chess, Smyth & Co; 1 do do, Wilson, Glass & Co; 1 do do, 1 do pig iron, Everson, Preston & Co; 1,600 ft lumber, W W Rigdon; 100 bbls lime, D C Ripley; 154 bbls apples, J W Test; 228 sks oats, Marshall & Graham; 100 bbls flour, H Knox; 1 car clay, Park & Bro; 1 car c heading, A Ruff; 181 sks rye, J S Finch; 48 do c seed, 2 do t seed, 58 bbls d apples, 1 do d peaches, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 1 kg a butter, 8 kgs lard, W H Graff & Co; 68 skg rye, Scott & Gisal; 29 bdls paper, 10 rolls, Pgh P M Co; 30 bbls flour, 5 do d apples, 3 tubs and 5 bbls beans, P Duff & Son; 12 bbls potatoes, 2 do apples, Van Gorder & S; 599 empty oil bbls, C A Wormcastle; 1 car hoop poles, A S McClintock; 473 sks e corn, McBane & A; 10 bbls & 20 kgs lard, S Dyer; 15 bxs tobacco, Arbuckles & Co; 15 do do, Carter Bro, & Co; 20 sks t seed, J W Thursby; 8 bbls eggs & butter, Head & M; 12 do do, H Rea Jr; 2 tubs cheese Van Gorder & S; 6 bbls beans, Houck, Jamison & Co; 16 sks oats, 3 do eggs and butter, Gregg & S; 1 bx butter, 1 bbl eggs, H Riddle; 1 tub butter, 4 bbls eggs and butter, Woodworth & D; 3 tcs hams, J W Spence; 161 sks oats, J Rose; 2 cars metal, Brady's Bend Iron Co; 2 do do, Union Iron Mills; 15 bbls meat, Dalzell & Townsend; 4 cases tobacco; E Weyman & Bro; 1,000 b handles, John Bradford; 18 sks oats, W G Miller.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, February 9.—3 cars bulk wheat, Marshall, K & Co; 231 sks barley, 13 do oats, Fred Schiefels; 112 do barley, Spencer, McKay & Co; 203 do barley, 20 do oats, Franheim & Velsaes; 35 do wheat, 272 do barley, 24 do rye, McHenry & Hood; 177 do barley, Z Wainright; 104 do wheat, 38 do barley, Gilmore & Co; 20 bbls whisky, Adler, Rosenberg & Co; 9 bbls d apples, 1 kg lard, 1 bbl eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 10 tubs butter, 2 kgs a do, 18 bbls d apples, 8 firkins butter, H Riddle; 2 kgs butter, P H Schwarlerger & Co; 15 bbls cider, Meanor & Harper; 162 s e shoulders, 859 do hams, 279 bulk shoulders, Wm B Hays & Son; 45 sks coffee, Rinehart & Stevens; 5 bbls whisky, T D Casey & Co; 2 bbls eggs, J A Graff & Co; 12 bxs butter, 25 bbls b w flour, Bruggeman & O'B; 10 bbls hominy, J H Lippincott; 10 bxs tobs, S P Shriver; 25 sks e seed, 25 do oats, F G Craighead; 50 bgs oats, John Wilson & Son; 160 bbls flour, G W Turbee; 43 tubs butter, 4 bbls d apples, W H Graff & Co; 100 bbls flour, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 10 tons pig iron, Nimick & Co; 1 car wheat, J W Bomgardner.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, February 9.—70 bbls tar, L Oppenheimer; 7 sks beans, E Heazleton; 10 sks oats, 10 rolls leather, Seibert & Berg; 22 sks feed, Scott & Gisal; 1 car lime, Henderson & Bro; 5 sks flour, P Louster; 100 bbls tar, Truax & Co; 1 car oil bbls, A Kirk & Co; 6 rolls leather, W Flaccus & Co; 1 car hay, Bianey & Moore; 2 cars metal, Carnagie, Kloman & Co; 2 do do, Graff, Bennett & Co; 2 bbls eggs, Bruggeman & O'Brien; 15 hides, Stimple & Day.

ALLEGHENY STATION, February 9.—8 cars metal, Lewis, Oliver & P; 5 do do, Spang & Co; 1 do lime, J K Shinn; 10 rolls leather, J Eisenbis; 1 car mill feed, Houck, J & Co; 2 pkgs butter, Herwig & R; 49 bgs flaxseed, M B Saydam; 8 bbls cider, S Hahn, 5 bbls hams 40 sks flour, R A Carson; 4 bxs butter, 1 bbl eggs, H Lenz; 36 bbls apples, 5 sks potatoes, F Owens; 5 bbls flour, T F Grubbs; 40 do do, C & J Netting; 79 sks c meal, G Stewart; 100 bbls flour, R Knox & Son; 1 car cooperage, Marshall, K & Co; 1 car lumber, Dunham, S & Co; 1 car ore, Rogers & B; 1 car lumber, McKirdy & McGinnis.

WEST PENNA. RAILROAD COMPANY, February 9.—3 cars mdse, C Pemberton; 1 car bark, Wettach & Son; 1 car brick, Pittsburgh Forge & Iron Co; 2 cars lumber, Reed & Bro; 1 car do, John Nanz; 1 car bark, A Holstiene; 1 car salt, Penna Salt Co; 26 sks wheat, Joseph Craig; 1 bx candles, J W Drape; 20 bgs potatoes, 43 do wheat, J H Spear; 5 bbls whisky, J Frolich; 1 bg beans, Jas O'Hanlen; 8 hides, 2 bbls tallow, J C Lappe; 6 bdls s pelts, Stimple & Day.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

CINCINNATI, PER JUNIATA, February 9.—19 hhds sugar, 16 bbls molasses, J Wilson & Son; 12 hhds sugar, 1 bbl do, ⅛ do coffee, F A Dohrman & Co; 10 hhds sugar, 6 bbls molasses, Carter, McGrew & Co; 16 do do, Shipton & Wallace; 18 hhds sugar, 65 bbls molasses, S P Shriver & Co; 10 hhds sugar, 61 bbls molasses, J S Dilworth & Co; 4 hhds sugar, 19 bbls molasses, Arbuckles & Co; 26 hhds sugar, 20 bbls molasses, J Porterfield & Co; 16 hhds sugar, 14 bbls molasses, Watt, Lang & Co; 215 do do, Head & Metzgar; 50 do do, Hayworth & Dewhurst; 14 do do, 2400 nail kegs, 286 bdls hoops, Dickey & Co; 14 bbls molasses, Duff & Son; 1 hhd sugar, Forrester, Coleman & Co; 16 pigs lead, Hailman & Hammett; 12 bales hemp, H Gerwig & Co; 2 bbls lard oil, W H Howard & Co; 2 bbls varnish, M Seibert & Co; 1 do do, Freeman & Berger; 25 bbls marble dust, Birmingham, Bottling Co; 3 bxs drugs, F H Eggers; 40 bbls onions, J J Pettit & Co; 2 bbls varnish, W H Brill & Co; 25 sks pea nuts, E H Magin; 50 tons pig iron, Loomis & Collard; 3 bbls eggs, H Rea Jr; 5880 hoop poles, Gilmore & Co; 92 sks mill feed, 70 sks corn, J & W Fairley; 50 bbls hay, H S A Stewart; 10 bdls brooms, John McKirdy & Co.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, February 9.—2 pkgs eggs, M W Rankin; 20 sks wheat, McHenry & Hood; 35 bales hay, J B Holley; 535 bxs w glass, R C Schmertz; 80 sks flour, S Minor; 50 do wheat, W Welsh & Co; 22 bbls apples, G W Hazelbaker; 2 bbls poultry, Houck, J & Co; 166 sks wheat, Vanvorhis; 50 bbls flour, Shoemaker & Co; 22 bales hay, 55 boards, A S Carlisle; 12 bales hay, Laing & McKallip; 25 bbls flour, J S Dilworth & Co; 120 bdls boards, Fleming & Bro; 12 bales hay, J N Stephens; 59 sks wheat, McCracken, G & Co; 150 sheep, J P Donley; 50 hogs, Bailey.

GENEVA PER BELLE, February 9—9 bales hay, S Patterson; 90 sks barley, Z Wainwright; 111 posts, H B Goe; 4 pkgs potatoes, J Smith; 20 hogs, W Allen; 12 bbls flour, McCracken, G & Co; 180 sheep, H Bailey; 27 sks wheat, McCracken, G & Co; 1 bbl eggs, 1 bx butter, M W Rankin; 90 bgs wheat, Marshall, K & Co; 6 do do, Keil & Richart; 18 sks oats, 83 do wheat S B Floyd & Co; 27 bgs oats, S Brown; 1 kg eggs, 1 bx butter, Voigt, M & Co; 38 sheep skins, W Flaccus & Son.

PROFESSIONAL.

H. B. SWOOPE,
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And United States District Attorney, will attend to professional business entrusted to him, both in Federal and State Courts.
OFFICE in CUSTOM HOUSE, 2d story. oc29:f26

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my4:MWFT

RIVER NEWS.

The river was about stationary last evening with 5 feet in the channel. As the weather has again turned colder, the prospects for more water are not encouraging, notwithstanding there was a little rain on yesterday forenoon there may be a swell of a few inches, but, at present nothing more is expected.

The Juniata arrived last evening from Cincinnati with a big trip, and will depart again this morning. As will be seen by reference to her manifest, she had a large amount of sugar and molasses.

The Granite State, Capt. Wash. Kerr, is the regular packet for Portsmouth to-day, leaving promptly at 4 P. M. She will receipt passengers and freight through to all points on the Kanawha river to Chillicothe, and to Cincinnati. It should be borne in mind that Capt. Kerr always leaves promptly on time.

The Belle Vernon, Capt. Darragh is filling up steadily for Nashville and will leave as advertised, on Saturday. Mr. T. J. Darragh continues to have charge of the office and he is ably assisted by Wm. Ghriest.

The great capstan case, in which Capts. John S. McMillan and Hugh Campbell are plaintiffs, and Capt. John L. Rhodes, and other owners of the Armenia are defendants, it is said will come up in the United States Court next week. This matter has been in litegation for some fifteen years, and the result is looked for with considerable interest, by quite a number of steamboat owners, as it is regarded as a test case.

The Carrie Brooks, from Zanesville, is due to-day and will return to-morrow as usual at 4 P. M.

The Silver Lake No. 4, Capt. Todd, and the Rover, Capt. Greenlee, are both announced for St. Louis.

The Wild Duck, from St. Louis, with a cargo of iron ore, is among the first transient boats due.

—In 1866, when Captain Charles Merry had so much difficulty in procuring insurance on produce shipped in his barges, this paper took the ground that risks upon goods to be transported in barges were the very best risks offered to insurance companies, and that the day was not distant when all underwriters would be glad to write such policies at a less rate than charged upon goods shipped per steamer. That day has arrived, and there are good sound companies in this city perfectly willing to write on goods shipped per barge line at 50@60c per hundred dollars of value; and we further predict that the day is not distant when even this rate will be halved, and the companies who can get all they want of that kind of underwriting to do will get rich at that. The most successful underwriters are those who scrutinize closely and discriminate freely, taking risks on goods in certain situations and under certain conditions at a much lower rate of premium than upon goods in certain other situation and conditions. The St. Louis and Memphis Packet Company, for instance, have lost no money for the insurance companies for a period of nine years or more. Of course it is easy to see that goods shipped by their line are safe at a premium much less than should be charged upon goods shipped on lines where more or less loss is suffered every year. Consequently the rate on goods by the St. Louis and Memphis boats has also been greatly cut down. We trust our underwriters will rapidly learn the good there is in a wise and free discrimination, and apply it henceforth effectively and promply, without the fear of the "Board" before their eyes.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

—Thomas Phillips, who is engaged in wrecking the sunken Leodora, near Ponca, Nebraska, was in Sioux City, January 31. He says that the recovery of the valuable freight claimed to be in the hull of the steamer is now a sure thing. Several kegs of liquor and other valuable goods have already been taken out. Mr. Phillips took a horse power, which he intends to apply to the pumps in pumping the water out of the hull of the boat. The only drawback heretofore experienced in reaching the freight has been the lack of facilities for keeping the water out of the hull. By applying a horse power to a certain contrivance which he has gotten up, he thinks he will be able to overcome this hindrance, and thus give the men a chance to work in removing the freight. The pumps are calculated to throw about 30 gallons of water a minute.

—Four hundred bales of cotton belonging to Gen. Alcorn, Governor of Mississippi, were destroyed by fire Sunday, about twelve miles above Delia.

—The formation of a joint stock company, with a capital of $500,000, is contemplated for the purpose of building iron steamboats in Cincinnati.

—The Seminole, bound from New Orleans to White River, was compelled to return to New Orleans Friday, owing to a broken shaft.

—The Great Republic has 439 sks coffee, 772 bars railroad iron and 1,650 pkgs merchandise, from New Orleans to St. Louis.

—Captain B. C. Levi advertises the steamer Glasgow for sale at Louisville.

—Evansville is to have a new wharfboat, 240 feet long by 60 feet wide.

RIVER PACKETS.

U. S. MAIL LINE.
Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Company.
LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M., 4:30 P. M.,
FOR ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.
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STEAMER CHIEFTAIN...Capt. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
STEAMER E. BENNETT...Capt. Z. W. CARMACK.
For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 5⅛ o'clock.
de2:161 A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.
TUESDAY, 14th inst., at 4 P. M.
The splendid passenger steamer
SAVANNA,
Capt. M. A. COX,
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
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FOR EVANSVILLE, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.
FRIDAY, February 10th, at 4 P. M.
The splendid passenger steamer
Silver Lake, No. 4,
Capt. TODD,
Will leave as announced.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
fe2 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

Gray's Iron Line.
St. LOUIS, EVANSVILLE and CAIRO.
THIS DAY, 10th of February,
The powerful towboat
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THOS. GREENLEE......Commander.
Will leave as announced.
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G. H. GHRIEST & CO.,
ja30 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

EVANSVILLE, NASHVILLE, &c.

FOR LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE AND NASHVILLE.
SATURDAY, February 11th, 4 P. M.
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BELLEVERNON,
J. J. DARRAGH......Commander.
T. J. DARRAGH......Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
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FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
fe7 GHRIEST & CO., Agents.

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FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA AND ZANESVILLE.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY SATURDAY, 4 P. M.
Leaves Zanesville EVERY TUESDAY, 8 A. M.
The New and Splendid Passenger Steamer
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H. DARLINGTON......Commander.
GEO. L. REPPART......Clerk.
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FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG, POMEROY, IRONTON AND PORTSMOUTH.
Leaves Pittsburgh Every Monday, 4 P. M.
Leaves Portsmouth Every Thursday, 8 A. M.
The new and splendid Passenger Steamer,
R. W. Skillenger,
Capt. F. M. FLESHER.
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
fe4 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG, IRONTON AND PORTSMOUTH.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY FRIDAY, at 4 P. M.
Leaves Portsmouth EVERY MONDAY, 10 A. M.
The new and splendid Passenger Steamer
GRANITE STATE,
W. H. KERR......Commander,
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CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET.
LEAVES EVERY THURSDAY—12 M.
The new and splendid Sidewheel Packet
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de21 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

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FOUNDATION BOLTS FOR DAMS, with ends slit by machinery, HOOK and EYESCREW and SCREW and STRAP HINGES. Originators and Patentees of their new line of
Wagon Hardware,
Comprising Patent Wagon Box, Strap Bolts and Wrought Iron Bolster Plates, Large Head Wagon Rivets, Neck Yoke Eyes, King Bolts, Box Rods, Ruber Plates, Axle Bolts, Queen Bolts, Tongue Cap, Sand Band, Single Tree and other labor saving odd shapes of iron. Send for prices to
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
91 and 92 Water St., and 114 and 116 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DUQUESNE WORKS.
Coleman, Rahm & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON, NAILS, STEEL,
Axels and Springs.
DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA
FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG AND DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS WEDGES and HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS, cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A B STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES,
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.
All Goods First Class and Warranted.
OFFICES AND WORKS—16th street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water street, Pittsburgh. mh9

Etna Iron Works,
SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron, Nails, Boiler Plate
AND
WROUGHT IRON TUBES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. of Sandusky St. and West Penn, and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R's, Allegheny City.
Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA. no4:g50

Pittsburgh Steel Works.
ESTABLISHED IN 1845.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Cast Steel
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO.
Best Refined German Plow & Spring Steel.
CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. de2:n61

PITTSBURGH
Novelty Works.
FOUNDED A. D. 1833.
MOORHEAD, ADAMS & CO.,
Manufacturers of KEYSTONE STANDARD (Fairbank's Patent) PLATFORM AND COUNTER
SCALES.
Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.
Corner of FIRST AVENUE and GRANT STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sheffield Steel Works.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of every description of
Cast and German Steel,
RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.
WAREHOUSE—83 Water and 160 First streets.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
STEEL.
OFFICE and WAREHOUSE—30th 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

CRESCENT
STEEL WORKS.
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
OFFICE: No. 339 Liberty Street,
my25:s46 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

FORT PITT
Boiler, Still and Tank WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR FIREBOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS, OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS, CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS, STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES, PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. de8:161

O'HARA BOILER WORKS
F. REPHAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, OIL TANKS, STILLS, AGITATORS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, SETTLING PANS, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.
Cor. of Second Avenue and Liberty Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

Riesick & Bro.,
FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF
SAFES AND VAULTS.
NO DAMP. NO MOULD.

ENGINES AND MACHINERY,
BREWERY WORK, REPAIRING and PUTTING UP MACHINERY, HYDRAULIC CEMENT. Corner 17th and PIKE STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
no16:c6

LOCOMOTIVES, &c.
THE PITTSBURGH LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR WORKS manufacture all descriptions of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS AND TANKS.
D. A. STEWART, President; WILSON MILLER, Secretary and Treasurer, J. AUG. DURGIN, Supt. Office, No. 10 SIXTH ST., Pittsburgh.

Samson Boiler Works,
BRENNEMAN & WARD.
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, TANKS, OIL STILLS AND SHEET IRON WORK, Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Particular attention paid to repairing.

STONE.

WEST COMMON MACHINE STONE WORKS.
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FREDERICK ATVATER & CO.,
Have on hand or prepare on short notice, Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms
de17:136

HENDERSON, J. & BROTHERS, 386 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.—After Dec. 4th, 1870, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Ex.	[illegible]	Mail Train	[illegible]
Southern Ex.	[illegible]	Fast Line	[illegible]
Mail Train	[illegible]	Cincinnati Ex.	[illegible]
Cincin'ti Ex.	[illegible]	Pittsb'gh Ex.	[illegible]
Phila. Express	[illegible]	Pacific Ex.	[illegible]
Fast Line	[illegible]	Way Passn'r.	[illegible]
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Wall's No. 1	6:20 am	Wall's No. 1	[illegible]
Brintn Ac No 1	10:30 am	Brin'n Ac No. 1	[illegible]
Wall's No. 2	11:51 am	Wall's No. 2	[illegible]
Wall's No. 4	6:05 pm	Johnstown Ac.	[illegible]
Johnstown Ac.	4:05 pm	Wall's No. 3	[illegible]
Wall's No 3	3:05 pm	Braddocks Ac No. 1	[illegible]
Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm	Brin'n Ac No. 2	[illegible]
Wilkinsb'g Ac.	8:50 pm	Wall's No. 4	[illegible]
Braddocks Ac. No. 1	4:50 pm	Wilkinsb'g Ac.	[illegible]

Cincinnati Express and Southern Express leave daily.
Pacific Express leaves daily except Monday.
All other trains daily, except Sunday.
The Church Trains leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 1:05 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:35 p. m. Sunday Brinton Accommodation leaves Pittsburgh at 8:50 p. m.; arrives at Brinton at 9:30 p. m.
For further information apply to
W. B. STOREY, Agent.
The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner unless taken by special contract.
A. J. CASSATT,
de8 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA R. R.—On and after DEC. 19, 1870, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:
(CITY TIME.)

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springd'e No. 1	6:40 a m	Mail	7:00 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:20 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:20 a m
Express	10:20 a m	Claremont Ac.	11:00 a m
Claremont Ac	12:53 p m	Express	[illegible]
Freeport No. 2	3:40 p m	Springd'e No. 1	[illegible]
Mail	5:40 p m	Freeport No. 2	[illegible]
Springd'e No. 2	6:00 p m	Springd'e No. 2	[illegible]

Above trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Freeport every Sunday at 8:10 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at [illegible] A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at [illegible] P. M. and arrives at Freeport at 2:30 P. M.
Through tickets to Butler and Hannahstown may be purchased at Walker's Stage Office, No. 2 St. Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.
For further particulars apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent
Federal Street Depot.
Local Tickets to all important Stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.
A. J. CASSATT,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.
ROBERT NEILSON,
de17 Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.
From December 4, 1870, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:48 a m	Fast Line	[illegible]
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:38 a m	Wheeling Ex.	[illegible]
Erie & Yg'n Ex.	7:13 a m	Pacific Ex.	[illegible]
Chicago Mail	7:23 a m	Chicago Mail	[illegible]
Chicago Ex.	11:08 a m	Cleveland Ex.	[illegible]
Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	2:33 p m	C. & St. L. Ex.	[illegible]
Pacific Ex.	2:38 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex.	[illegible]
Wellsville Ex.	4:38 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	[illegible]
Erie Express	4:48 p m	Erie Express	[illegible]
DEPART FROM ALLEG'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY.	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	[illegible]
Leetsdale "	10:33 a m	Bea'r Falls "	[illegible]
" "	11:33 a m	Enon "	[illegible]
New Castle "	2:13 p m	New Castle "	[illegible]
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	[illegible]
Leetsdale "	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	[illegible]
Bea'r Falls "	6:33 p m	Leetsdale "	[illegible]
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m		
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:50 a m

Chicago Express leaves daily.
Pacific Express arrives daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
Fast Line arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.
F. R. MYERS, Genl. Pas. & Ticket Agent. J. N. McCULLOUGH, Genl. Manager.

DEPARTMENT OF CONSTRUCTION,
Western Division
WEST PENNA. RAILROAD.
Time Table, No. 2. To take effect MONDAY, January 30th, 1871.

WESTWARD.

	Total Dist'ce.	A.M. No. 1.	P.M. No. 3.
Leave Intersection		[illegible]	[illegible]
" Buffalo	.8	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Sarver's	7.6	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Saxon	10.4	10:02	[illegible]
" Delano	11.4	10:08	[illegible]
" Coyle's	14.1	10:23	[illegible]
" Herman	15.8	10:35	[illegible]
" Brinker's	16.5	10:39	[illegible]
Arrive Butler	20.9	11:05	6:15

EASTWARD.

	Dist'ces bet'n St'ns.	A.M. No. 2	P.M. No. 4.
Leave Butler		7:00	[illegible]
" Brinker's	4.4	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Herman	.7	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Coyle's	1.6	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Delano	2.8	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Saxon	1.0	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Sarver's	2.8	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Buffalo	7.0	8:37	[illegible]
Arrive Intersection	.8	8:40	4:10

ANTES SNYDER,
fe1:m52 Principal Assistant Engineer.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 20, 1870, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, city time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:43 a. m.	Southern Express	[illegible]
Dennison Accom'n	7:13 a. m.	McDonald Ac	[illegible]
Pacific Ex.	11:03 a. m.	Steubenville Accom'n	9:56 a.m.
M'Donald Accommod'n	11:28 a. m.	Cincinnati Express	12:28 a. m.
Southern Express	3:28 p. m.	McDonald Accommod'n	4:13 p.m.
Steubenville Accommod.	3:53 p. m.	Dennison Accom'n	[illegible]
McDonald Accommod'n	5:13 p. m.	Fast Line	[illegible]
Sunday Ch'h Train	12:58 p.m.	Sunday Ch'h Train	9:56 a.m.

The 11:03 A.M. Pacific Express will leave daily. The 12:28 Cincinnati Express will arrive daily. All other trains will arrive daily, except Sundays.
Trains on Chartiers road will leave Mansfield on the arrival of Dennison Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 7:13 A. M. on Steubenville Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 3:53 P. M.; returning, will connect at Mansfield with trains due at Pittsburgh at 9:58 A. M. and 4:13 P. M.
W. L. O'BRIEN,
General Ticket Agent, Columbus, O.
W. W. CARD, Sup't., Dennison Ohio. de8

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.
On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5th, 1870, 3 through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Union Depot for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	LEAVE PITTSBURGH.	ARRIVE AT PITTSBURGH.
Day Express	7:20 A. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Night Express	8:40 P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
Way Passenger	9:35 A. M.	
Mail Train		[illegible] P. M.
Brady's Bend Acc'n	3:05 P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
Soda Works	6:10 P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
1st Hulton	6:45 A. M.	[illegible] A. M.
2d Hulton	4:40 A. M.	[illegible] P. M.
3d Hulton	11:00 P. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Parnassus	11:40 A. M.	[illegible] P. M.

Church train to and from Hulton (Sunday) arrives at 10:10 A. M. and leaves at 1:00 P. M.
Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations.
Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, both ways between Pittsburgh and Corry.
Through Coaches on Day Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Brocton's.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup.
de5 JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, Dec. 4th, 1870, Trains will arrive at and depart from Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, as follows—city time:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Mail Train	8:30 A.M.	1st McKeesport Ac.	6:50 A.M.
Way Passenger	9:15 A.M.	West Newton Ac.	8:25 A.M.
1st McKeesport Ac.	11:00 A.M.	Express Tr'n	[illegible] A.M.
Expr's Train	3:10 P.M.	2d McKeesport Ac.	2:10 P.M.
West Newton Ac.	4:20 P.M.	Way Passen'r	[illegible] P.M.
Braddock's Ac.	5:20 P.M.	Mail Train	6:10 P.M.
2d McKeesport Ac.	6:20 P.M.	Braddocks Ac.	7:50 P.M.
3d McKeesport Ac.	10:40 P.M.	3d McKeesport Ac.	9:20 P.M.
West Newton Church Tr'n*	12:45 P.M.	West Newton Church Tr'n*	10:10 A.M.

*Sundays only. All other Trains daily except Sunday.
D. D. ABGEL,
de4 Master of Transportation.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.

JOHN Q. WORKMAN......H. RICHARD DAVIS
WORKMAN & DAVIS,
Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in
Carriages, Buggies,
SPRING & BUCK WAGONS.
42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.
Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work gotten up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular. Newest style of work constantly on hand.
SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of SARVIN'S PATENT WHEELS and Sapp's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Rattler for Shafts.
H. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Alex. and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.
JOHN Q. WORKMAN,
H. RICHARD DAVIS,
Late with Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh.

LEAD, DRUGS, &c.

PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
J. Schoonmaker & Son,
PROPRIETORS,
Manufacturers of WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, BLUE LEAD, ZINCS, LITHARGE, PUTTY and all colors DRY AND IN OIL.
OFFICE AND FACTORY
450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street,
ALLEGHENY.
We call attention to the guarantee posted on our Strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a "pure carbonate of lead," we mean "absolutely pure," that is free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior, both in color and covering property.
GUARANTEED to be a purer carbonate of Lead and whiter than any in the market, and will forfeit the price of this package if containing the [illegible] adulteration.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

Schmidt & Friday,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &c.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
Nos. 384 and 386 Penn,
Cor. of ELEVENTH ST., formerly Canal.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

High Office.—That of Major Harper's at the top of the inclined railway.

Official.—A special meeting of Councils will be held on Monday next at 2 o'clock P. M.

$300,000 is the money value as appraised of the estate of the late Hon. John Covode.

John McGowan was fined one dollar and costs yesterday by Justice Krehan for drunkenness.

James McClelland, for being drunk and disorderly, was sent up ten days by Mayor Callow.

Henry Iverhie was held for a hearing yesterday morning on a charge of desertion, preferred by his wife.

A Man named Denny, Wednesday afternoon, had his skull fractured, by the overturning of a truck upon which there was a lot of ties.

"The Schoolmaster Abroad" is wanted to interpret the following notice on a house in this city: "Masken Maskerade Ropen to let up stares."

Children's Matinee.—Mr Evans will give a Matinee Reading at Library Hall on Saturday at 2 o'clock. As Mr. Evans is a great favorite with the little folks we expect to see a good house.

Assault and Surety.—Jennie Graham made an information before Alderman Strain yesterday, charging John M. Richards with surety of the peace and assault and battery. Warrant issued.

Insured.—Mr. W. C. Curry, formerly of this city, who was among the victims in the Hudson River Railway disaster, had a policy of insurance against death by accident of ten thousand dollars.

Alderman Irvin issued a warrant yesterday for the arrest of John Husel, on the oath of Justus Shick, who charged John with having obtained cigars and tobacco to the amount of $12.50 by false representations.

Eliza Jane Vaughn made oath before Alderman Irvin, of Allegheny, charging W. H. Thomas with surety of the peace. She alleges that Thomas threatened to do her bodily harm. Warrant issued.

Home.—Mr. James E. Burns, the popular druggist corner of Sixth street and Penn avenue, is home from the eastern markets, where he purchased a magnificent assortment of perfumeries, toilet articles and fancy goods.

To be Taken Down.—Yesterday Fire Marshal Butler visited the scene of the late fire on the south side and ordered the dangerous walls to be torn down, and a fence to be built up around the place. This precaution is a wise one and may prevent loss of life.

Surety of the Peace. Thomas Fonkey yesterday made an information before Alderman McMaster against Nicholas Brooks for surety of the peace. Complainant alleges that the accused indulged in threats against his personal well being. A warrant was issued.

William Reddick night before last got into a dispute at Bennett's saloon on Smithfield street, with William Patrick, and in order to enforce his argument, as is alleged, knocked Patrick known. Alderman Strain yesterday granted a warrant for the arrest of Reddick.

John Earnest Ludwig Koch, the man who was arrested Wednesday evening for stealing a roll of cloth valued at $50 from the tailoring establishment of Mr. Christopher Koch, on Wylie street, had a hearing before Mayor Brush yesterday morning and was committed to jail for trial.

The Fee Bill.—As it passed the House, the fee bill as amended by Mr. Robb, does not affect any officer elected prior to January 1st, 1871; also gives the Commissioners two thousand dollars per annum each, and does not interfere with the fees of the present County Treasurer.

A confidence victim called at the Mayor's office yesterday. He had been led to purchase a ring valued at thirty-seven dollars, from a needy customer, and afterwards found that "all is not gold that glitters," of which the ring was an evidence. The Mayor had no balm for his wounded spirit.

A string of sausages one hundred feet long is the latest novelty of Westmoreland county. Linked sweetness very long drawn out. The sheep do not suffer from the ravages of dogs in that county, while rats live in utter contempt of cats. We don't suggest anything for most people like sausages well fried.

A Meeting of the citizens of the 12th, 13th, 15th, 16th and 17th wards will be held at the *Lower School House* of the 16th ward, on *Friday Evening*, to take further action in reference to a Market House. All are invited to attend. The Market Committee of Councils are most respectfully invited to be present.

Notice.—There will be a meeting of the Brick Makers of Allegheny County, on Saturday, the 11th, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the office of the Pittsburgh Steam Brick Company, corner of First avenue and Wood street. Business of importance will be brought before the meeting. 2 By order of the Chairman.

Men for the Times.—Our readers will be glad of an opportunity to hear Major Frew this evening on "Men for the Times," at the Christian Association rooms, Sixth and Penn streets. He is a man of prominence in business and social circles, has traveled abroad and possesses rare scholarly ability. Admission free.

The Republican Executive Committee of Westmoreland county are requested to meet at the Westmoreland House, in Greensburg, on Tuesday next, the 14th of February, 1871 at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a delegate to the Republican State Convention, which assembles at Harrisburg on the 10th day of March next.

Ninety Acres of Valuable Coal at Auction.—About ninety acres of valuable coal, in Union township, underlying part of the William Carnahan farm, on Little Saw Mill Run Railroad, will be sold at 7½ o'clock on Tuesday evening next at McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 108 Smithfield street. For particulars see auction advertisement.

"Unexpended Balance."—The following is a statement of the "unexpended balance" on hand February 1st, 1871:

National Trust Company	$129,443 80
Allegheny National Bank	128,790 85
Iron City National Bank	158,792 40
	$417,027 05

Our Boys.—Mrs. Jane G. Swisshelm thinks Pittsburgh has more viciously wicked bad boys than any other city in the country, and says: "The only explanation of the mystery is that the German element in Western Pennsylvania throws all the domestic drudgery upon women, and leaves the boys to get rid of their surplus vitality as best they can." Boys, who will care for Mother Swisshelm now?

Larceny by Bailee.—An information was made yesterday by Robert E. McDevitt before Alderman Thomas, charging John Jones, a bar-tender at the "Big Sunflower" saloon, with the larceny of a watch. The information alleged that a watch had been handed by the prosecutor to defendant for safe-keeping, who refused to give it up when demanded. A hearing was had and the case dismissed, the complainant failing to appear.

Coroner's Inquest.—An inquest was held by Coroner West yesterday morning on the body of an old lady named Mrs. O'Connor, who died suddenly at her residence at No. 18 Fayette street, this city, on Wednesday morning. A jury was empannelled, and Dr. McCandless, Jr., held a *post mortem* examination, and stated that death had been caused by excessive hemorrhage of the lungs. A verdict in accordance therewith was rendered.

Alexander McGrew appeared before Alderman Strain yesterday, and charged Lieut. David Campbell, of the Mayor's police with larceny by bailee. The accused was arrested and taken to the lock-up some time ago and alleges that Campbell took charge of his watch and refused to return it. We have no doubt but that Mr. Campbell will be able to give a satisfactory explanation at the hearing. A warrant was issued.

False Pretences.—Frederick Arnold was brought before Alderman McMaster yesterday, charged on oath of Margaret Givens with larceny by bailee. She alleges that she bought from a Mr. Shook, a furniture dealer, the predecessor of the accused, half a dozen chairs and at that time took four of them away and when she went for the other two Arnold refused to give them up on the ground that they were part of the stock in trade bought by him. Held for court.

Meeting of Iron Men.—A meeting of representatives of the rolling mill companies of Pittsburgh and the neighboring regions was held in this city on Wednesday, to fix the price of iron for the ensuing year. It appeared that the parties living up to the card rates fixed a year ago have done well, and that such have suffered as have cut under these rates. It was resolved to continue the existing card rates, and to stand by them, as necessary for proper remuneration to the business.

Kicked by a Horse.—Yesterday morning about half-past ten o'clock, George Printer who is a driver for Engine Company No. 2, received injuries from which he may not recover. He was engaged in cleaning his horses, when one of them kicked him violently in the region of the heart, leaving the impress of the entire shoe on the skin. He was in convulsions when picked up, and has remained in that condition ever since. He was taken to his home on Liberty street, and Dr. Duncan summoned, who did everything in his power to alleviate his sufferings. At latest accounts his condition was considered critical.

Unpaid List of letters at Pittsburgh Postoffice, Feb. 8:

Cadman C, St. Louis, Mo., 3c.
Collman Ellen, Freeport, Pa., 3c.
Democrat, Coshocton, O., 3c.
Demorest W. J, New York, 3c.
Day Lizzie, Waynesburg, 3c.
Geary Samuel, Latrobe, Pa., 3c.
Hartman & Rowley, Winchester, Va., 3c.
Johnston Richard, New York, 3c.
Lipscomb & Co. J. R, Richmond, Va., 3c.
Mayers A, Crestline, Ohio, 3c.
McCally Jno. M, Louisville, Ky., 3c.
Reese & Co. R. F, Stanton, Va., 3c.
Thorp Chas, Chicago, Ills., 3c.
[illegible] Bros & Baker, Norfolk, Va., 3c.
[illegible] Laura R, Elizabeth, Pa., 3c.
[illegible], Carthage, Ills., 3c.
Blake Bros, New Haven, Conn., 3c.
Campbell Mathew, Reynoldsville, Pa., 3c.
Savage Jno T, New York, 3c.
Mier Mary, Freeport, Pa., 3c.

Full of Wrath.

Henry Whitford, who was arrested at Erie on the suspicion of being the assassin of Wisner, at Titusville, is out in a furious card in which he threatens dire revenge in a legal way on the detective who captured him. He has been discharged from custody, and concludes his card by saying:

"Now I propose that somebody shall sweat for this. I am a poor, hard-working man, but I am not to be cat-hauled and bamboozled by a set of scallawags who think they have a right to pounce on anybody they please, hustle him into a cell, steal his clothes and "murder" his reputation. I intend to commence a suit for $10,000 damages against the perpetrator of this outrage, and if he is worth the money, I expect to recover it. I have never murdered anybody, and never expect to, though there are some men who have injured me who would have been "murdered" by the public executioner long ago, if they had got their deserts. Wisner was not one of them, and God knows his blood is not on my hands, nor on my coat."

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Monthly Meeting Last Night—Minor Matters Disposed Of—The Appropriation for 1871—A Question of Salaries—The Controller's Report—Financial Affairs—Committees' Reports—The Police Force to be Increased—New Council Rules Adopted—Routine Business.

Last evening the regular monthly meeting of Allegheny Councils was held at City Hall.

SELECT COUNCIL.

Was called to order promptly at seven o'clock by President McBrier, the following members being in attendance:

Messrs. Huckenstine, Kirkpatrick, Mathias, Megraw, Moul, Omsler, Patterson, Reineman, Riddle, Schoyer, Thompson, Wettach and President McBrier.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

PETITIONS, &C.

Mr. RIDDLE presented a petition for the appointment of a Gas Inspector. Referred to Gas Committee.

Mr. KIRKPATRICK, petition from Pleasant Valley Railroad, asking for right of way over Ohio street. Referred.

Mr. SCHOYER, petition for grading and paving of Hope alley. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. MATHIAS, a petition, asking for some action to be taken to improve the condition of streets in the Ninth ward. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. REINEMAN, petition for paving several streets in Seventh and Eighth wards. Referred.

Mr. RIDDLE, communication from James Andrews, in regard to grading Willow street. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. A. PATTERSON, petition for paving; also for water pipe on an alley in the Sixth ward. Referred.

Mr. MATHEWS, a petition from the Pleasant Valley Railway asking privilege to traverse several streets in the Second ward. Referred.

THAT PICTURE.

Mr. REINEMAN presented a communication, setting forth that the Park Commission had asked that the painting of the battle of Gettysburg be transferred to Allegheny city, and that they had made an offer to build a suitable house in which to keep it if donated to them.

Some discussion ensued.

Mr. RIDDLE moved the acceptance of the paper.

Mr. MEGRAW wanted to know how much it would cost the city to keep the picture after it was secured.

Mr. PATTERSON thought that matter was not now under consideration.

Mr. MEGRAW thought it an important matter. The Councils would not want to get the picture, and then say they had no place for it. This should first be considered.

Mr. HALL moved to amend by accepting the paper and approving the action of the Committee. Carried.

Mr. HALL, petition from McNaugher & Co., asking payment of claim for street improvements, which could not be collected from the property-holders. Referred to Finance Committee.

Also, petition from Z. Gillespie, in relation to grading and paving Chestnut street; only one-third of the cost ($900) had been paid. Referred to Finance Committee.

FINANCIAL.

Mr. HALL presented the report of the Finance Committee, setting forth that they had under consideration the receipts and expenditures for the current year. They gave as a reason of the increase in the appropriation for "Salaries," that the salaries of the Engineer, Superintendent, Engineer of Water Works, Street Commissioner, Chief Engineer of Fire Department and Superintendent of Fire Alarm, had heretofore been paid out of the appropriation for their several departments; but this had been changed, and all came under the one appropriation. They reported an ordinance authorizing the Assessor of Water Rents to assess the vehicle license; also an ordinance for the sale of $50,000 additional sewerage bonds to pay the city's portion for sewers; a resolution authorizing employment of assistant engineer; also resolution authorizing the Controller to draw warrants in favor of the Solicitor for costs of certain strips of ground purchased by him for the city at sheriff's sale; also the following "appropriation ordinance:"

AN ORDINANCE

Levying a City, Poor, Business, and Sewerage Tax for the year 1871, and establishing the rates of Water Rents, and appropriating the Revenues arising therefrom.

SECTION 1. *Be it Enacted*, by the Select and Common Council of the City of Allegheny and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same: That there shall be assessed levied and collected from the persons, professions, trades and property in and of the city of Allegheny made taxable, a tax of ten (10) mills on the county valuation for the use of the city aforesaid; also five (5) mills on the county valuation, exclusive of improvements, for sewerage purposes; also three (3) mills on the dollar for the support of the poor of the city; also there is assessed and levied for the present year a tax of one (1) mill on the dollar for the use of said city on the amount of the annual sales of all goods, wares and merchandise, and upon all articles of trade and commerce sold in the city, whether sold by auction or otherwise; Provided that all persons whose sales do not amount to one thousand (1,000) dollars shall be exempt.

SEC. 2. And it is hereby further enacted, That the ordinance amending the seventeenth section of chapter seventeen increasing the rates of water rents twenty-five (25) per cent. be and the same is hereby re-enacted in all its parts and provisions, except the rate of metre measure, which shall remain as fixed by Ordinance passed the 25th day of February, 1867.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That section second of an ordinance passed the 11th day of February, 1869, fixing the rate of Vehicle License, be and the same is re-enacted in all its parts and provisions.

SEC. 4. That all the receipts arising from taxes, water rents, markets, fines, and forfeitures and all other sources, together with moneys in the hands of the treasurer not otherwise appropriated be, and the same are appropriated to the following purposes:

No. 1	Salaries	$ 22,275 00
" 2	Interest	20,562 55
" 3	Fire Department	33,000 00
" 4	Printing	5,000 00
" 5	Street and bridges	28,500 00
" 6	Wharves and Landings	6,000 00
" 7	Surveys	7,000 00
" 8	Police	36,500 00
" 9	Contingent Fund	21,050 68
" 10	Proceeds of 3 mill poor tax	
" 11	Water Works	37,000 00
" 12	Outstanding warrants	1,122 50
" 13	Gas	10,000 00
" 14	Sinking Fund	57,904 80
" 15	Wharf bonds	1,960 00
" 16	City Property	4,000 00
	Total	271,875 53

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

City tax	82,529 68
Business tax	14,000 00
Water tax	98,750 00
Markets	16,000 00
Weigh scales	7,281 00
Wood and bark	600 40
Vehicle license	9,000 00
Measuring boards	500 00
Sale of ferrules	1,897 60
Fines and forfeitures	2,780 39
Lot regulations	1,000 00
Ground rents	2,919 77
Railroads	5,274 11
Delinquent taxes of 1870	26,000 00
Due from various persons	3,282 58
Total	$271,875 53

The ordinance for vehicle licence assessments, was laid over for further consideration. The resolution for the sale of bonds was passed; the resolution for the employment of an assistant engineer was passed.

THE POOR MILL TAX.

Mr. REINEMAN, said he had understood that the Directors of the Poor could do with a tax of two and a half mills. He therefore moved to make the assessment two and a half, instead of three mills.

The President stated that there had been a surplus of $7,000 in the Poor Fund at the close of the year.

The appropriation ordinance as amended, was then passed finally under a suspension of the rules.

C.C. concurred in all but the Poor tax, which they held at three mills. S. C. nonconcurred, and appointed Messrs. Hall, Reineman and A. Patterson a committee of conference. C. C. appointed Messrs. McNeill, Gilliland and Voegtly. The committee reported in favor of the three mill tax. S. C. receded, accepted the report, and approved the three mill tax.

Mr. SCHOYER read a communication from Messrs. Howley & Co. in relation to paving of Bank Lane in the Eighth ward, (Duquesne borough), asking for payment of claim. Referred to Finance Committee.

Mr. HALL presented the Controller's monthly report, of which the following is a

RECAPITULATION.

1	Salaries	$1,149 96
3	Engines	2,715 42
4	Printing	1,200 50
5	Streets	725 41
6	Wharves	469 06
8	Police	3,033 83
9	Contingent Fund	131 27
11	Water Works	1,041 07
13	Gas	2,051 07
16	City Property	170 00
	Total	$8,526 80

Report accepted and warrants for the amounts ordered.

STREET DEPARTMENT.

Mr. PATTERSON, from the Committee on Streets, presented a report recommending an abatement of one-half ($87) in the assessment on property of J. F. Beist for sewer on Spring Garden avenue; also ordinances for opening of Perry street and Washington avenue; also McCord & Harris' plan of lots and drafts of acts of Assembly pertaining to grading and paving of Troy Hill Road, and relative to opening and grading and paving of streets.

A discussion sprung up as to whether the Councils had power to abate an assessment which was regulated by law.

Mr. PATTERSON explained that the Committee had recommended the abatement as a matter of policy, as the gentleman in all probability would recover more by going through the lengthy process prescribed.

The report was accepted and resolution adopted.

Mr. J. C. PATTERSON presented an ordinance for widening Washington avenue to a width of fifty feet, and appointing viewers on the same.

Mr. KIRKPATRICK said this matter had been in the courts—the old viewers' report—and he wanted to know if their report had been quashed.

Mr. PATTERSON said if the ordinance was passed the old proceedings must thereby be set aside.

The ordinance was then passed finally under a suspension of the rules.

TAYLOR AVENUE.

Mr. PATTERSON presented a supplementary report of the viewers on opening of Taylor avenue from Palo Alto to Beaver Streets, recommending that that portion of the "Widow's Home" which encroached upon the line, be undisturbed as long as the present building stands.

Mr. HALL said a similar exception had been made on Washington street, and had given rise to great litigation. He thought the exception could not be legally maintained.

The paper was withdrawn for revision.

Mr. PATTERSON presented the draft of an Act to be forwarded to the Legislature making such exceptions legal.

The paper was a lengthy one, and some time was occupied in reading it.

Mr. MEGRAW thought it should be withdrawn until further consideration of the matter could be had.

Mr. HALL moved that the Act be printed on slips and sent to the members for consideration previous to the next meeting of Councils. Carried.

The Act in relation to the Troy Hill road was also ordered to be printed.

REPORT OF VIEWERS.

Mr. PATTERSON presented an ordinance appointing viewers on opening of Perry street. Adopted.

The plans of properties laid out by William Dilworth and McCord & Harris were approved.

Also revised report of viewers on opening of Locust street.

Mr. A. PATTERSON moved the report be "quashed," and viewers discharged.

It was stated that this was the second view.

Mr. A. PATTERSON—Yes and it's an outrage. Any set of viewers who can't make a better view than that ought to quit.

The motion was carried and expenses of view ordered.

A QUESTION OF "SALARIES."

Mr. A. PATTERSON, of the Survey Committee, reported that during the year the salaries of the assistants in the engineers office had been increased ten dollars each without the authority of the Committee or Councils.

To bring this matter of increase in salaries before Councils, Mr. Patterson presented a resolution authorizing the Controller to draw a warrant for the aggregate amount, $522, for the past month due them (which includes the increase.)

Mr. PATTERSON stated the Committee wished for authority and desired Councils to fix the matter.

Mr. RIDDLE wanted to know who raised the salaries.

Mr. PATTERSON—That just what I want to know. We don't know. The Engineer certified to the accounts, and that's all we know. The Committee refused to approve the pay roll. The men have received the money from June last.

Mr. RIDDLE had confidence in the Engineer, but thought that Councils should fix the salaries of all officials.

Mr. MEGRAW said such a thing had never occurred in the history of the city. He blamed both the Engineer and Controller in this matter. It was a loose operation. The Engineer had no authority to certify such an increase, and the Controller should not have paid any bills without the approval of Councils. It was as little as the Engineer could have done to come into Councils and ask for this increase.

Mr. RIDDLE thought it a strange proceeding. The salaries should be fixed by ordinance.

Mr. PATTERSON thought the men ought to be paid their salaries for old amounts, as they were entitled to the old rate.

Mr. HALL moved that the matter be referred back to the committee with instructions to report an ordinance fixing the salaries. Carried.

Mr. PATTERSON offered a resolution providing for the payment of old rates of salary of the Assistants for the past month, which was adopted.

Mr. PATTERSON also presented an ordinance from the Survey Committee for the opening of Jefferson street. Passed finally.

Also an ordinance appointing views on the opening of Divine alley, Fifth ward. Put on first reading.

Mr. MEGRAW offered a resolution authorizing the Fort Wayne Railroad Company to move a lamp post on Anderson street twenty feet further off. Adopted.

THE NEW RULES.

Mr. RIDDLE presented the report of the Special Committee on Rules, which was adopted, and the committee ordered to have two hundred copies printed.

Mr. J. C. PATTERSON presented a communication in reference to Itin street, remonstrating against the approval of the assessments. Referred to the Survey Committee.

Mr. A. PATTERSON, a resolution authorizing four additional gas-lamps on Rebecca street.

NEW FIRE-ENGINE.

Also, a resolution instructing the Committee on Fire-engines to contract for a new fire-engine to be placed in the Good Will Engine house.

Mr. MCGRAW amended—that the engine be place it in the Fourth ward.

Mr. Riddle amended—to place it in the Eighth ward.

Mr WELTACH suggested the Seventh ward.

Mr. HALL moved to refer the matter to the Committee or Fire-engines, with instructons to report whether any new engines were needed and where they should be located.

Mr. A. PATTERSON, said the matter had been before the Committee, and they thought a new engine was needed.

Mr. HALL'S motion was carried.

Mr. MOUL, a resolution instructing the Committee on Streets, to report an ordinance for the grading and paving of Main street, Fourth ward. Referred to Committee on Streets.

Mr. OMSLER, an ordinance regulating the measuring of timber in the city, and providing for the fining of persons not duly elected, measuring the same. Referred to the Wharf Committee.

Adjourned.

Common Council.

This branch was called to order at 8.45 by the President. When the Clerk called the roll the following members answered to their names:

Messrs. Ashworth, Brown, Brahm, Beilstein, Comley, Cooke, Dalzell, Dean, Gilleland, Hunter, Hastings, Heckel, Hughes, Knox, McNeill, McRoberts, Rowbottom, Reed, Smith, Shipman, Taggart, Voegtly, Walters, and President Slack.

Mr. MCNEILL presented a communication from the Gas Company in relation to the late explosion on North avenue and asking for the passage of an ordinance fixing the distance at which sewers shall be constructed from gas mains. Referred to the Committee on Streets and Sewers.

Mr. VOEGHTLY presented a petition from the Pleasant Valley Railway Company, asking for the right of using Ohio street, from the present crossing to Union avenue. Referred to Committee on Passenger Railways.

Mr. MCNEILL presented a petition from Messrs. Leonard & Sons, asking a renewal of lease of lot adjoining City Water Works. Referred to Committee on Water.

Mr. SHIPMAN presented a petition from citizens of Ninth ward, asking that the name of Market street be changed to Fifth street.

Mr. BROWN offered a resolution asking for additional gas lamps in the Third ward. Referred to Committee on Gas.

Mr. MCROBERTS offered a resolution to have the culvert that crosses River avenue at Simpson Chapel, Eighth ward, repaired. Adopted.

Mr. HASTINGS presented a petition from the Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Railway Company, to build their track on the following streets: From Monterey street, along North avenue, Irwin avenue, Beach street, Allegheny avenue, Franklin street, Market street, and the street bounded by the south side of locomotive works to Preble street, thence along said Preble street to Wood's Run, with the privilege of using North avenue west of Irwin avenue, when the same shall have been paved. Referred to Committee on Passenger Railways.

Mr. HASTINGS also offered a petition for the grading and paving of Poplar street. Referred to the Committee on Streets and Sewers.

Mr. HASTINGS also presented the draft of an act to provide for the extension of the public wharves, of Allegheny city, along the Allegheny and Ohio Rivers. Approved.

Mr. COOKE offered a resolution instructing the City Solicitor to oppose the vacation of Hopkins street and Evans alley, in the Fifth ward. Referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. MCNEIL presented a resolution instructing the Superintendent of the Water Works to erect a gas lamp at the corner of Anderson and North Canal Streets. Adopted.

REPORT OF GAS COMMITTEE.

Mr. ROWBOTTOM, Chairman of the Committee on Gas reported the following resolution, and recommended its adoption.

RESOLVED, That the Superintendant of the Water Works be, and he is hereby authorized to place lamps and posts at the following points. Corner of Ohio Street and Oak alley. Corner of Ohio street and Evans alley. On Darragh street, between Robinson street and river avenue. Accepted.

Mr. ROWBOTTOM also offered a supplement to an act of assembly approved the eighteenth day of March, A. D. 1852, requiring the Gas Company to lay gas mains on all such streets and alleys as Councils may direct.

SEC. 2 Provides that after three months notice shall have been given to the Gas Company to lay mains, for every day thereafter that they shall fail to comply with the directions of Councils a fine of ten dollars per day shall be levied.

Considerable debate ensued and several motions to refer to the City Solicitor and to lay on the table were lost when the draft, as presented, was adopted and ordered to be forwarded to Harrisburg.

REPORT OF MARKET COMMITTEE.

Mr. COMLEY, of the Committee on Markets reported the following receipts from sources under their control for the month of January 1871:

DuncanDallas, Clerk of Markets	$1,521 10
G. P. McNulty, weigh master Diamond scales	355 27
R. T. White, weigh master Second Ward scales	383 51
Total	$2,260 80

Received and filed.

Mr. HUNKER presented the report of the Police Committee, recommending that the police forced be increased by the addition of fifteen members. On motion the report was received.

Mr. HUNKER also presented, as a part of the report, a communication from Mayor Callow, asking that the police force be increased by the addition of twenty men. Read.

Also, an ordinance providing for an increase of the police force as recommended by the Police Committee.

Mr. MCNEILL moved to amend by inserting seven instead of fifteen. Lost.

Mr. HASTINGS then moved that the rules be suspended, and the ordinance as recommended by the Police Committee be read three times and passed finally.

The yeas and nays were ordered on this motion, with the following result:

Yeas	22
Nays	2

Messrs. McNeill and Voegtly voting in the negative.

Business from Select Council was then taken up, and its action concurred in except the following.

Mr. DALZELL moved that C.C concur in the action of S. C. on the appropriation ordinance, except that part changing the poor rate from three mills to two and a half mills, and restoring the rate to three mills, as originally reported by the Committee. Carried.

NEW BUSINESS.

Mr. COMLEY offered an ordinance adopting the new City Code. Read three times and passed.

In the matter of the appropriation ordinance S. C. adhered to its former action, in reducing the poor rate from three to two and a half mills, and asked for a Committee of Conference.

Messrs. McNeill, Voeghtly and Gilleland were appointed said Committee on the part of C. C.

Mr. COMLEY presented the draft of an act of Assembly, providing that the unexpended balance be placed in the three banks or banking institutions, offering the highest rate of interest therefor.

Considerable debate ensued on motion to refer to the Finance Committee and a division was called for, when its reference thereto was decided in the negative. Mr. Comley then moved that the draft be approved.

Pending the debate Council adjourned.

Readings of Professor Evans.

Professor W. M. Evans gave the second of his series of readings last evening in Library Hall. Although the house was by no means crowded, the audience was quite respectable in numbers and quality. As usual Mr. Evans was happy in his selections and readings, and he must have felt not only flattered, but encouraged by the enthusiastic rounds of applause accorded him. The "Last Millstone," the "Seven Stages," and selections from Dickens were really exquisite. We do not know that we have ever heard them rendered in better style. Mr. Evans sometimes speaks too rapidly and his words are indistinctly heard by those, especially who are unacquainted with the piece read. A riper experience will remedy this, and will enable him to throw a little more of the *ore rotundo* into his readings.

Mr. Evans will give a children's matinee on Saturday afternoon at two o'clock, and from the subjoined note it will be seen that he very generously offers to donate one-half of the proceeds to those who suffered from the ravages of the late fire in South Pittsburgh:

Hon. Jared M. Brush, Hon. Alexander Callow, Col. James M. Cooper, Hon. Joseph Walton and W. M. Claney:

DEAR SIR: Desirous of adding my mite towards alleviating the distress of the unfortunate sufferers of the late fire in South Pittsburgh. I hereby offer one half of the net proceeds of my matinee reading at Library Hall on Saturday afternoon next at two o'clock.

Respectfully,
W. MASON EVANS.

It is to be hoped that the house will be crowded on the occasion.

Dead from His Injuries.

August Schmidt, who had a leg cut off by a car on the West Pennsylvania Railroad, Wednesday afternoon, yesterday at ten o'clock died from the effects of his injuries. He was about fourteen years of age. The funeral will take place to-day from the residence of his parents on Madison avenue, Allegheny.

To Let a store room, cellar and three rooms upstairs, No. 26 Fifth avenue. Possession February 1st, 1871. Inquire of C. H. Love, 58 Fourth avenue. 3WF

THE COURTS.

U. S. District Court—Judge McCandless.

THURSDAY, February 9.—The first case taken up this morning was that of Patrick O'Flaherty, indicted for aiding and abetting in the commission of a felony. The defendant, it was alleged, allowed Whalen to use his naturalization papers. After the jury had been sworn and some testimony for the prosecution adduced, District Attorney Swoope directed the defendant to produce his naturalization papers. The Counsel for defendant claimed surprise and the jury was accordingly discharged from giving a verdict.

The next case taken up was that of the United States vs. John Huey et. al., indicted for robbing the Postoffice at Webster, Westmoreland county, in October last. A severance was granted, and Huey was placed on trial. It appears that the Postoffice was kept in a store, and that a quantity of stamps, together with some fractional currency, besides a large amount of goods, were carried off by the thieves. One of the defendants, Samuel Jones, in whose case a *nolle pros* had been entered, was called to the witness stand by the prosecution, and gave a detailed and circumstantial account of the robbery. Jury out.

An important question was raised Wednesday afternoon in this Court. Just after the jury had been sworn in a case, Mr. Swartzwelder interrupted the proceedings with a challenge of the array of jurors—the whole panel. He framed his motion in the following

CHALLENGE.

And now at this day, to wit: February 8, A. D. 1870, comes the defendant aforesaid, Patrick Whalen, and the jurors of the jury empannelled, being also summoned also come, and hereupon the said Patrick Whalen challenges the array of said panel, because he said that they, the said jurors, have not been drawn and summoned and designated by ballot box or otherwise as jurors of the highest court of the law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are drawn, summoned and designated by the act of Congress of July 20, A. D. 1840, and this he is ready to verify. Wherefore he prayeth judgment, and that the said panel may be quashed.

The effect, of a decision in favor of the motion, would have been that the whole business of the court would have been stopped "instanter," as the Judge expressed it. All the jurors called for this term would have been dismissed and a new *venire* ordered. The case's tending would not have been affected, but business only would have been retarded until a new jury could be summoned.

THE ANSWER.

Mr. Swoope, the Attorney of the United States, answers the challenge to the array and saith it should not be sustained because it is not alleged that there has been any affinity or relationship between the Marshal and any parties aggrieved; that it is not alleged that any favor has been shown in the summoning or selection of the jurors. The record shows that the *venire* has been issued and the jurors selected according to law and cannot be contradicted by parole.

The court then overruled the motion, but stated that Mr. Swartzweller could take the benefit of an arrest of judgment, and that the motion could be argued on Tuesday next.

The whole matter, however, was disposed of yesterday by the action of Congress, which will be explained by the following dispatch which was received from Senator Scott:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8, 1871.

H. B. Swoope, Esq., U. S. District Attorney.

The act has passed as follows: Joint resolution to correct an error in the enrollment of the law, in relation to the pay of Grand and Petit Jurors. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled, that the third section of the act approved July 15th, 1871, to provide for the compensation of Grand and Petit Jurors in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, and for other purposes, be, and the same is hereby repealed. The said section having been enrolled by mistake.

JOHN SCOTT.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

THURSDAY, February 9.—In the case of Richard Bates vs. Thomas Bates, before reported, the jury found for the defendant.

The next case taken up was that of P. C. Devlin vs. Louis Berkowitz and B. Pifaum. Action to recover on services rendered as surveyor. On trial.

Common Pleas—Judges Stowe and Collier.

THURSDAY, February 9.—In the case of Fulton vs. McGann, which has been on trial since yesterday, the jury found a verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $34.

In the case of Schmedtter vs. McIntyre, Administrator, the jury found a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $222 70.

R. and A. Carson vs. Jas. M. Aisther. Action on book account. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $110 63.

L. B. Howins vs. John Love. Action to recover rent alleged to be due and unpaid. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $160 45.

In the case of Fairfield vs. Kerr, judgment of non-suit was entered.

Pittsburgh Truss Company vs. Becker. Action on a contract. Defendant, it is claimed, subscribed for ten shares of the capital stock of this company, at twenty-five dollars per share, for which he refuses to pay. Judgment for plaintiff in the sum of $276 25, subject to the opinions of the Court on law points.

MORE ANNEXATION.

Allegheny Wants More Territory—How the Demand is to be Complied With.

Our sister city is growing rapidly, and may soon assume metropolitan pretensions. The latest move toward the acquirement of more territory is in a bill which has just been introduced into the Senate, providing for the annexation of a part of the country on the north. The bill defines the boundaries of the tract as follows: That tract of land now lying north of the city of Allegheny, including parts of the townships of Reserve and McClure, shall be set off, defined by limits, and erected into a city district, for said city, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the north side of said city, in the centre of the Saw Mill Valley plank road; thence along said line west to the Allegheny and New Brighton Turnpike road; thence northwardly along said road to the public road along Wood's Run; thence along said road up said run to the line of the Maguire lot; thence northwardly, including the same, and along the east line of the Lapish tract to the corner of the land of Daniel Morningstar; thence, including said land, to the public road; thence eastwardly along said road to the Allegheny and Perrysville plank road; thence northwardly along the same to the north line of the Graham tract; thence by said line eastwardly to the New Franklin road; and thence southwardly along said road and the Saw Mill Valley plank road to the place of beginning, to be called North End District

The act also provides for the appointment by the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions, upon petition of the citizens of the district, of three Commissioners, to serve until the next election, who shall have full power to levy and collect taxes to be expended in making and repairing roads, opening streets, etc. The Commissioners are to be invested with power to survey and lay off the district into sections and squares, to lay out streets and alleys, and to alter, widen and straighten roads now laid out. They are further required to make an actual survey of all lanes, streets, roads and alleys, and file a plot of the same in the Court of Quarter Sessions. If no exceptions are filed the survey will be approved, but in the event of exceptions the Court may order testimony to be taken, and alter the same, or may refer the same back to the Commissioners. The act also provides that the district shall constitute a separate election and school district, independent from the townships named.

It is said that a large number of the people in the district named are anxious to have the act passed. It will go into effect as soon as two-thirds of the property holders shall petition Councils to be duly admitted as part of the city. In the meantime, however, none of the streets or alleys designated in the plot prepared by the Commissioners shall be opened, and the district shall remain subject to the road laws now in force in the country.

A MUTE STORY.

His Misfortune—Adventures on the South Side—Finally Comes to Grief.

For several weeks past the good people of benevolent hearts and sympathetic dispositions have been much exercised over the sorrows and misfortunes of a deaf mute who appealed to them for aid. Without money or friends, and unable to communicate his wants and distresses by words, he would have fared badly had he not been possessed of a wonderful aptitude in making himself understood by signs. He succeeded so well that it was observed of late that he was not quite so melancholy. His spirits seemed to be reviving, but alas! with them came a spirit which ultimately brought him to greater grief.

The other day he entered the store of Mr. C. F. Mankedick, on Carson street, on a begging errand. While the proprietor had his attention turned another way, the mendicant relieved his temporal wants by appropriating a pair of pantaloons. The fact was not discovered until he was gone and out of sight. Mr. Mankedick, however, called the attention of Justice Krehan to the fact, and a lookout was kept for him. Yesterday the fellow was captured and taken to the squire's office, where he gave his name as C. F. Arny and was subjected to an official examination. Of course he was unable to understand the charge against him until quite a correspondence had ensued between himself and the magistrate. He was profuse in his paper protestations of innocence, and pleaded poverty, &c. His affecting plea was somewhat weakened by the finding of a purse in his under-clothing, containing $40. He then offered to prove his innocence by calling upon his landlady in Pittsburgh—doubtless making this excuse hoping to get out of the office and thus escape. He missed the mark, however. On the way over the landlady was met, when she expressed her surprise at seeing her boarder in the custody of an officer. The officer proceeded to explain and incidentally referred to his muteness, which increased the lady's astonishment. She so expressed herself, when suddenly the pretended "child of silence" found a use for his tongue and began to curse in a voluble way. The landlady further informed the officer, when asked, that he had brought a pair of new pantaloons home a few days before, but had them exchanged at a tailor's for a smaller pair. Acting on this information, the officer secured the garments and returned with his prisoner. To-day the mute man will go to the Workhouse for sixty days.

Church Dedication at Sharpsburg.

A new Methodist Episcopal church edifice has just been completed, situated in Sharpsburg, near the north end of the new iron bridge in the course of erection. The building is of brick, two stories high. The lower floor is divided into lecture and class rooms. The church auditorium occupies the upper floor. The whole has been finished in very neat and tasteful style, creditable to the liberality of the Committee who had the matter in charge. The Church has been christened the "*Union Centenary Church*," for the reason that most of the contributions towards the cost of the edifice were made during the centenary year of Methodism. The whole cost of this beautiful temple of worship has been about $2,500. On Sunday next, the 12th inst., this church is to be solemnly set apart to the worship and service of God.

The dedicatory sermon will be delivered at 10:30 o'clock A. M., by the Right Rev. Bishop Simpson, to be followed by the dedicatory service according to the ritual of the Methodist church. The afternoon services will include sermons by Dr. Nesbitt at 3 o'clock, and Dr. Dempsey at 7:30 o'clock.

A special train of the West Penn R. R. will leave the Allegheny City station at 9:30 A. M., and return at 5 P. M. Those who desire to attend the afternoon service can leave Allegheny on the regular church train at 1 o'clock P. M. The church members have made arrangements for hospitalities to those who may attend from the city.

The occasion cannot fail to be one of peculiar interest. Those who may go from the city will be well compensated for the trouble of a trip to one of our most attractive suburbs. If the day is fine the attendance will be large.

PETROLEUM REPORT.

Monthly Report of the Total Production of Petroleum in the Pennsylvania Oil Regions—Stock on Hand—New Developments, Prices, etc., etc.

The Titusville *Courier* laid before its readers yesterday a report of the production of petroleum during the month of January, 1871, from which we glean the following items of interest:

The total production during the month was 455,463 barrels, or a daily average of 14,620 barrels of 43 gallons each. The shipments for January were 431,439 barrels, or 1,720 more than during December.

The stock at the wells foots up 119,610 barrels, while there are stored by refiners and pipe companies in iron tankage 336,960 barrels.

A FALLING OFF.

There has been a falling off in the production throughout the entire oil region of 53,949 barrels from December and 67,009 barrels from November. The decrease is more observable on the J. S. McCray farm and in the West Hickory District. The J. S. McCray farm shows a daily production for January of 978 barrels, a decrease of 228 barrels from December, and 967 barrels from November. The Hickory District shows a daily production of 1,911 barrels, which is a falling off from our December report of 294 barrels and from November 896 barrels. The Mitchell Tract shows a daily production of 418 barrels for January, which is a decrease of 82 barrels from December and 115 barrels from November. The Upper regions also show a general decrease for the past three months, and the wells along the creek, with the exception of the Columbia Farm, also shows a decrease. The Columbia Farm shows an increase of 33 barrels per day over December and 218 over November. During the month under revision there have been several new wells struck on the Columbia Farm, which has increased the average production, while the old wells show a very little falling off, and some of them have actually increased.

The Tidioute district and vicinity shows an average daily production for January of 640 barrels, which is an increase of 120 barrels over December, and 130 barrels over November, which shows but ten barrels difference between the daily average production for November and December, in favor of November. The increase in January must have been caused by a large number of wells being torpedoed during the month; as the number of new wells struck is of no particular account. The falling off in the entire oil regions was generally predicted, though the various estimates in that direction widely differed; but our careful canvass of the producing districts and the result ought to satisfy all those who have fixed their estimate over or under our report.

NEW DEVELOPMENT.

We are able to report but little activity among the operators in new territory, cold weather putting a quietus on out door operations generally; something however has been done, and some good wells completed.

Considerable excitement continues at Brady's Bend where a well, flowing at first six hundred barrels per day was completed. At Parkers some wells have been put down on the extremities of former developments, and more wells are to be drilled at once; principally on the Dutchess farm, where seven derricks recently have been erected, and on the south side of Bear Creek; the recently completed wells at both places yielding steadily from thirty to forty barrels per day. At Franklin two wells were completed which are yielding much above the present average of that district. The East Sandy district is at present occupying the attention of some of the most prominent operators in the country, and considerable money has been invested in that locality and operations will be commenced as soon as the weather will permit. We look for active operations in that locality in the coming spring. The Enterprise district, which includes the Colorado farm in our report, is looked upon as favorable for an increased production during the the present year, as many new wells are to go down.

THE MARKET

During the month the prices on the Upper and Lower Roads varied more at times, in twenty-four hours, than for several months, the demand to fill contracts at times being more than at others. The prices advanced on the Upper Road from $3.22½ to $4.65, and on the Lower Road from $3.40 to $4.75.

ALLEGHENY SCHOOL TAXES.

Salary of Receiver—A Little Hitch.

The Allegheny Board of School Controllers are likely to have a little trouble in their financial arrangements for the ensuing year. At the meeting on Tuesday evening the business of appointing a tax receiver for the year, and fixing his salary was called up. Heretofore the position has been filled by the City Treasurer, Mr. David Macferron in a manner so satisfactory, that no other person was suggested, and he was re-elected unanimously as usual Tuesday night. The question of salary was then talked of. The practice has been to allow the receiver a commission of three per cent, which in 1870, made the office realize him over two thousand dollars. The discussion of the matter led to several propositions for fixing the salary, and doing away with the "fee business," as a member expressed it. Finally it was decided to fix it at fifteen hundred dollars.

The Secretary was instructed to notify Mr. Macferron of this action and did so, when that gentleman resigned the position. It seems the matter had never been broached to him, and he seems somewhat aggrieved on that point more than on the decrease.

Should the resignation go into effect, a new man will have to be provided with an office, books and other materials which heretofore have been supplied by the receiver, without cost.

The office is one of trust, and in that respect of more importance than the actual amount of work, although it will be rather more than one man, unless unusually sprightly, can attend to. Heretofore at the busy seasons, the receiver has been compelled to employ assistants. Security is given for the faithful performance of the duties.

No action can be taken further in the matter until the next meeting of the Board.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Observations Made by the Storm Signal Service of the United States Army.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1871.	A. M. 7:23	P. M. 4:23	P. M. 11:23
Height of Barometer	29.94	30 17	30 36
Change since last report	—.2	—.23	+.19
Thermometer	44°	37°	30°
Change in last 24 hours	+.9°	4°	—10
Direction of wind	S.W.	W.	W.
Velocity of wind—miles per hour	10	20	4
Pressure of wind—pounds per square foot	0.50	2.00	0.08
Force of wind reduced to Beaufort scale—approx	C	D.	B
Amount of cloud	4	½	0
Rain-fall since last report—inches and hdths	0.10		
State of weather	3	2	1

NOTES—In the telegraphic reports, only the variations of the Barometer since the last reports are given; decrease being marked here and throughout the table by the minus sign.

Character of the winds, to save space, is indicated by letters of the alphabet, as follows: A, just perceptible; B, gently brisk; C, pleasant brisk; D, very brisk; E, high wind; F, very high wind; G, strong gale; H, violent gale; I, hurricane; J, most violent hurricane.

State of the weather is expressed by figures from 1 to 6: 1 being clear, no cloud; 2, fair, ¼ to ½ cloud; 3, cloudy, ½ to wholly covered; 4, light rain; 5, heavy rain; 6, snow.

The barometer is corrected for temperature, elevation and instrumental error.

HENRY D. SCHMIDT, Observer.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE—A very fair and highly appreciative audience greeted Mr. Adams superb rendition of the character of Raphael in the Marble Heart, last night. He was most ably seconded by Miss Ida Vernon. Messrs Gotthold, Gossen, and other members of the stock company. This evening Mr. Adams takes a benefit and will appear as Hamlet, a character in which he sustains a very high reputation, when our citizens will have an opportunity of contrasting his conception of that most difficult to be faithfully rendered of Shakespear's creations, with that of the illustrious artist who played the same role just one week ago. We expect to see a crowed house. At 2.30 P. M. to-morrow, there will be an Adams Matinee.

OPERA HOUSE—The Lingard combination still continue to attract large and intelligent audiences, and no wonder, for it is not often that we have an opportunity of witnessing so much wit and beauty as are combined in the persons of Mrs. Dunning-Lingard and Miss Dickie Lingard. Messrs. Lingard and Boniface are also actors of no mean order of merit. The bill for to-night is the very amusing comedietta of "Captain of the Watch," character representations by Mr. Lingard, and the roaring farce of "Toddekins." Matinee to-morrow afternoon.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The proceeds of the exhibition of the Pilgrim, to-night, are for the benefit of the Millvale Presbyterian Church. Let its friends turn out in full force.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.—Manager Aims has great difficulty in finding room to accommodate the crowds who throng to this most popular place of amusement. The great attraction continues to be the Blondes. Cool Burgess and Gus Williams are still on hand and contribute by their specialities to the popularity of the establishment.

Buchanan.

The following uncalled for letters remain at the Buchanan Postoffice, February 9, 1871. Please ask for advertised letters, giving the date of the list.

Appleton J
Alexander A
Allen John
Bedell M A
Bamberger&co agent for
Bale Sarah J
Boyden H
Black J C
Butler R
Buen Mrs Susan
Blakely H
Best Joseph H
Brown C
Boyd C E
Chariton M
Coles John
Corry J
Clatty J H
Candeller A
Clifton John
Clark Owen
Conroy Mrs J
Cembok G
Cook Adam
Cookham Mrs K
Collin S
Dillon David
Dowden J W
Donnelly Mary A
Defflin Sarah
Denning Mrs J
Evans Miss M

Fielding J J
Falls J C
Frederick A
Flinn Jas
Forsyth John
Geahry Miss A
Griffith Thos
Hale Miss M
Hartman E A
Hackett John
Harbison F
Hanew Miss M J
Horning Nelson
Hughes I W
Humphreys I
Hudson J T
Johnson Jos
Jones Jennie
Jennigan C
Jenkins O
Jewell N
James N
Kennedy W F
Kavanaugh H
Keys Mary E
Lewis Wm
Lewis John
Lutton Pe r/
Lunday Chas
Marchell M
Moore J W
Mann Susie
McDonald R
McMurtry John

McAnally B
Norrell Lucy
Nicholson A
O'Donnell W
Owen Mary J
Propha ore L
Page Willis
Pfiel Mrs M
Perry David
Pritchard L
Ramsey J R
Rodgers J
Roseman J sr
RobertsBernard
Schulz Daniel
Smith James
Smith Mary A
Sharff Wm
Sheldon Lizzie
Stewart Mrs A
Summors Alex
Scott G
Succopp Chas E
Snyder G
Sisley J W
Seeley Miss J
Vandergrift M
WigginsRev A
WalkersMrs E
Wolf Wm
Wilson J W

P. HOERR, P. M.

A Writ that Wasn't Served.

Yesterday R. B. Parkinson, Esq., sued out a writ of *habeas corpus*, requiring Warden Scandrett to produce the bodies of two women committed to his care by the authorities of Armstrong county authorities, who, owing to the fact that a new jail is being built, have no place wherein to keep offenders against the law, in the Court of Common Pleas on Saturday. Before the writ could be served however a messenger arrived from Kittanning with properly authenticated papers setting forth that good and sufficient security had been entered in that town for the appearance of the damsels at Court and requiring their release, thus relieving Mr. Scandrett of the terrors of a Court of Justice.

Traumerie.

Our cotemporaries, in noticing the Cantata Society Concerts, fail to notice that the favorite production of Schumann here is to be given by the entire society, numbering, as it does, over seventy singers. The wild, sweet harmonies of this celebrated composition must be heard to be fully appreciated, and it can only be rendered by a full chorus of mixed voices, evenly balanced and held so well in hand as is this society now under the direction of Professor Tetedoux. We advise our readers to hear this piece rendered by our Cantata Society. Seats for the concerts may be secured at Mellor & Hoene's, No. 53 Fifth avenue, on Saturday, at nine o'clock A. M.

Bogus Railroad Ticket.

An information was made on Wednesday before Alderman Nicholson by Louis Weick, charging a well known steamship agent of this city with selling a fraudulent railroad ticket. It appears that the complainant who wanted to go to Chicago went to the office of the accused, and purchased a coupon ticket for $11.50 that had been issued by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company at Philadelphia, and alleges that after he had proceeded some miles on his journey he was informed by the conductor that the ticket was worthless. He immediately returned to the city and went to the agent in question, and demanded a return of his money. This was refused unless he would return the ticket. The conductor having kept the ticket this was impossible; he then went and entered the complaint above. The accused was arrested and gave bail in $1000 for his appearance at Court. A civil suit has also been instituted to recover the damages sustained.

Office Rooms To-Let.—Several fine office rooms can be had from April 1, in "Gazette Building," corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield streets. Apply at once.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Bonds Stock and Mortgages bought and sold by George B. Hill, corner of Wood street and Third-avenue. tf.

THE STATE.

GREENVILLE longs for a steam fire engine.

BUTTER retails at 30 cents a pound in Butler.

LAST Thursday the new Masonic Hall at Smith's Ferry was dedicated.

POTTSVILLE has one hundred and three licensed hotels and restaurants.

LARGE deposits of hematite ore have been unearthed at Orbisonia, Huntingdon county.

MAYOR JOHN HARTON has been for thirty years connected actively with the Doylestown *Democrat*.

KENWOOD is the name of a new station on the P. F. W. & C. R. W. It is at the corner of Harmony and Railroad streets, in New Brighton.

JIM NYE is dead. He was drowned in the canal at Bridgeport, Montgomery county, on Saturday evening, having lost his way in a snow storm.

SAMUEL HAMILTON, formerly a representative of Beaver county in the State Legislature, died recently in New Castle, whither he had removed.

MR. SCRANTON, proprietor of the Scranton *Republican*, was sued for libel by John Jessup, for saying that the character of the latter's house was none of the best. The case was tried at Wilkesbarre last week, and resulted in a verdict of acquittal, the State bearing the costs.

THE *Industrial Bulletin*, of Johnstown, says: We have in this office a number of Tariff Almanacs for the current year, the valuable pamphlet of R. Burns, a Manchester man, on the stagnation of English trade, and other interesting documents, which we will send to any one writing for them.

THE Bradford *Argus* of last week publishes the following derived from the authority of Dr. Horton, of Terryton, in that county. The water was frozen over the stream near the doctor's residence. A rise of water overflowed the ice to a considerable depth, and a school of perch got into the water above the ice, when a hard freezing spell came on and froze the upper current of water down to the lower stratum of ice, and the fish were consequently frozen fast in the ice. The doctor cut them out of the ice and took them home in a frozen state; and, in experimenting on some of them, he thawed them by a slow process and actually restored them to life.

THE Huntingdon *Journal* says: On last Friday one of the most horrible deaths that it has ever been our lot to record occurred at North Point, Bedford county, at the "Old Scott" Colliery, worked by Richard Langdon, Esq., of this place. Philip Chamberlain, a relative of Harry Chamberlain, of the Franklin House, in this place, was ascending the shaft in a car, and it is supposed that his head struck the frame in which the car works, and his neck caught upon a pin. His head was instantly torn from his body and remained transfixed to the pin while the headless body fell to the bottom of the shaft, breaking both legs and one of his arms. When the head was discovered it was fast on the pin, with eyes wide open, staring apparently at those who gathered around, and the man whose duty it was to attend below was paralyzed when he discovered a headless body lying before him.

THE Lebanon *Courier* says: "At the stone quarry of George Gerberich, in Hanover, the following accident happened on Monday morning of last week: Near the stone quarry was erected a small cabin with a stove in it, in which men had fire during the day-time. When the men stopped working on the previous Saturday evening, one of the men took a powder-can and put it in the stove for safe keeping, no fire being in the stove. On Monday morning, the weather being somewhat cold, the men made fire in the stove, not aware that the powder was in it. All at once the stove exploded. The top of the stove was forced through the roof, and one of the men named George Bank, was knocked out of the door, and the other two, Samuel Boltz and Elias Boltz were seriously burnt. Elias Boltz was dangerously hurt, and at this writing was under medical treatment.

INDUSTRIAL.

[From the Review and Price Current.]

A new iron manufactory in Hamtrack, Michigan, is talked of.

THE West Branch Iron Works, at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, will soon be in operation.

A shoe manufactory in Detroit employs one hundred hands. Machinery is largely used in the factory.

AN iron furnace is soon to be erected at Kimswick, on the river and railroad, twenty-one miles below St. Louis.

THE Central Glass Works Company, of Wheeling, gives employment to one hundred and seventy persons, the united wages of whom average $1,800 per week.

MESSRS. DEWEY, VANCE & Co, iron men of Wheeling, Virginia, are surveying the premises and making the necessary arrangements for the erection of a new iron furnace on the property owned by the Building and Loan Association near Connellsville, Pa.

The Lochiel Iron Works, Harrisburg, do a business of the production of iron and rails of $1,000,000 a year. Their capacity is 60 tons a day, or 15,000 tons a year. The company employs 400 men, to whom they pay in wages $20,000 a month, or $240,000 a year.

THE Paxton Furnace, Harrisburg, has a capacity of 130 tons of pig iron a week, or 7,000 tons a year, and is doing a business of $200,000 a year, at the present price of iron. The firm employs 50 men, to whom it pays in wages $2,500 a month, or $30,000 a year.

A rolling mill is to be erected at Lagrange, Missouri, where the projectors propose to employ from 400 to 500 workmen, and which will be backed by a capital of $500,000. The citizens of Lagrange have voted $200,000 to an Eastern company with the object in view.

L. F. MILLER & Co, have purchased the Cleveland City Iron Works, and propose to engage in the manufacture of architectural iron for building purposes, iron fronts, columns, door and window caps, as well as iron-proof building, complete are to be produced at this establishment. A large number of skilled workmen will be employed.

THE Eagle Works at Chicago cover about 100,000 square feet of ground, and filled with enough machinery to employ 500 men. The largest building is 80 by 100, and the smallest 36 by 72. The capital invested is about $500,000, and produces in value of articles manufactured from $500,000 to $800,000. The company was established in 1840, and is devoted to turning out steam engines, &c.

A DUNBAR correspondent of the Uniontown, Pa., *Genius of Liberty* says: "We have to record the most successful working of Dunbar furnace. During the last few days she has made 165 tons, or an average of 37 tons a day. The best feature is that this has been done on less than 60 bushels of coke to a ton of iron. On one day, indeed, the consumption was only 57 bushels of coke to a ton of iron, practically ton per ton. Considering the nature of the material, that is, if we mistake not, the *very best result* that has yet been reached in this country, and approximates closely to the most favorable results abroad.

New Years in Wilhemshoehe.

Napoleon III. gave a grand reception at Wilhelmshoehe on New Year's Day. All the imprisoned French officers confined at Cassel and the neighboring cities called on him. The reception was entirely devoid of all etiquette, all the gentlemen being requested to call in their usual costume. Among the callers were some of the historical names of France, such as Bassano, Murat, Soult, Labedoyere, Ney and Massena. It seems that these are mostly the descendants of the men who paid with their lives for the attempt to restore the First Empire. General Frossard was also among the callers. He arrived, however, only at 1 o'clock on the morning of the 3d, the train being behind time. But the Emperor, who had been waiting for him, received him in spite of the lateness of the hour. He remained over two hours in the castle. At 3 o'clock some dispatches were sent from there, and the General left just afterward on a special train.

STATE POLITICS.

THE Doylestown *Democrat* heads its columns with the name of George W. Cass for Governor.

THE Butler *American* advocates the nomination of Dr. David Stanton of Beaver, for Auditor General, by the Republicans.

THE Waynesburg *Messenger* thinks the way to secure the success of the Democratic party is to make General George W. Cass its next nominee for Governor.

IN speaking of the approaching Republican Convention the Franklin *Repository* says: Not only should good men be nominated for the State offices, but what is quite as important at this juncture of politics, the Republican party must take a decided and unqualified position on the question of a Constitutional Convention to revise the Constitution of the State.

IN speaking of the constitutional reform the Lebanon *Courier* says: We hope to see a constitutional penalty staring corrupt legislators in the face with perpetual legal banishment from office. The man in official position guilty of accepting bribes in any shape should be made ineligible for further official service forever, and we hope to see this a constitutional provision.

THE Indiana Senate has outdone the divorce laws of the State in the matter of suppressing legislation. It is said that under the previous question, a few days ago, it adopted a resolution to withdraw the assent of the State to the confirmation of the Fifteenth Amendment. As the amendment was adopted and incorporated as a part of the constitution nearly a year ago, that act will strike the reader as very timely and appropriate.

THE RIVERS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, February 9.—River 21 feet; fallen 2 feet 6 inches; 81 feet under the bridge Arrived—Major Anderson, from Wheeling Departed—Emperor, for Pittsburgh; Nashville, for Nashville. Weather clear and pleasant; temperature 34 deg.

MEMPHIS, TENN., February 9.—Clear and cool. Up—Pink Varble. Champion. City of Chester, Colorado. Down—Susie Silver, Jennie Baldwin.

NEW ORLEANS, February 9—Arrived—City of Alton, St. Louis; Mollie Ebert from Pittsburgh. Departed—Belle Lee for Memphis; Mollie Moore and J. A. Wood for Pittsburg; Continental, for St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, February 9.—Arrived—Belle Memphis from Memphis, Kate Putnam from Cincinnati, Julia from Vicksburg, St. Luke from Memphis. Departed—John Kyle and Olive Branch from New Orleans, City of Pekin from Peoria. River falling slowly. Weather clear and cold. Hard freeze last night.

CAIRO, Ill., February 9.—Richmond, from Cairo, for New Orleans at 1:11 P. M.; Bee, New Orleans, for St. Louis at 1 A. M.; Northwestern, New Orleans, for St. Louis at 7; Mollie Able, New Orleans, for St. Louis at 7; Jas. Gilmore, St. Louis and return at 7; St. Joseph, Memphis to St. Louis at 8; Sam Brown, Cairo to Louisville at 10; Ajax, Pittsburgh to New Orleans at 11; St Marys, Evansville to Memphis at 1 P. M.; A. Baker, Cairo to Wabash river at 5; Grand, Lower St. Louis to Memphis at 8. River stationary; weather clear; mercury at 45 deg.

NASHVILLE, February 9.—River falling, with seven feet on Harpeth Shoals. Weather fair and cold. Arrived: Talisman, from Cairo. Departed: Exchange, for Pittsburgh; America, for Cincinnati.

LOUISVILLE, February 9.—River declining rapidly, with six feet ten inches in the Indiana chute, and eight feet ten inches in the canal. Fine and clear all day; mercury 42 deg. Arrived: Alice Dean, from Memphis; Edinburgh, Potomac, Robert Burns, John T. Moore, from Cincinnati. Departed: Potomac, for New Orleans; Robert Burns, for Memphis; Alice Dean, same; Parker and barges, for Cincinnati; Edinburgh, for Red River; New Iron and John T. Moore, loading for New Orleans; Diamond and Keystone came in from Pittsburgh with coal.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, February 9.—Cattle—Receipts liberal, being 320 cars against 289 same day last week; market steady and unchanged. Most of the stock offered changed hands. Sales of 572 head of fair to good quality, but included a number of oxen and bulls. Sales to-day, leaving out retail traffic, 46 head Kentucky steers, averaging 1,416 lbs, at $7 10; 16 do, 1,321 lbs, $7 00; 26 Ohio, 1,322 lbs, $7 10; 18 do, 1,132 lbs, $6 40; 33 Indiana, 1,042 lbs, $5 65; 95 Illinois, 1,347 lbs, $7 20; 66 do, 1,187 lbs, $6 65; 50 do, 1,150 lbs, $6 62½; 49 do, 1,267 lbs, $6 75; 15 Illinois bulls, 1,652 lbs, $5 14; Michigan oxen, 1,615 lbs, $6 50; 44 Canada do, 1,574 lbs, $5 62½; 25 Canada steers, 1,298 lbs, 38 do, 1,313 lbs, and 17 do, 1,285 lbs, $6. Sheep—Receipts light and prices unchanged. Sales of 88 head Canada, 104 lbs, and 82 do, 109 lbs, $6.25; 218 Michigan, 82 and 102 do, 88 lbs, $4.87½; 126 do, 96 lbs, $4.75, and 164 do, 99 lbs, $5.50. Hogs higher. Receipts light. Sales 125 head, averaging 130 lbs, and 38 do, 210 lbs, and 130 do, 215 lbs, and 170 at $7.80; 90 do, 185, at $7.75, and 71 do, 137 lbs, at $7.40.

BALTIMORE, February 9.—Cattle dull and lower, quality being inferior to last week's offerings. We quote 1st quality at $5@6.25; medium at $4.75@5; inferior and ordinary at $3.50@4.75; receipts 1,525, sales of 1,160 head. Swine in good demand with a fair supply, and prices remain at about last week's quotations—$10.00@11; receipts 5,369. Sheep supply fair and demand good; common unchanged and supply fully equal to demand; we quote fair to good at $4.75@5 30; good to extra $5.50@6.50; extra $7.25; receipts 325.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, February 9.—Cotton quiet; low middling 13¾c. Bulk meats steady; 8¾@11¾@11½c. packed. Bacon: shoulders 10c, hams 16½c, sugar cured hams 16½c. Lard 13½c. Corn 70c. Oats 60c. Wheat 95c@$1.30. Flour $4.50@4.75.

DIED:

DRUM—On Thursday morning, February 9th, ELIZABETH DRUM, in the sixty-first year of her age.

Funeral from the residence of her brother, Philip Drum, corner Smallman and Thirty-first streets, TO-DAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

PESLEY—On Wednesday morning, February 8th, 1871, ELIZABETH PESLEY, daughter of Thomas and Mary Pesley, aged six years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, Kilbuck township, Monitor Grove, TO-DAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Carriages will leave Spencer & Willison's office, No. 83 Ohio street, at 12½ o'clock, P. M.

HOWARTH—Monday, February 6th, ELIZABETH, wife of James Howarth, of Spartansburg, Crawford county, Pa.

Funeral from the Union Depot TO-DAY, 10th inst., on the arrival of the Allegheny Valley train, at 6:25 A. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SHALLENBERGER—On Thursday, February 9th, 1871, at 5½ o'clock, P. M., of scarlet fever, ELSIE J., youngest child of Joseph and the late Mary M. Shallenberger, aged 4 years, 6 months, and 11 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her father, No. 62 River avenue, Allegheny City, on SATURDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock.

☞ ALEXANDER AIKEN, Undertaker, No. 166 Fourth Avenue. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

☞ WILLIAM J. DICK & CO., Undertakers, 118 Grant Street. Every variety of Coffins constantly on hand, and every description of funeral furnishing goods at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. The best carriages and hearse in the cities furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co., Patent Metallic Burial Cases.

Humphrey's Homepathic
MEDICINES.

A complete line constantly on hand. Also, a full line of

Patent Medicines, Sponges, Soaps and Toilet Articles.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at

ROSENBACH'S
Drug and Prescription Store,
140 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Great Western Gun Works.
RIFLES,
SHOT GUNS,
REVOLVERS,

Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Bullets, Game Bags, Shot Belts, Powder Flasks, Gun Material and Sporting Goods of every description at very low prices. I deal exclusively in Fire Arms and Gun Material, and have the only full assortment in the city, and sell at lower prices than can be had anywhere in the country. Call and see or send for a price list before purchasing elsewhere. Fire Arms neatly and promptly repaired. Guns for hire. Agents for sale. Army Rifles, Carbines and Revolvers bought or traded for.
J. H. JOHNSTON,
Great Western Gun Works,
ja21 l90 179 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.
BELL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.
Engine, Locomotive and Rolling Mill Brasses made promptly to order.
Office—882 PENN STREET. Foundry—Corner 17TH and RAILROAD STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—The ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY are now prepared to deliver freight promptly to the City of Franklin.
E. D. NETTLETON,
Freight Agent,
Corner 11th and Pike streets,
fe8:m82-MWF Pittsburgh.

NEW CROP TEAS.—Further Reduction.—We are just in receipt of an invoice NEW CROP OOLONG TEAS, very choice and fragrant which we are selling at twenty-five per cent. reduction on recent rates, at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
1850 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

NEW WALL PAPERS,
Now receiving, of new designs, for halls, dining rooms and chambers. Also, Plain Tints and Decorations in extensive variety, at
No. 107 MARKET ST., near Fifth avenue.
oc29 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO

PAVING AND GRADING.—A Party who understands the management of hands wishes to form a partnership in Grading and Paving business with some one who could control some money and manage the financial part of the business. Address "R."
fe7:m73 GAZETTE Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HOME AMUSEMENTS FREE TO ALL!
THE HOLIDAY JOURNAL,
containing a Splendid Story, Plays for all Seasons, Magic Tricks, Curious Quirks, Experiments, Engravings, &c., 48 pages. SENT FREE on receipt of one stamp for postage. ADAMS & CO.,
ja24-TF-T Publishers, Boston.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ ELECTION NOTICE—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the SUPERIOR IRON COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 358 Penn street, on TUESDAY, March 14th, 1871, at 2 o'clock, P.M., to elect Directors for the ensuing year, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
fe9:m49 JOHN SCOTT, Secretary.

KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY COMPANY
Of Pittsburgh, Pa.,
PITTSBURGH, January 31, 1871.

☞ THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR (7) SEVEN DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at their office, on TUESDAY, February 14th, 1871, at 10:30 A.M.
fe1:m48 O. METCALF, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD CO.,
Office of the Treasurer,
Pittsburgh, January 23, 1871.

☞ NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, on TUESDAY, February 21st, 1871, at 11 o'clock, A. M.
ja24:m5 JOHN BALLANTINE, Sec'y.

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, January 20, 1871.

☞ NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—On and after the First Day of February next Coupon No. 23, Turtle Creek Division Construction Bonds, will be paid on presentation and delivery at the Treasurer's office, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh
ja21:8TTH JOHN H. PAGE, Jr., Treas'r.

☞ CASCADE IRON COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that the first meeting of the Stockholders and Corporators of "The Cascade Iron Company, of Pittsburgh," for organization under the Laws of the State of Michigan, relating to the formation of Corporations for Mining, &c., and for other purposes, will be held on THURSDAY, the 16th day of February, 1871, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the office of said Company, Perry Building, Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa, for the transaction of such business as may legally come before such meeting.
JOS. KIRKPATRICK,
ANDREW KLOMAN.
PITTSBURGH, PA., Jan. 31, 1871. fe1:m47

☞ OFFICERS, SOLDIERS, SAILORS AND MARINES who want the 160 ACRES OF CHOICE LAND, or full particulars respecting the same, should purchase "HOMES IN THE WEST," a neat book of over 100 pages, published by B. F. BROWN, Pittsburgh, Pa. It contains something of interest to all who served in the army or navy ninety days or upward; gives a description of Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska and other leading cities of the West; all the preemption laws, &c., &c. Price 50 cents. For sale at Room No. 4, New GAZETTE Building, or sent to any address on receipt of price and stamp.
Address B. F. BROWN,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan & Davieson,

Principals of the Institution of Anatomy 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Lecturers on Anatomy, Physiology and Science, inform their friends and patients that they have opened a Branch Office for the practice of their profession at 198 PENN ST., Pittsburgh, Pa., where one of the firm may be confidentially consulted for a limited period more especially in all those cases of diseases and debility, for the treatment of which they are so justly celebrated. It is too well known that hundreds, nay thousands, suffer from the effects of early indiscretion, and seek in vain for relief. For none but the educated Physician, who has made these subjects a specialty is likely to succeed in restoring the patient to health and strength.

To all such, Drs. JORDAN and DAVIESON offer certain and speedy relief, and undertake no cases but those in which they are able to guarantee a safe, certain, and permanent cure. Their important Medical Work may be had from their office, 198 Penn street, on receipt of 25c.; and also as usual from their head establishment, 1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia. Hours of consultation, from 10 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 5 P. M till 8 P. M.

Every case is strictly confidential. no30:147

DIVIDENDS.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD,
Office of Secretary and Treasurer,
CLEVELAND, O., January 24th, 1871.

☞ DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, free from Government tax, payable on and after February 10th. Stockholders registered in New York will be paid at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 26 Exchange Place.

The Transfer Books will be closed on the 30th inst. and re-opened February 11th.
G. A. INGERSOLL,
ja25:m9 Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE GERMANIA SAVINGS BANK,
No. 72 Wood street.

☞ INTEREST NOTICE.—The Depositors of this Bank are hereby notified that interest at the rate of Six per cent. per annum has been credited up to their respective accounts on the first of January, and is now due and payable.

If said Interest is not withdrawn during this month, it will be added to their deposits and bear interest from the above date.
ja3:m30 C. M. SEIBERT, Treasurer.

LEGAL.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.

In the matter of the Estate of FREDERICK WENDT, deceased.

No. 4, June Term, 1870, Writ of Partition.

To Dominick C. Cunningham, Joseph D. Collingwood, Nancy Wendt, James Wendt, Harriet Wendt, now intermarried with William Robertson, Frederick, a miner and who has no guardian, Elmira Wendt, now intermarried with John W. Patterson, who is now deceased, Christian I Wendt, James P. Wilson, Charles F. Williams John H. Williams, Mary Williams, now intermarried with Henry E. Marshall, John Jones Mary Ann Jones, widow, now intermarried with William H. Jacoby, Nancy W. Sullivan, now intermarried with James P. Wilson, Frank W. Sullivan, Henry A. Sullivan, John McKee, William E McKee, and Henry McKee, a lunatic, of whom W. C. Aughinbaugh is the Committee.

You are hereby notified that an Inquisition will be held in pursuance of the above mentioned Writ of Partition or valuation on the premises in the Borough of Birmingham, Allegheny Co., Pa., at lot No. 1 in the plan of the Birmingham Glass Company in said writ mentioned, on FRIDAY, the 17th day of February, A.D. 1871, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to make partition to and among the heirs of said deceased in such manner and in such proportions as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed, &c., at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

HUGH S. FLEMING, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Pitts., Dec. 28, 1870. F

Orphans' Court Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Court of Allegheny County, I will expose to PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, 11th of February, 1871,

At 2 o'clock, P. M., that VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT, No. 307 Penn street, Pittsburgh, late residence of Wm. J. Morrison, dec'd, the lot being 30 feet front, on the north side of Penn street, and extends back 160 feet to Fayette street, on which are erected a THREE STORIED BRICK DWELLING and BRICK STABLE.

Possession given April 1st, 1871

TERMS OF SALE—One-third cash, balance in two equal annual payments from day of sale, with interest, payable annually, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

W. B. NEGLEY,
Adm'r of Wm. J. Morrison, dec'd.
JANUARY 16th, 1871. ja17:178-TF

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration to the Estate of BARBARA E. MATTHEWS, late of the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the Estate of the said decedent will make the same known without delay to

W. C. AUGHINBAUGH, Admin'r,
No. 87 Diamond street.
PITTSBURGH, January 11, 1871. ja11:lt-F

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT an application will be made at the next meeting of the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the incorporation of a Bank in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth, to be entitled "The Beneficent Saving Fund of Pittsburgh," to be located at Pittsburgh, with a Capital of One Hundred Thousand Dollars, with the privilege to increase the same to Three Hundred Thousand. ja1:m2-F

AUCTION SALES.

"Star Glass Works."

SHERIFF'S SALE.

At Norristown, Penna., on MONDAY, February 13, 1871, the "STAR GLASS WORKS" in said town, fronting 283½ feet on the Philadelphia and Norristown Railroad, about the same on the River Schuylkill, by 400 feet in depth, the most of which is covered by buildings with slate roof.

The Works are about three years old, in good order, with five furnaces and a good local and city trade. Have been idle about six weeks.

They will probably sell very cheap. Time can be had upon half the purchase money. Sale at 2 P. M. at the Court House. fe9:m67

NINETY ACRES VALUABLE COAL, IN UNION TOWNSHIP, ON THE LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD.—TUESDAY EVENING, February 14th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on the second floor of McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 108 Smithfield street, about ninety acres of valuable coal in Union township, underlying part of the William Carnahan farm, on Little Saw Mill Run Railroad, and adjoining lands of Jas. Carter, deceased, Alexander Carnahan, Snodgrass and others.

The entire body is of best quality coal, easily mined and perfect drainage. Terms, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest.
A. MCILWAINE,
fe9 Auctioneer.

ASSESSMENTS.

IN THE MATTER OF OPENING FORBES STREET, PITTSBURGH.—Notice is hereby given that the report of the Commissioner (appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions,) in the above case has been confirmed by the Court, and that all persons assessed for benefits are required to pay their assessments within thirty days from this date or liens will be filed for the same, with costs, attorney's fees, &c.
J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, February 9, 1871. fe9

CHEAP
STOVES AND TINWARE,
FENDERS,
COAL BOXES,
FIRE IRONS, &c., &c., at
P. C. DUFFY'S,
ja29:44 146 Grant street.

LACE LEATHER.
PAGE'S PATENT, IN SIDES;
Also, BABCOCK'S PATENT METAL TIPPED cut already for use, at
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
de1 26 and 28 Sixth street.

C. BARNES,
Sealer of Weights and Measures
OFFICE:
No. 5 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

LIME.
200 bbls Fresh Cleveland;
100 bbls Eastern for sale by
fe7 J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
Manager..........M. W. CANNING.

BENEFIT of the favorite young American actor
Mr. Edwin Adams.
Supported by the charming artiste,
MISS IDA VERNON.
FRIDAY EVENING, February 10th, 1871, will be presented Shakespeare's masterpiece of
HAMLET.
Raphael..........Edwin Adams.
Edwin Adams Matinee on Saturday.
Monday Evening—ENOCH ARDEN.

☞ OPERA HOUSE.
V. E. BEAMER..........Lessee and Manager
FRIDAY EVENING, February 10th,
Last night but one of the talented artist and actor,
William Horace Lingard,
Alice Dunning Lingard,
Miss Dickie Lingard,
The ever popular comedietta, entitled,
CAPTAIN OF THE WATCH
WILLIAM HORACE LINGARD'S original Sketches and Statutes.
The excellent farce of
TODDEKINS.
Family Matinee Saturday at 2 P. M.

☞ TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.
FRED. AIMS..........Manager.
New Bill and Last Blonde Nights!
You never seen anything to eclipse them!
The Great New York Blonde Troupe!
Seats and Private Boxes engaged in advance, so anxious are all to see them.
The Giant of Ethiopian Comedy, Cool Burgess. Gus Williams "As the People We Meet." The Empire Stars Welch and Rice, and all the Colossal Star Troupe To-night. Saturday afternoon, at 2:30, the popular matinee.

THE PILGRIM,
Benefits Friday Evening at 8.
MILLVALE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Saturday at 2:30 and 8 Evening, for
Soho Presbyterian Church.
Academy of Music.
fe10 J. W. BAIN, Proprietor.

☞ LIBRARY HALL.
Two Concerts
BY THE
CANTATA SOCIETY,
WILL BE GIVEN ON
Tuesday and Thursday Evenings, February 14th and 16th.
Consisting of Choruses, Quartettes, Duetts, Solos, &c., selected from the works of the best composers of classical and popular music.
Seats may be secured at Mellor & Hoene's, No. 53 Fifth avenue, on Saturday, 11th inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M.
Admission.......... 75 cents.
No extra charge for reserved seats. fe9:m59

☞ ORPHANS' FAIR.
OPEN EVERY EVENING
IN
Basement of Cathedral.
☞ St. Cecilia's Silver Cornet Band in attendance de23:j??

☞ SOLDIERS, WIDOWS and ORPHAN'S
Grand Charity Fair,
Under auspices of SHERIDAN POST 88, G. A. R. commencing FEBRUARY 6, 1871, at MILLER & McCULLOUGH'S PARLORS, Diamond, Allegheny. ja27:m36

INSURANCE.

ANDES INSURANCE CO.
OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Cash Capital	$1,000,000 00
ASSETS, DECEMBER 31, 1870.	
Cash on hand and in City Banks	$136,931 88
United States Bonds, 10-40 and 5-20, (par value $182,100 00)	194,974 38
State, City and County Bonds, with accrued interest, (par value $103,964 00)	104,361 00
First Mortgages, Bonds, with accrued interest, (security $1,882,397 00)	639,083 09
December Fire and Marine Premiums in transit	75,000 00
Bills receivable (prize)	12,170 73
Call Loans on Railroad Bonds ($10,000 00)	5,000 00
Balance due from Agents	26,336 [illegible]
Supplies, Office Furniture and Fixtures	7,598 16
Total Assets	$1,309,[illegible]
LIABILITIES.	
Losses in process of adjustment, (some since paid)	21,837 64
Net Assets	$1,181,000 37

J. B. BENNETT, President. J. J. HENNE, Sup't of Agencies.
J. H. BEATTIE, Secretary.

S. S. D. THOMPSON, Agent,
Office: 64 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
☞ Correspondence solicited and applications for insurance promptly attended to. ja8

Federal Insurance Co.
OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
OFFICE: Cor. Federal and Lacock Streets.
A. McFARLAND, President. S. H. HARTMAN, Vice President.
W. GIBSON MILLER, Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
Edward Gregg, Valentine Baker, A. McFarland, Jos. H. Borland, Wm. Schoyer, W. J. Langitt, W. G. Gibson, J. Koben, S. H. Hartman, Samuel Dyer, Wm. Roseburg, Joseph Kirkpatrick.
ja14:y73 F. M. LOVE, General Agent.

CITY INSURANCE CO.
OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 64 Fourth Ave.
CAPITAL..........$100,000.
FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.
President—ROBERT J. ANDERSON.
Vice Prest. and Gen. Agt.—Capt. R. J. GRACE.
Treasurer—WILSON CUNNINGHAM.
Secretary—JOHN B. GLONINGER.
DIRECTORS—Charles Maginn, Henry A. Breyvogle, Robert R. Townsend, Theo. E. Tack, John E. Downing, James T. Brady, Wilson Cunningham, James Clow, R. J. Grace, John H. Page, Jr., G. L. B. Fetterman, Robert J. Anderson, W. M. Gormly. de2

Western Insurance Co.
Of Pittsburgh.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEO. NEELD, General Agent.
Office 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.
DIRECTORS:
Alexander Nimick, R. Miller Jr., James McAuley, Alexander Speer, Andrew Ackley, David M. Long, D. Ihmsen, John R. McCune, Chas. J. Clarke, William S. Evans, Joseph Kirkpatrick, Philip Reymer, Wm. Morrison. oc8

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
Of Pittsburgh.
OFFICE, NO. 37 FOURTH AVENUE.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
JOHN IRWIN, Jr., President.
T. J. HOSKINSON, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.
DIRECTORS:
John Irwin, Jr., T. J. Hoskinson, C. G. Hussey, Harvey Childs, Charles Hays, Capt. Wm. Dean, R. L. Fahnestock, W. H. Everson, Robert H. Davis, Hugh S. Fleming, Capt. J. T. Stockdale, T. H. Nevin.

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,
Phelan's Building,
NO. 30 FIFTH AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR, PITTSBURGH PA.
CAPITAL ALL PAID UP
DIRECTORS:
[illegible]
ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
ALEX. M. KING, General Agent.
INSURES ON LIBERAL TERMS ON ALL FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.
ap5:n57

CHARTER 1829 PERPETUAL.
FRANKLIN FIRE INSUR. CO
OF PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE 435 AND 437 CHESTNUT STREET.
Assets on August 1st 1870, [illegible] Capital, $400,000 00. Accrued Surplus and Premiums [illegible] Losses paid since 1829, over $5,500,000. Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms. The Company also issues policies upon the Rents of all kinds of Buildings, Ground Rents and Mortgages.
DIRECTORS—Alfred G. Baker, Samuel Grant, Geo. W. Richards, Isaac Lea, Geo. Fales, Alfred Fitler, Thos. Sparks, Wm. S. Grant, Thomas S. Ellis, Gustavus S. Benson.
ALFRED G. BAKER, President.
GEO. FALES, Vice President.
Jas. W. McALLISTER, Secretary.
T. H. REGER, Assistant Sec'y.
COFFIN & KELLOGG,
oc13 Cor. Third Avenue and Wood St.

Franklin Savings Bank,
No. 43 OHIO STREET, Allegheny,
CAPITAL..........$100,000.
Stockholders individually liable.
Interest paid on time deposits.
DIRECTORS:
Geo. R. Riddle, D. Macferron, Wm. Murdock, J. W. Hall, Chas. Schlosser, Wm. Burgotte, R. Drum.
GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMP'Y.
COR. FEDERAL ST. AND DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.
Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
W. W. MARTIN, President.
JOHN BROWN, Jr., Vice President.
JAMES E. STEVENSON, Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
John A. Myler, Jas. L. Graham, John Brown, Jr., O. H. P. Williams, Jas. Lockhart, Robert Lea, George Gerst, Jno. Thompson, [illegible]

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.—Proposals for the Marble and Stone Flagging of the new High School Building, will be received at the office of CRAIG BROTHERS, 120 Second avenue, until 12 o'clock M., SATURDAY, 11th inst. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Messrs. Barr & Moser, No. 4 Sixth street.
By order of the Building Committee.
fe9:m69 T. J. CRAIG, Secretary.